Helpful HEDIS Documentation Tips for PCPs

HEDIS Measure Definitions	What You Can Do	Coding			
Telehealth 3 types - see next column. Be sure to bill the appropriate codes to match the telehealth visit that occurred.	 Synchronous telehealth visits- Requires real- time interactive audio and video telecommuni- cations. A measure specification that is silent about telehealth includes synchronous tele- health. This is because telehealth is billed using standard CPT and HCPCS codes for professional services in conjunction with a telehealth modifier and/or a telehealth POS code. Telephone visits- A measure will indicate when telephone visits are eligible for use by referenc- ing the Telephone Visits Value Set. Asynchronous e-visits- Sometimes referred to as an e-visit or virtual check-in, is not "real-time" but still requires two-way interaction between the member and provider. Online Assessments Value Set. 	Telehealth Modifier: 95, GT Telehealth POS: 02 Telephone Visit CPT: 98966-98968, 99441-99443 Online Assessment CPT: 98969-98972, 99421-99423, 99444, 99457 Online Assessment HCPCS: G0071, G2010, G2012, G2061-G2063			
*Exclusion note: The exclusions in the middle column apply to these measures: ART, BCS, CBP, CDC, PBH, SPC and SPD if the member was 66 years old by 12/31 of the measurement year.	 If enrolled in an institutional SNP or living in a long-term institution any time during the measurement year OR If at least one claim for frailty AND specific claims for advanced illness or dispensed dementia medication. Telephone visits and Asynchronous e-visits count towards these exclusions 	*Additional exception for ART, CBP and PBH: Exclude members age 81 and older as of 12/31 of the measurement year that had at least one frailty claim.			
AAP-Adults' Access to Preventive/ Ambulatory Health Services Adults age 20 years and older who had an ambulatory or preventative care visit during the measurement year. Reporting stratifications: 20-44 years 45-64 years 65 years and older Total	Outreach patients that have not been seen and set up an appointment. Telephone Visits and Asynchronous e-visits count towards this measure.	CPT: 99201-99205, 99211-99215, 99241-99245, 99341-99345, 99347-99350, 99381-99387, 99391-99397, 99401-99404, 99411-99412, 99429, 99483 92002, 92004, 92012, 92014, 99304-99310, 99315-99316, 99318, 99324-99328, 99334-99337 HCPCS: G0402, G0438-G0439, G0463, T1015, S0620, S0621 ICD10CM: Z00.01, Z00.121, Z00.129, Z00.3, Z00.5, Z00.8, Z02.0-Z02.6, Z02.71, Z02.79, Z02.81-Z02.83, Z02.89, Z02.9, Z76.1-Z76.2			
ART— Disease-Modifying Anti-Rheumatic Drug Therapy for Rheumatoid Arthritis Adults 18 or older who were diagnosed with rheumatoid arthritis and who were dispense at least one ambulatory prescription for a disease-modifying anti-rheumatic drug (DMARD) during the measurement year.	Telephone visits and Asynchronous e-visits can pull members in to this measure. * See exclusion note above	HCPCS Codes for some of the DMARD medications: J0129, J0135, J0717, J1438, J1602, J1745, J3262, J7502, J7515, J7516, J7517, J7518, J9250, J9260, J9310, J9311, J9312, Q5103, Q5104, Q5109			
BCS - Breast Cancer Screening Women 52-74 years of age with one or more mammograms within the last 2 years (starting at age 50).	Educate women regarding the benefit of early de- tection of breast cancer through routine mammo- grams Submit the appropriate mastectomy code to ex- clude women from this measure if it is part of their history * See exclusion note above	Breast Cancer Screening Codes CPT Codes: 77061-77063, 77066-77067 HCPCS G0202, G0204, G0206 Exclusions: Bilateral Mastectomy ICD-10CM : Z90.13 (history of bilateral mastectomy)			

HEDIS Measure Definitions What You Can Do		Coding			
 CCS - Cervical Cancer Screening Women 21-64 years of age who were screened for cervical cancer using one of these criterial Women age 21-64 years who had cervical cytology performed within the last 3 years Women age 30-64 who had cervical high-risk human papillomavirus (hrHPV) testing within the last 5 years Woman age 30-64 who had cervical cytology and human papillomavirus (hrHPV) cotesting within the last 5 years. 	Women who have had a total hysterectomy with no residual cervix are excluded. This must be docu- mented in patient history or on the problem list. Notation of Pap test located in progress notes MUST include the lab results in order to meet NCQA® requirements. Reflex testing: performing HPV test <i>after</i> determining cytology result, does not count	Cervical Cytology CPT Codes: 88141-88143, 88147, 88148, 88150, 88152- 88154, 88164-88167, 88174, 88175 HCPCS: G0123, G0124, G0141, G0143-G0145, G0147, G0148, P3000, P3001, Q0091 High Risk HPV Lab Test CPT Codes: 87624-87625 HCPCS: G0476			
 PPC - Prenatal and Postpartum Care Women who delivered a live baby and received the following care: prenatal care during 1st trimester, on or before the enrollment start date or within 42 days of enrollment in the health plan postpartum care between 7 -84 days after delivery. 	Educate office staff to schedule first appointment with the provider in the first trimester (asap if late entry to care). Documentation of a prenatal care visit must be by an OB/GYN, other prenatal care practitioner, or PCP. Visits to a PCP must include a diagnosis of pregnancy. Documentation by a registered nurse alone does not meet compliance for HEDIS. Explain the importance of and encourage attend- ance for the postpartum visit. Telephone visits and Asynchronous e-visits count for this measure.	Codes to Identify First Prenatal VisitPrenatal Stand Alone VisitCPT Codes : 99500CPT II Codes: 0500F, 0501F, 0502FHCPCS : H1000-H1004Prenatal Bundled ServicesCPT Codes: 59400, 59425, 59426, 59510, 59610, 59618HCPCS: H1005Or one of the following visit codesCPT Codes : 99201-99205, 99211-99215, 99241-99245,99483HCPCS T1015, G0463With a code for a pregnancy diagnosisPostpartumCPT Codes : 7170, 58300, 59430, 99501 CPT II Code: 0503FICD-10 CM Codes: Z01.411, Z01.419, Z01.42, Z30.430, Z39.1,Z39.2HCPCS: G0101Postpartum Bundled ServicesCPT Codes: 59400, 59410, 59510, 59515, 59610, 59614,59618, 59622Or Any of the cervical cytology codes listed in the cervical cancer screening measure above.			
CHL - Chlamydia Screening in Women Women 16-24 years of age who are identified as sexually active and have at least one Chlamydia test annually.	Educate women about STDs, transmission and the importance of testing. Perform routine urine test for Chlamydia, document and submit claims timely.	CPT Codes: 87110, 87270, 87320, 87490-87492, 87810			
 CDC—Comprehensive Diabetes Care Members 18-75 years of age with diabetes should have each of the following: HbA1C testing, HbA1C control (A1C < 8) Retinal eye exam (refer for exam) Blood pressure control (<140/90) 	Order screenings annually or more often as need- ed and educate member on importance of compli- ance with testing and medications. Refer member to Optometrist or Ophthalmologist for Dilated Retinal Eye Exam annually. Stress why this is important and explain that it is different than an eye exam for glasses or contacts. Two visits with a diabetes diagnosis may be tele- health. BP readings that are member-reported and/or taken with remote digital monitoring devices are now acceptable. * See exclusion note on first page	HbA1c CPT Codes: 83036, 83037 <u>CPT II HbA1c Result Codes</u> HbA1c level less than 7.0: 3044F HbA1c level greater than 9.0: 3046F HbA1c level greater > or = 7 & < 8: 3051F HbA1c level greater > or = 8 & < 9: 3052F Blood Pressure CPT Codes: Systolic BP: < 130 3074F, 130-139 3075F; >/= to 140 3077F Diastolic BP: 80-89 3079F; < 80 3078F; >/= 90 3080F Automated Retinal Eye Exam - CPT 92229			

HEDIS Measure Definitions	What You Can Do	Coding			
KED— Kidney Health Evaluation for Patients		Estimated Glomerular Filtration Rate Lab Test			
With Diabetes	Educate members regarding diabetes effect on kidneys and the importance of these tests.	CPT Codes: 80047-80048, 80050, 80053, 80069, 82565			
Members 18-85 years old with diabetes who	nuneys and the importance of these tests.	A uACR test is identified by both a Quantitative Urine Albumin			
received a kidney health evaluation, defined by	Order all of the required testing components.	Test AND a urine creatinine test with service dates four or less			
an estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR)	Review for completion at each visit.	days apart.			
AND a urine albumin-creatinine ratio (uACR),	Two visits with a diabetes diagnosis may be	Quantitative Urine Albumin Test			
during the measurement year.	telehealth. Telehealth pulls member into diabe-	CPT Code: 82043			
	tes measure.				
		Urine Creatinine Lab Test CPT Code: 82570			
CPD - Controlling High Plood Processo	If BP is elevated (140/90 or greater) at initial vital	ICD-10 CM Code: 110			
CBP - Controlling High Blood Pressure	sign assessment, alleviate potential factors that	Blood pressure value CPT II codes are now acceptable to			
Members 18-85 years of age with a	might cause temporary elevation and retake BP	meet compliance			
diagnosis of hypertension (HTN) and	during exam. Make sure you use the correct size cuff.	Blood Pressure CPT Codes:			
have adequately controlled BP (<140/90)	If using a machine, record the actual number, do	Systolic BP: < 130 3074F, 130-139 3075F;			
	NOT round up.	>/= to 140 3077F			
	BP readings that are member-reported and/or	Diastolic BP: 80-89 3079F; < 80 3078F; >/= 90 3080F			
	taken with remote digital monitoring devices are	Optional Exclusions:			
	now acceptable.	End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) or a kidney transplant on or			
	Both visits with a hypertension diagnosis may	prior to December 31st of the measurement year or a diagno- sis of pregnancy during the measurement year or a nonacute			
	be telehealth.	inpatient admission during the measurement year or a nonacute			
	* See exclusion note on first page				
PBH - Persistence of Beta-Blocker Treatment After a Heart Attack	Stress the importance of medication compliance and explain why they need to take a beta blocker	ICD-10 Codes to Identify Exclusions:			
Members 18 years of age and older who were hospitalized and discharged with a diagnosis of	at follow-up visits.	Asthma: J45.21– J45.52; J45.901-J45.998			
	Advise patient not to stop medication without	COPD: J44.0, J44.1, J44.9 Chronic Respiratory Conditions due to Fumes/Vapors:			
AMI and received persistent beta-blocker treat-	talking with provider first.	J68.4			
ment for six months after discharge.	Consider ordering a 90 day supply if permitted by	Hypotension: 195.0-195.3, 195.81, 195.89, 195.9 Heart Block > 1st degree: 144.1-144.7, 145.0-145.3, 145.6, 149.5			
	member's benefit.	Unspecified Bradycardia: R00.1			
	* See exclusion note on first page	Adverse effect of Beta-Adrenoreceptor Antagonists:			
	Educate members that are newly diagnosed with	T44.7X5A, T44.7X5D, T44.7X5S COPD ICD-10 Codes: J44.0, J44.1, J44.9			
SPR -Use of Spirometry Testing in the Assess- ment and Diagnosis of COPD	COPD or newly active COPD about the im-				
Members age 40 years or older with a new	portance of spirometry testing.	Chronic Bronchitis ICD-10CM: J41.0, J41.1, J41.8, J42			
diagnosis of COPD or newly active COPD, who	Testing look back period is 2 years prior to and	Emphysema ICD-10 CM Codes: J43.0- J43.2, J43.8, J43.9			
received appropriate spirometry to confirm the	through 6 months after new diagnosis.	Spirometry CPT Codes:			
diagnosis.	Submit timely claims for spirometry testing per-	94010, 94014-94016, 94060, 94070, 94375, 94620			
	formed in your office.				
	Telephone visits & Asynchronous e-visits ac- ceptable for step 1 event/diagnosis .				
I RD - Use of Imaging Studies for Law Deak Dein	Occasional uncomplicated low back pain in	Evolucione to this mageuro			
LBP - Use of Imaging Studies for Low Back Pain	adults often resolves within the first 28 days.	Exclusions to this measure			
Adults age 18-50 years old with a primary diag- nosis of low back pain, who did not have an	Imaging before 28 days is usually unnecessary.	Anytime during member's history: Dx of HIV, major organ transplant or cancer			
imaging study (plain x-ray, MRI or CT scan)	Telephone visits and Asynchronous e-visits add	3 months prior to dx of low back pain: trauma			
within 28 days of the diagnosis.	members to this measure.				
		12 months prior to dx of low back pain: IV drug use, spinal infection or neurological impairment			
		The above includes through 28 days after low back pain dx.			
		Any time 12 months prior to the dx of low back pain: 90			
		consecutive days of corticosteroid treatment.			

HEDIS Measure Definitions	What You Can Do	Coding
Well Child Visits: W30 - Well Child Visits in the First 30 Months of Life Members 0-30 months of age with 6 comprehensive well child visits. Minimum of _ well visits required by 30 months old WCV - Child and Adolescent Well Care Visits Members 3 -21 years of age with at least one comprehensive well care visit with a primary care practitioner or an OB/GYN practitioner annually. Minimum of 1 required annually WCC - Weight Assessment and Counseling for Nutrition and Physical Activity for Children/Adolescents Children age 3-17 years of age who had a visit with a PCP or OB/GYN and who had BMI percentile documentation, and counseling for nutrition and physical activity	 Never miss an opportunity! Exam requirements can be performed during a sick visit or a well-child exam. Documentation MUST include ALL of the following: A health history – assessment of member's history of disease or illness and family health history A physical development history- assessment of specific age appropriate physical development milestones A mental development history – assessment of specific age-appropriate mental development milestones A physical exam Health education/anticipatory guidance – guidance given in anticipation of emerging issues that a child/family may face Document height, weight and BMI percentile at least annually. Examples Nutrition- discussion of current nutrition behaviors; weight or obesity counseling Physical Activity-discussion of current physical activity behaviors, exercise routine, sports activities; sports physical, weight or obesity counseling Telehealth: Synchronous visits count 	 ICD-10 CM Codes: 200.00, 200.01, 200.110, 200.111, 200.121, 200.129, 200.2, 200.3, 202.5, 276.1, 276.2 CPT Codes: 99381–99385, 99391 - 99395, 99461 HCPCS: G0438, G0439, S0302 Telehealth Modifiers: 95, GT Documentation that Does NOT count as compliant: For Health History: notation of allergies or medications or immunization status alone. If all three are documented it meets health history For Physical Development History: notation of appropriate for age without specific mention of development; notation of well-developed/nourished; tanner stage (except for adolescents—then it meets compliance) For Mental Development History: notation of appropriately responsive for age; neurological exam; notation of well-developed For Physical Exam—vital signs alone; for adolescent visits to an OB/GYN topics For Health Education/Anticipatory Guidance - information regarding medications or immunizations or their side effects. Handouts given during a visit without evidence of discussion. BMI_ICD-10 CM Codes: Z68.51-Z68.54 Nutrition Counseling CD-10 CM Code: Z71.3 CPT Codes: 97802-97804 HCPCS: G0270, G0271, G0447, S9449, S9452, S9470 Physical Activity Counseling ICD-10 CM Code: Z02.5 (Sports physical), Z71.82 (Exercise counseling) Telehealth Modifiers: 95, GT
IMA - Immunizations in Adolescents	Educate staff to schedule PRIOR to 13th birth- day. Give call reminders for series vaccines	Tdap CPT Code: 90715 CVX Code: 115
Members who turned 13 years of age in the meas- urement year and received by age 13:	Meningococcal recombinant (serogroup B) vaccines <u>Do Not Count</u> . Be sure your immun -	Meningococcal CPT Codes: 90619, 90734
Tdap vaccine—one dose between the 10th and	vaccines <u>Do Not Count</u> . Be sure your immun- ization claims and records are clear about which meningococcal was given!	CVX Codes: 108, 114, 136, 147, 167, 203
13th birthday Meningococcal Conjugate vaccine - one dose of meningococcal serogroups A,C,W, Y vaccine be- tween the 11th and 13th birthday HPV—either two doses of HPV vaccine between the 9th and 13th birthday with at least 146 days between doses OR three doses with different dates of service between the 9th and 13th birthday.	 Which meningococcal was given! Document and submit claims timely with correct code. HPV rates are now reported for both females and males. Educate families on the importance of these immunizations. 	HPV CPT Codes: 90649, 90650, 90651 CVX Codes: 62, 118, 137, 165

HEDIS Massura Definitions	What You Can Do	Coding				
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HEDIS Measure Definitions CIS/LCS - Childhood Immunization Status and Lead Screening in Children Children who received recommended vaccinations prior to second birthday. Children who had one or more lead blood tests for lead poisoning by their second birthday.	 What You Can Do Educate office staff to schedule appointments PRIOR to 2nd birthday. Call families to schedule appointments for those that are behind. Any vaccines after the age of 2 are considered late in HEDIS reporting. Educate parents/guardians regarding the importance of having their child immunized as well as keeping appointments. Immunizations recommended: 4 DTaP, 3 IPV, 1 MMR, 3 HiB, 3 Hep B, 1 VZV, 4 PCV, 1 Hep A, 2 or 3 Rotavirus and 2 Influenza vaccines by the second birthday. Document in the medical record if member has evidence of the disease for which immunization is intended or if a contraindication to the vaccine exists. Lead screening test should be completed on all children before their second birthday. A lead risk questionnaire does not count - it must be a capillary or venous blood lead test. 	Coding Vaccine Codes DTaP CPT Codes: 90698, 90700, 90723 CVX Codes: 20, 50, 106, 107, 110, 120 IPV CPT Codes: 90698, 90713, 90723 CVX Codes: 10, 89, 110, 120 HiB CPT Codes: 90698, 90713, 90723 CVX Codes: 10, 89, 110, 120 HiB CPT Codes: 90644, 90647-90648, 90698, 90748 CVX Codes: 10, 89, 110, 120 HiB CPT Codes: 90723, 90740, 90744, 90747, 90748 CVX Codes: 17, 46 -51, 120, 148 HepB CPT Codes: 90723, 90740, 90744, 90747, 90748 CVX Codes: 09723, 90740, 90744, 90747, 90748 CVX Codes: 08, 44, 45, 51, 110 HCPCS: G0009 VZV CPT Codes: 90710, 90716 CVX Codes: 03, 94 Measles CPT Code: 90705 CVX Codes: 03, 94 Measles CPT Code: 90707, 90710 CVX Code: 05 Measles/Rubella CPT Code: 90708 CVX Code: 04 Mumps CPT Code: 90706 CVX Code: 06 Rotavirus 2 dose CPT Code: 90680 CVX Code: 116,122				
ADV—Annual Dental Visit	Educate parents/guardians about the im- portance of brushing from an early age as well	CPT Code: 90660, 90672 Lead CPT Code: 83655 Any claim with a dental practitioner during the measurement				
Members 2-20 years of age who had at least one dental visit during the measurement year.	as dental visits as early as age 2 Telephone visits and Asynchronous e-visits count.	year meets compliance.				
ADD - Follow-Up Care for Children	When prescribing a new ADHD medication for a	BH Stand Alone OP Visit Codes				
 ADD - Follow-Up Care for Children Prescribed ADHD Medication Children 6-12 years of age, newly prescribed ADHD medication who had at least 3 follow-up visits within a 10 month period, one of which was within 30 days of when the first ADHD medica- tion was dispensed. Two rates are reported: Initiation Phase: A follow-up visit with a practi- tioner with prescribing authority during the 30 day initiation phase Continuation Phase: children that remained on the ADHD medication for at least 210 days, and in addition to the visit in the Initiation Phase, had at least 2 follow-up visits with a practitioner within 270 days (9 months) after the Initiation Phase ended. 	 When prescribing a new ADHD medication for a patient, schedule the initial follow-up appointment before the patient leaves the office. Explain to the parent/guardian the importance of follow-up care Schedule the initial follow-up for 2-3 weeks after starting the medication No refills unless the child has the initial follow-up visit After the initial follow-up visit, schedule at least 2 more visits over the next 9 months to check the child's progress Encourage parents/caregivers to ask questions about their child's ADHD Telephone visits count for both phases. In addition, Asynchronous visits count for second phase. 	BH Stand Alone OP Visit Codes CPT : 98960-98962, 99078, 99201-99205, 99211-99215, 99241-99245, 99341-99345, 99347-99350, 99381-99387, 99391-99397, 99401-99404, 99411, 99412, 99483, 99510 HCPCS: G0155, G0176, G0177, G0409, G0463, H0002, H0004, H0031, H0034, H0036-H0037, H0039-H0040, H2000, H2010- H2011, H2013-H220, M0064, T1015 UB REV: 0510, 0513, 0515-0517, 0519-0523, 0526-0529, 0900, 0902- 0904, 0911, 0914 -0917, 0919, 0982, 0983 Observation Visit CPT Codes: 99217-99220 Health & Behavior Assessment/Intervention CPT Codes: 96150-96159, 96164-96168, 96170- 96171 Intensive OP encounter/Partial Hospitalization Codes HCPCS: G0410-0411, H0035, H2001, H2012, S0201, S9480, S9484-9485 UBREV: 905, 907, 912, 913 CPT codes that require a POS code: 90791-90792, 90832-90834, 90836-90840, 90845, 90847, 90849, 90853, 90875, 90876, 99221-99223, 99231-99233, 99238, 99239, 99251-99255 POS : 2. 3, 5, 7, 9, 11-20, 22, 33, 49, 50, 52, 53, 71, 72				

HEDIS Measure Definitions	What You Can Do	Coding
 Antidepressant Medication Management (AMM) Patients 18 years of age and older who were newly treated with antidepressant medication, had a diagnosis of major depression and who remained on antidepressant medication treat- ment. Two rates are re- ported: Effective Acute Phase: Percentage of pa- tients who remained on an antidepressant medication for at least 84 days (12 weeks). Effective Continuation Phase: Percentage of patients who remained on an antidepressant medication for at least 180 days (6 months). 	Educate patients that medication may take several weeks to become effective, they should call with any potential medication concerns/ reactions Stress that they should not stop medication abruptly or without consulting you first for assistance Schedule follow up appointments prior to pa- tient leaving your office Outreach patients that cancel appointments and have not rescheduled Stress the importance of medication compliance. Telephone visits & Asynchronous e-visits acceptable for event/diagnosis	ICD-10 CM Codes for Major Depression: F32.0-F32.4, F32.9, F33.0-F33.3, F33.41, F33.9
URI - Appropriate Treatment for Upper Respira- tory Infection Members age 3 months and older with a diagno- sis of upper respiratory infection (URI) and that did NOT result in an antibiotic dispensing event. This measure used to be for children only and now includes everyone over age 3 months.	Do not prescribe antibiotics for URI treatment. Document and submit appropriate diagnosis on claims if more than one diagnosis is appropri- ate. A competing diagnosis of pharyngitis or other infection on the same date or 3 days after will exclude the member. Telephone visits and Asynchronous e-visits count for event/diagnosis.	ICD-10 CM Codes: J00, J06.0, J06.9
CWP - Appropriate Testing for Pharyngitis Members age 3 years and older where the mem- ber was diagnosed with pharyngitis, dispensed an antibiotic and received a group A strep test for the episode. This measure used to be for children only and now includes everyone age 3 years and older.	Before prescribing an antibiotic for a diagnosis of pharyngitis , perform a group A strep test. Document and submit claims for all appropriate diagnoses established at the visit Submit claim for in-office rapid strep test There are numerous comorbid condition and competing diagnoses exclusions for this meas- ure. Telephone visits and Asynchronous e-visits count for event/diagnosis.	Pharyngitis ICD-10 CM Codes: J02.0, J02.8-J03.01, J03.80-J03.81, J03.90-J03.91 Group A Strep Tests CPT Codes: 87070, 87071, 87081, 87430, 87650-87652, 87880
AAB - Avoidance of Antibiotic Treatment for Acute Bronchitis/Bronchiolitis Members age 3 months and older with a diagno- sis of acute bronchitis/bronchiolitis that did not results in an antibiotic dispensing event. This measure used to be for adults only and now includes everyone ages 3 months and older.	Treat acute bronchitis primarily with home treatments to relieve symptoms. Antibiotics don't usually help (viral). Of course, some patients have comorbid condi- tions and require antibiotics. These patients would be excluded from this measure report- ing. A diagnosis of pharyngitis on the same day or in the 3 days after also exclude this member. Educate patients about overuse of antibiotics and resistance. Telephone visits and Asynchronous e-visits count for event/diagnosis.	Acute Bronchitis or Bronchiolitis: ICD-10 CM Codes: J20.3-J20.9, J21.0-J21.1, J21.8-J21.9

HEDIS Measure Definitions	What You Can Do	Coding		
PCE - Pharmacotherapy Management of COPD Schedule follow-up appointments within a few days of their licharge or ED visit Members age 40 and older who had an acute IP Medication reconciliation is key discharge or ED visit with a diagnosis of COPD Medication reconciliation is key exacerbation Medication reconciliation is key 1. Dispensed a systemic corticosteroid (or evidence of an active prescription within 14 days of the event Member education to include filling tions, appropriate use and side efference of an active prescription) within 30 days of the event. 2. Dispensed a bronchodilator (or evidence of an active prescription) within 30 days of the event. Order medications that are on the reatth plan formulary		Systemic Corticosteroids Glucocorticosteroids - Cortisone-acetate, Dexamethasone, Hydrocortisone, Methylprednisolone, Prednisolone, Predni- sone Bronchodilators Anticholinergic Agents - Aclidinium bromide, Ipratropium, Tiotropium, Umeclidinium Beta 2-agonists - Albuterol, Arformoterol, Formoterol, In- dacaterol, Levalbuterol, Metaproterenol, Salmeterol Bronchodilator combinations - Albuterol-ipratropium, Budesonide-formoterol, Dyphylline-guaifenesin, Fluticasone- furoate-umeclidinium-vilanterol, Fluticasone-salmeterol, Fluticasone-vilanterol, Formoterol-aclidinium, Formoterol- glycopyrrolate, Formoterol-Mometasone, Indacaterol- glycopyrrolate, Olodaterol-hydrochloride, Olodaterol- tiotropium, Umeclidinium-vilanterol,		
 AMR—Asthma Medication Ratio Percentage of members 5-64 years of age who were identified as having persistent asthma and had a ratio of controller medications to total asthma medications of 0.50 or greater during the year. Four age bands and a total rate are reported: 5-11 years 12-18 years 19-50 years 51-64 years 	Perform a thorough review of medications at each visit to ensure medication is being utilized Provide medication compliance education Telephone visits and Asynchronous e-visits with asthma diagnosis pull members into measure	Asthma ICD-10: J45.21-J45.22, J45.30-J45.32, J45.40- J45.42, J45.50-J45.52, J45.901, J45.902, J45.909, J45.991, J45.998 Exclusions to this measure: Emphysema ICD-10: J43.0-J43.2, J43.8-J43.9 Other Emphysema ICD-10: J98.2, J98.3 COPD ICD-10: J44.0, J44.1, J44.9 Chronic Respiratory Conditions due to Fumes/Vapors ICD- 10: J68.4 Cystic Fibrosis ICD-10: E84.0, E84.11, E84.19, E84.8, E84.9 Acute Respiratory Failure ICD-10: J96.00-J96.02, J96.20- J96.22		
SSD—Diabetes Screening for People with Schiz- ophrenia or Bipolar Disorder Who Are Using Antipsychotic Medications Patients 18 – 64 years of age with schizophrenia, schizoaffective disorder or bipolar disorder, who were dispensed an antipsychotic medication and had a diabetes screening test annually.	Screen your patients with Schizophrenia or Bipo- lar Disorder that are taking antipsychotic medica- tions for diabetes every year. Check at each visit for the completed test and reorder if not done. Explain to the patient the importance of complet- ing lab work ordered Telephone visits and Asynchronous e-visits count.	Glucose Test CPT: 80047, 80048, 80050, 80053, 80069, 82947, 82950, 82951 HbA1C Test CPT: 83036, 83037 CPT II: 3044F, 3046F, 3051F-3052F		
 APM—Metabolic Monitoring for Children and Adolescents on Antipsychotic Medication Children and adolescents age 1 through 17 years who had 2 or more antipsychotic prescriptions and had metabolic testing. Three rates are reported: Blood glucose testing Cholesterol testing Blood glucose and cholesterol testing 	As a PCP, you may not be the prescriber of the antipsychotic, but hopefully you are aware if a patient is taking one. If the BH provider prescrib- ing the antipsychotic has not ordered metabolic screening, please do so. Stress the importance of completing the testing to the parent/guardian. EDIS Measurement Year 2021 HEDIS	Glucose Test CPT: 80047, 80048, 80050, 80053, 80069, 82947, 82950, 82951 HbA1C Test CPT: 83036, 83037; CPT II: 3044F, 3046F, 3051F-3052F LDLC Test CPT: 80061, 83700, 83701, 83704, 83721 CPT II: 3048F - 3050F Cholesterol tests other than LDL CPT: 82465, 83718, 83722, 84478		

HEDIS Measure Definitions	What You Can Do	Coding		
 SPCStatin Therapy for Patients with Cardiovas- cular Disease Males age 21-75 and females age 40-75 during the measurement year, who were identified as having clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) and Received Statin Therapy-had at least one high-intensity or moderate-intensity statin medication dispensed during the measure- ment year Statin Adherence 80% - remained on a high- intensity or moderate-intensity statin medi- cation for at least 80% of the treatment period Statin Adherence 80% - remained on a high- intensity or moderate-intensity statin medi- cation for at least 80% of the treatment period Statin Adherence 80% - remained on a high- intensity or moderate-intensity statin medi- cation for at least 80% of the treatment period Stee exclusion note on first page tional exclusions Telephone visits & Asynchronous pull member into measure. 		High-intensity statin therapy Atorvastatin 40-80 mg Rosuvastatin 20-40mg Amlodipine-atorvastatin 40-80 mg Simvastatin 80mg Ezetimibe-simvastatin 80 mg Moderate-intensity statin therapy Atorvastatin 10-20 mg Lovastatin 40 mg Amlodipine-atorvastatin 10-20 mg Pravastatin 40-80mg Ezemtimibe-simvastatin 20-40mg Fluvastatin 40-80mg BID Pitavastatin 20-40 mg Simvastatin 20-40 mg Rosuvastatin 5-10mg		
 SPD- Statin Therapy for Patients with Diabetes Patients 40-75 years of age with diabetes who do not have clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) and 1. Received Statin Therapy—had at least one statin medication of any intensity dispensed during the measurement year 2. Statin Adherence 80% - remained on a statin medication of any intensity for at least 80% of the treatment period 	Review medication list at every visit. Educate the patient why they are taking the medication, the relation between diabetes and potential effect it can have on the cardiovascu- lar system and the importance of medication compliance Exclusions: During the year prior to the measurement year (MY): MI, CABG, PCI, other revascular procedure During the MY or year prior: Pregnancy, IVF, one Rx for Clomiphene, ESRD, Cirrhosis. During both the MY & year prior: IVD. During the MY: Myalgia, Myositis, Myopathy or Rhabdomyolysis. * See exclusion note on first page for addi- tional exclusions Telephone visits & Asynchronous e-visits can pull member into measure.	The high and moderate intensity statins listed above are for this measure as well with one change to the dosage of Pitavas- tatin on the moderate intensity list. The dosage range is 1 – 4mg The following low-intensity statins also pertain to this meas- ure : Low-intensity Statins Simvastatin 5 -10 mg Lovastatin 10 -20 mg Ezemtimibe-simvastatin 10 mg Fluvastatin 20 mg Pravastatin 10-20 mg		
FMC- Follow-Up After Emergency Department Visit for People With Multiple High-Risk Chronic Conditions The percentage of emergency department (ED) visits for patients 18 and older who have high-risk multiple chronic conditions and had a follow-up service within 7 days of the ED visit	Call members for follow-up after ED visits. An ED visit that changes to a IP stay is not included in this measure. To be included in this measure, prior to the ED visit, the patient must have 2 or more of these chronic conditions - during the measurement year or the year prior - identified by 2 OP visits, ED visits or non-acute IP admit or 1 acute IP stay : COPD, Asthma, Alzheimer's disease and related disorders, Chronic kidney disease, Depression, Heart failure, Acute MI, Atrial fibrillation, Stroke and TIA. Telephone visits and Asynchronous e-visits count for follow-up service.	In addition to an Outpatient Visit or BH visit code, the follow- ing are compliant codes for a follow-up visit within 7 days: Transitional Care Management:: CPT Code: 99495, 99496 Case Management Visit/Encounter: CPT code: 99366 HCPCS: T1016, T1017, T2022, T2023 Complex Case Management Services: HCPCS: G0506 CPT Code: 99439, 99487, 99489, 99490, 99491		

HEDIS Measure Definitions	What You Can Do	Coding		
 FUH-Follow-Up After Hospitalization for Mental Illness Patients 6 years of age and older who were hospitalized for treatment of selected mental illness or intentional self-harm diagnoses and who had a follow-up visit with a mental health provider. 1. A follow-up visit within 7 days after discharge of the patient. 2. A second follow-up visit within 30 days after discharge. 	Schedule initial follow-up appointment with these patients within a few days of their hospi- tal discharge Schedule the second follow up appointment prior to patient leaving your office Outreach patients that cancel appointments and have not rescheduled Explain to the parent/guardian and/or patient the importance of follow-up care Telephone visits acceptable for event/ diagnosis	BH OutPt Visit with a mental health provider CPT: 98960-98962, 99078, 99201-99205, 99211-99215, 99241-99245, 99341-99345, 99347-99350, 99381-99387, 99391-99397, 99401-99404, 99411-99412, 99483, 99510 HCPCS: G1055, G1076, G1077, G0409, G0463, H0002, H00 H0031, H0034, H0036, H0037, H0039, H0040, H2000, H201 H2011, H2103-H2020., T1015 Or with a Community Mental Health Center POS: 53 Visit setting unspecified CPT: 90791-90792, 90832-90834 90836-90840, 90845, 90847, 90849, 90853, 90875-90876 99221-99223, 99231-99233, 99238-99239, 99251-99255 Submitted with one of the following: Outpatient POS: 03, 05, 07, 09, 11,-20, 22, 33, 49, 50, 71, 7 Community Mental Health Center POS: 53		
SAA-Adherence to Antipsychotic Medications for Individuals With Schizophrenia Patients 18 years of age and older with schizo- phrenia or schizoaffective disorder who were dispensed and remained on an antipsychotic medication for at least 80% of their treatment period.	Member education to include filling the pre- scriptions, appropriate use and side effects Educate the patient why they are taking the medication Advise patient not to stop medication without talking with provider first.	 Miscellaneous antipsychotic agents (oral): Aripiprazole, Asenapine, Brexpiprazole, Cariprazine, Clozapine, Haloperidol, Iloperidone, Loxapine, Lurasidone, Molindone, Olanzapine, Paliperidone, Quetiapine, Risperidone, Ziprasidone Phenothiazine antipsychotics (oral): Chlorpromazine, Fluphenazine, Perphenazine, Prochlorperazine, Thioridazine, Trifluoperazine Psychotherapeutic combinations (oral): Amitriptyline- perphenazine Thioxanthenes (oral): Thiothixene Long-acting injections 14 days supply: Risperidone (excluding Perseris[®]) Long-acting injections 28 days supply: Aripiprazole, Fluphen- azine decanoate, Haloperidol decanoate, Olanzapine, Paliperi- done palmitate Long-acting injections 30 days supply: Risperidone (Perseris[®]) 		

Three Opioid Use Measures		
HDO—Use of Opioids at High Dosage	COU—Risk of Continued Opioid Use	UOP—Use of Opioids From Multiple Providers
The proportion of members 18 years and older who received prescription opioids at a high dos- age (average morphine milligram equivalent dose [MME] >/= 90) for >/= 15 days during the meas-	The percentage of members 18 years of age and older who have a new episode of opioid use that puts them at risk for continued use. Two rates reported: • Percentage of members with at least 15	The proportion of members 18 year and older, receiving pre- scription opioids for >/= 15 days during the measurement year who received opioids from multiple providers. Three rates reported: Multiple Prescribers—4 or more different prescribers
Lower rate indicates better performance.	 Percentage of members with at least 15 days of prescription opioids in a 30 day period Percentage of members with at least 31 days of prescription opioids in a 62 day 	 Multiple Pharmacies—4 or more different pharmacies during the measurement year
Exclusions: Members with cancer, sickle cell disease or members receiving palliative care.	Lower rate indicates better performance. Exclusions: Members with cancer, sickle cell disease or members receiving palliative care.	 Multiple Prescribers & Multiple Pharmacies—4 or more o each Lower rate indicates better performance.

Telehealth Measures Quick Reference								
Measure Abbrevia- tion	Abbrevia- Measure Name		Telehealth Criteria			Effect of Billing Telehealth		
		Syn- chrono us	Tele- phone Visits	Asynchro- nous e-visits	Adds to Care re- ceived	Pulls into Measure	Adds to Exclu- sions	
AAB	Avoidance of Antibiotic Treatment for Acute Bronchitis/Bronchiolitis		Х	x		x		
ААР	Adults' Access to Preventive/Ambulatory Health Services		Х	Х	Х			
ADD	Follow-up Care for Children Prescribed ADHD Medication		Х	Х	Х			
ADV	Annual Dental Visit	Х			Х			
AMM	Antidepressant Medication Management		Х	Х		Х		
AMR	Asthma Medication Ratio		Х	Х		Х		
ART	Disease-Modifying Anti-Rheumatic Drug Therapy for Rheumatoid Arthritis		Х	х		x	x	
BCS	Breast Cancer Screening		Х	Х			Х	
СВР	Controlling High Blood Pressure		Х	Х	Х	Х		
CDC	Comprehensive Diabetes Care		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
CWP	Appropriate Testing for Pharyngitis		Х	Х		Х		
FMC	Follow-up After Emergency Department Visit for People with Multiple High-Risk Chronic Conditions		Х	x	Х	x		
KED	Kidney Health Evaluation for Patients with Diabetes		Х	Х		х		
LBP	Use of Imaging Studies for Low Back Pain		Х	Х		Х		
РВН	Persistence of Beta-Blocker Treatment After a Heart Attack		Х	Х			x	
РРС	Prenatal and Postpartum Care		Х	Х	Х			
SPC	Statin Therapy for Patients with Cardiovascu- lar Disease		Х	Х		x	х	
SPD	Statin Therapy for Patients with Diabetes		Х	Х		Х	Х	
SPR	Use of Spirometry Testing in the Assessment and Diagnosis of COPD		Х	Х		х		
SSD	Diabetes Screening for People with Schizo- phrenia or Bipolar Disorder Who Are Using Antipsychotic Medication		Х	х		x	x	
URI	Appropriate Treatment for Upper Respiratory Infection		Х	Х		x		
W30	Well-Child Visits in the First 30 Months of Life	х			Х			
WCV	Child and Adolescent Well Care Visits	Х			Х			
wcc	Weight Assessment and Counseling for Nutri- tion and Physical Activity for Children/ Adolescents	x			Х			