January 1 – December 31, 2023

Evidence of Coverage:

Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services and Prescription Drug Coverage as a Member of Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP)

This document gives you the details about your Medicare and NJ FamilyCare (Medicaid) health care, as well as long-term care, home and community-based services, and prescription drug coverage from January 1–December 31, 2023. This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.

For questions about this document, please contact Member Services at 1-844-362-0934. (TTY users should call 711). Hours are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.

This plan, Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP), is offered by AETNA BETTER HEALTH INC. (NJ). (When this Evidence of Coverage says “we,” “us,” or “our,” it means AETNA BETTER HEALTH INC. (NJ). When it says “plan” or “our plan,” it means Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP).)

This document is available for free in Spanish. Este documento está disponible sin cargo en español.

This document may be made available in other formats such as braille, large print or other alternate formats.

Benefits may change on January 1, 2024.

The formulary, pharmacy network, and/or provider network may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary. We will notify affected enrollees about changes at least 30 days in advance.

This document explains your benefits and rights. Use this document to understand about:

- Your medical and prescription drug benefits;
- How to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a service or treatment;
- How to contact us if you need further assistance; and,
- Other protections required by Medicare law.
Members must use participating/network providers, pharmacies, and durable medical equipment (DME)
suppliers. No referral is required to receive covered services by in-network providers. Members will be
enrolled into Part D coverage under Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) and will be automatically
disenrolled from any other Medicare Part D or creditable coverage plan in which they are currently
enrolled.

For mail order, you can get prescription drugs shipped to your home through the network mail order
delivery program. Typically, mail order drugs arrive within 10 days. You can call 1-844-362-0934 (TTY: 711)
8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week if you do not receive your mail order drugs within this timeframe. Members
may have the option to sign up for automated mail-order delivery.

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Participating physicians, hospitals and other health care providers are independent contractors and are
neither agents nor employees of Aetna. The availability of any particular provider cannot be guaranteed,
and provider network composition is subject to change.
# 2023 Evidence of Coverage

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Chapter 1:
Getting started as a member
You are enrolled in Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP), which is a specialized Medicare Advantage Plan (Special Needs Plan).

You are covered by both Medicare and Medicaid:

- **Medicare** is the Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with end-stage renal disease (kidney failure).
- **Medicaid** is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Medicaid coverage varies depending on the state and the type of Medicaid you have. Some people with Medicaid get help paying for their Medicare premiums and other costs. Other people also get coverage for additional services and drugs that are not covered by Medicare.

You have chosen to get your Medicare and NJ FamilyCare (Medicaid) health care and your prescription drug coverage through our plan, Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP). We are required to cover all Part A and Part B services. However, cost sharing and provider access in this plan differ from Original Medicare.

Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) is a specialized Medicare Advantage Plan (a Medicare “Special Needs Plan”), which means its benefits are designed for people with special health care needs. Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) is designed for people who have Medicare and who are also entitled to assistance from Medicaid.

Because you get assistance from NJ FamilyCare (Medicaid) with your Medicare Part A and B cost sharing (deductibles, copayments, and coinsurance) you will pay nothing for your Medicare health care services. NJ FamilyCare (Medicaid) also provides other benefits to you by covering health care services, including prescription drugs, long-term care, and home and community-based services that are not usually covered under Medicare. Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) will help manage all of these benefits for you, so that you get the health care services that you are entitled to.

Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) is run by a private company. Like all Medicare Advantage Plans, this Medicare Special Needs Plan is approved by Medicare. The plan also has a contract with the NJ Medicaid program to coordinate your Medicaid benefits. We are pleased to be providing your Medicare and NJ FamilyCare (Medicaid) health care coverage, including your prescription drug coverage as well as long-term care and home and community-based services.

**Coverage under this Plan qualifies as Qualifying Health Coverage (QHC)** and satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act’s (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Please visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website at: [www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families](http://www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families) for more information.

This *Evidence of Coverage* document tells you how to get your Medicare and Medicaid medical care, as well as long-term care, and home and community-based services, and prescription drugs. It explains your
Chapter 1 Getting started as a member

rights and responsibilities, what is covered, what you pay as a member of the plan, and how to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a decision or treatment.

The words “coverage” and “covered services” refer to the medical care and services as well as long-term care and home and community-based services and the prescription drugs available to you as a member of Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP).

It’s important for you to learn what the plan’s rules are and what services are available to you. We encourage you to set aside some time to look through this Evidence of Coverage document.

If you are confused, concerned or just have a question, please contact Member Services.

Section 1.3 Legal information about the Evidence of Coverage

This Evidence of Coverage is part of our contract with you about how Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) covers your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form, the List of Covered Drugs (Formulary), and any notices you receive from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called “riders” or “amendments.”

The contract is in effect for months in which you are enrolled in Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) between January 1, 2023 and December 31, 2023.

Each calendar year, Medicare allows us to make changes to the plans that we offer. This means we can change the costs and benefits of Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) after December 31, 2023. We can also choose to stop offering the plan in your service area, or to offer it in a different service area, after December 31, 2023.

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services), as well as the New Jersey Medicaid program, must approve Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) each year. You can continue each year to get Medicare coverage as a member of our plan as long as we choose to continue to offer the plan and Medicare and the New Jersey Medicaid program renew their approval of the plan.

SECTION 2 What makes you eligible to be a plan member?

Section 2.1 Your eligibility requirements

You are eligible for membership in our plan as long as:

- You have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B
- -- and -- You live in our geographic service area (Section 2.3 below describes our service area). Incarcerated individuals are not considered living in the geographic service area even if they are physically located in it.
- -- and -- you are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States
- -- and -- You meet the special eligibility requirements described below.

Special eligibility requirements for our plan
Our plan is designed to meet the needs of people who receive certain Medicaid benefits. (Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited
Chapter 1 Getting started as a member

incomes and resources.) To be eligible for our plan you must be eligible for Medicare and Full Medicaid Benefits.

Please note: If you lose your eligibility but can reasonably be expected to regain eligibility within 6 month(s), then you are still eligible for membership in our plan (Chapter 4, Section 2.1 tells you about coverage during a period of deemed continued eligibility).

Section 2.2 What is Medicaid?

Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical and long-term care costs for certain people who have limited incomes and resources. Each state decides what counts as income and resources, who is eligible, what services are covered, and the cost for services. States also can decide how to run their program as long as they follow the Federal guidelines.

In addition, there are programs offered through Medicaid that help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These “Medicare Savings Programs” help people with limited income and resources save money each year:

- **Qualified Medicare Beneficiary Plus (QMB+):** Pays Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments) and includes eligibility for full Medicaid benefits.

Section 2.3 Here is the plan service area for Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP)

Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) is available only to individuals who live in our plan service area. To remain a member of our plan, you must continue to reside in the plan service area. The service area is described below.

Our service area includes these counties in New Jersey: Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) is available statewide.

If you plan to move out of the service area, you cannot remain a member of this plan. Please contact Member Services to see if we have a plan in your new area. When you move, you will have a Special Enrollment Period that will allow you to switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health or drug plan that is available in your new location.

It is also important that you call Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

Section 2.4 U.S. Citizen or Lawful Presence

A member of a Medicare health plan must be a U.S. citizen or lawfully present in the United States. Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) will notify Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) if you are not eligible to remain a member on this basis. Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) must disenroll you if you do not meet this requirement.

SECTION 3 Important membership materials you will receive
Section 3.1 Your plan membership card

While you are a member of our plan, you must use your membership card whenever you get services covered by this plan and for prescription drugs you get at network pharmacies. Here’s a sample membership card to show you what yours will look like:

Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP)

Member Name: [Cardholder Name]
Member ID: [Cardholder ID#]
Effective Date: [Effective Date]
Issue Date: [Issue Date]

PCP: $0 Copay
Specialist: $0 Copay
Emergency Room: $0 Copay
Urgent Care: $0 Copay
Dental: $0 Copay

Important Information: In case of an emergency, call 911 or go to the nearest emergency room (ET): Prior authorization is not required for emergency services.

For Members
- Member Services: 1-844-362-0934 (TTY: 711)
- Care Management: 1-844-362-0934 (TTY: 711)
- 24-Hour Nurse/Physician: 1-844-362-0934 (TTY: 711)
- Dental Services: 1-844-362-0934 (TTY: 711)
- Website: AetnaHealthCare.com/MemberServices

For Providers
- Medical Eligibility Verification: 1-844-362-0934 (TTY: 711)
- Prior Authorization: 1-844-362-0934 (TTY: 711)
- Claims Inquiries: 1-844-362-0934 (TTY: 711)

Submit claims to:
- Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP)
- P.O. Box 11923
- Phoenix, AZ 85012-1923

Do NOT use your red, white, and blue Medicare card for covered medical services while you are a member of this plan. If you use your Medicare card instead of your Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) membership card, you may have to pay the full cost of medical services yourself. Keep your Medicare card in a safe place. You may be asked to show it if you need hospital services, hospice services, or participate in Medicare approved clinical research studies also called clinical trials.

If your plan membership card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Member Services right away and we will send you a new card.

Section 3.2 The Provider and Pharmacy Directory

The Provider and Pharmacy Directory lists our network providers, pharmacies and durable medical equipment suppliers.

Network providers are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, durable medical equipment suppliers, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment as payment in full.

You must use network providers to get your medical care and services. If you go elsewhere without proper authorization you will have to pay in full. The only exceptions are emergencies, urgently needed services when the network is not available (that is, in situations when it is unreasonable or not possible to obtain services in-network), out-of-area dialysis services, and cases in which Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) authorizes use of out-of-network providers.

Network pharmacies are all of the pharmacies that have agreed to fill covered prescriptions for our plan members. You can use the Provider and Pharmacy Directory to find the network pharmacy you want to use. See Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for information on when you can use the pharmacies that are not in the plan’s network.

If you don’t have the Provider and Pharmacy Directory, you can get a copy from Member Services. You
can call Member Services to get up-to-date information about changes in the pharmacy network. You can also find this information on our website at AetnaBetterHealth.com/New-Jersey-hmosnp/find-provider.

### Section 3.3 The plan’s List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)

The plan has a List of Covered Drugs (Formulary). We call it the “Drug List” for short. It tells which Part D prescription drugs are covered under the Part D benefit included in Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP). The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list must meet requirements set by Medicare and NJ FamilyCare (Medicaid). Medicare and NJ FamilyCare (Medicaid) have approved the Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) Drug List.

The Drug List also tells you if there are any rules that restrict coverage for your drugs.

We will provide you a copy of the Drug List. To get the most complete and current information about which drugs are covered, you can visit the plan’s website (AetnaBetterHealth.com/New-Jersey-hmosnp/drug-formulary) or call Member Services.

### SECTION 4 Your monthly costs for Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP)

Your costs may include the following:

- Plan Premium (Section 4.1)
- Monthly Medicare Part B Premium (Section 4.2)

#### Section 4.1 Plan premium

You do not pay a separate monthly plan premium for Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP).

#### Section 4.2 Monthly Medicare Part B Premium

As a member of this plan, Medicaid pays your Medicare Part B Premium for you.

### SECTION 5 Keeping your plan membership record up to date

Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and telephone number. It shows your specific plan coverage.

The doctors, hospitals, pharmacists, and other providers in the plan’s network need to have correct information about you. **These network providers use your membership record to know what services and drugs are covered for you.** Because of this, it is very important that you help us keep your information up to date.

**Let us know about these changes:**

- Changes to your name, your address, or your phone number
- Changes in any other health insurance coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse’s employer, workers’ compensation, or Medicaid)
• If you have any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident
• If you have been admitted to a nursing home
• If you receive care in an out-of-area or out-of-network hospital or emergency room
• If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes
• If you are participating in a clinical research study (Note: You are not required to tell your plan about the clinical research studies you intend to participate in but we encourage you to do so)

If any of this information changes, please let us know by calling Member Services.

It is also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

SECTION 6 How other insurance works with our plan

Other insurance
Medicare requires that we collect information from you about any other medical or drug insurance coverage that you have. That’s because we must coordinate any other coverage you have with your benefits under our plan. This is called Coordination of Benefits.

Once each year, we will send you a letter that lists any other medical or drug insurance coverage that we know about. Please read over this information carefully. If it is correct, you don’t need to do anything. If the information is incorrect, or if you have other coverage that is not listed, please call Member Services. You may need to give your plan member ID number to your other insurers (once you have confirmed their identity) so your bills are paid correctly and on time.

When you have other insurance (like employer group health coverage), there are rules set by Medicare that decide whether our plan or your other insurance pays first. The insurance that pays first is called the “primary payer” and pays up to the limits of its coverage. The one that pays second, called the “secondary payer,” only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay all of the uncovered costs. If you have other insurance, tell your doctor, hospital, and pharmacy.

These rules apply for employer or union group health plan coverage:

• If you have retiree coverage, Medicare pays first.
• If your group health plan coverage is based on your or a family member’s current employment, who pays first depends on your age, the number of people employed by your employer, and whether you have Medicare based on age, disability, or End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD):
  - If you’re under 65 and disabled and you or your family member is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 100 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 100 employees.
  - If you’re over 65 and you or your spouse is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 20 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 20 employees.
• If you have Medicare because of ESRD, your group health plan will pay first for the first 30 months after you become eligible for Medicare.

These types of coverage usually pay first for services related to each type:
- No-fault insurance (including automobile insurance)
- Liability (including automobile insurance)
- Black lung benefits
- Workers’ compensation

NJ FamilyCare (Medicaid) and TRICARE never pay first for Medicare-covered services. They only pay after Medicare and/or employer group health plans have paid.
Chapter 2:

*Important phone numbers and resources*
### How to contact our plan’s Member Services

For assistance with claims, billing, or member card questions, please call or write to Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) Member Services. We will be happy to help you.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Member Services – Contact Information</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-844-362-0934</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAX</td>
<td>1-855-259-2087</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Aetna Duals COE Member Correspondence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PO Box 982980</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>El Paso, TX 79998</td>
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How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision or appeal about your medical care

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage for your medical services or Part D prescription drugs. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on asking for coverage decisions or appeals about your medical care or Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 8 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

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<th>Method</th>
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<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-844-362-0934</td>
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<tr>
<td>FAX</td>
<td>1-833-322-0034</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Precertification Unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7400 W Campus Rd</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>New Albany, OH 43054</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="#">AetnaBetterHealth.com/New-Jersey-hmosnp</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Coverage Decisions for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-844-362-0934</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAX</td>
<td>1-844-814-2260</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Part D Coverage Determination Pharmacy Department</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4500 E Cotton Center Blvd</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Phoenix, AZ 85040</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="#">AetnaBetterHealth.com/New-Jersey-hmosnp</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Chapter 2  Important phone numbers and resources

## Appeals for Medical Care – Contact Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-844-362-0934</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAX</td>
<td>1-855-883-9555</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) Appeals and Grievances PO Box 818070 Cleveland, OH 44181 <a href="mailto:COEGandA@aetna.com">COEGandA@aetna.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td>AetnaBetterHealth.com/New-Jersey-hmosnp</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Appeals for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-844-362-0934</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAX</td>
<td>1-844-814-2260</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) Part D Appeals Pharmacy Department 4500 E Cotton Center Blvd Phoenix, AZ 85040</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td>AetnaBetterHealth.com/New-Jersey-hmosnp</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care
You can make a complaint about us or one of our network providers or pharmacies, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. For more information on making a complaint about your medical care, see Chapter 8 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Complaints about Medical Care – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-844-362-0934</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAX</td>
<td>1-855-883-9555</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Appeals and Grievances</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PO Box 818070</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cleveland, OH 44181</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><a href="mailto:COEGandA@aetna.com">COEGandA@aetna.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MEDICARE WEBSITE</td>
<td>You can submit a complaint about Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare, go to <a href="http://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx">www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx</a>.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Complaints about Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-844-362-0934</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAX</td>
<td>1-855-883-9555</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Appeals and Grievances</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PO Box 818070</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cleveland, OH 44181</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MEDICARE WEBSITE</td>
<td>You can submit a complaint about Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare go to <a href="http://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx">www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx</a>.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Where to send a request asking us to pay the cost for medical care or a drug you have received
If you have received a bill or paid for services (such as a provider bill) that you think we should pay for, you may need to ask us for reimbursement or to pay the provider bill. See Chapter 6 (Asking us to pay a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs).

Please note: If you send us a payment request and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. See Chapter 8 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)) for more information.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Payment Requests for Medical Coverage – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FAX</td>
<td>1-855-259-2087</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Aetna Duals COE Member Correspondence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PO Box 982980</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>El Paso, TX 79998</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td>AetnaBetterHealth.com/New-Jersey-hmosnp</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Payment Requests for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Aetna Integrated Pharmacy Solutions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PO Box 52446</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Phoenix, AZ 85072</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td>AetnaBetterHealth.com/New-Jersey-hmosnp</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 2 Medicare (how to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program)

Medicare is the Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The Federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (sometimes called “CMS”). This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations including us.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Medicare – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-800-MEDICARE, or 1-800-633-4227</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>1-877-486-2048</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="http://www.medicare.gov">www.medicare.gov</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>This is the official government website for Medicare. It gives you up-to-date information about Medicare and current Medicare issues. It also has information about hospitals, nursing homes, physicians, home health agencies, and dialysis facilities. It includes documents you can print directly from your computer. You can also find Medicare contacts in your state.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Medicare – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE (continued)</td>
<td>The Medicare website also has detailed information about your Medicare eligibility and enrollment options with the following tools:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Medicare Eligibility Tool: Provides Medicare eligibility status information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Medicare Plan Finder: Provides personalized information about available Medicare prescription drug plans, Medicare health plans, and Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) policies in your area. These tools provide an estimate of what your out-of-pocket costs might be in different Medicare plans.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>You can also use the website to tell Medicare about any complaints you have about Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP):</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Tell Medicare about your complaint: You can submit a complaint about Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to <a href="http://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx">www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx</a>. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If you don’t have a computer, your local library or senior center may be able to help you visit this website using its computer. Or, you can call Medicare and tell them what information you are looking for. They will find the information on the website, and review the information with you. (You can call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 3 State Health Insurance Assistance Program (free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state. In New Jersey, the SHIP is called the State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP).

SHIP is an independent (not connected with any insurance company or health plan) state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

SHIP counselors can help you understand your Medicare rights, help you make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and help you straighten out problems with your Medicare bills. SHIP counselors can also help you with Medicare questions or problems and help you understand your Medicare plan choices and answer questions about switching plans.
Chapter 2  Important phone numbers and resources

METHOD TO ACCESS SHIP and OTHER RESOURCES

- Visit [www.medicare.gov](http://www.medicare.gov)
- Click on “Talk to someone” in the middle of the homepage
- You now have the following options
  - Option #1: You can have a live chat with a 1-800-MEDICARE representative
  - Option #2: You can select your STATE from the dropdown menu and click GO. This will take you to a page with phone numbers and resources specific to your state.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>State Health Insurance Assistance Program (New Jersey SHIP) – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-800-792-8820&lt;br&gt;Hours of operation are Monday–Friday 8:30 AM to 4:30 PM.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>NJ State Health Insurance Assistance Program, PO Box 807, Trenton, NJ 08625</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="http://state.nj.us/humanservices/doas/services/ship/index.html">state.nj.us/humanservices/doas/services/ship/index.html</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4  Quality Improvement Organization

There is a designated Quality Improvement Organization for serving Medicare beneficiaries in each state. For New Jersey, the Quality Improvement Organization is called Livanta Beneficiary and Family Centered Care Quality Improvement Organization (BFCC-QI0).

Livanta has a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. Livanta is an independent organization. It is not connected with our plan.

You should contact Livanta in any of these situations:

- You have a complaint about the quality of care you have received.
- You think coverage for your hospital stay is ending too soon.
- You think coverage for your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Livanta (New Jersey’s Quality Improvement Organization (QIO)) – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-866-815-5440&lt;br&gt;Hours of operation are Monday–Friday 9:00 AM to 5:00 PM.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 2  Important phone numbers and resources

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Livanta (New Jersey’s Quality Improvement Organization (QIO)) – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>1-866-868-2289&lt;br&gt;This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>Livanta LLC – BFCC-QIO, 10820 Guilford Road, Suite 202, Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 5  Social Security

Social Security is responsible for determining eligibility and handling enrollment for Medicare. U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents who are 65 or older, or who have a disability or End-Stage Renal Disease and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare. If you are already getting Social Security checks, enrollment into Medicare is automatic. If you are not getting Social Security checks, you have to enroll in Medicare. To apply for Medicare, you can call Social Security or visit your local Social Security office.

If you move or change your mailing address, it is important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Social Security – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-800-772-1213&lt;br&gt;Calls to this number are free.&lt;br&gt;Available 8:00 AM to 7:00 PM, Monday through Friday.&lt;br&gt;You can use Social Security’s automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>1-800-325-0778&lt;br&gt;This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.&lt;br&gt;Calls to this number are free.&lt;br&gt;Available 8:00 AM to 7:00 PM, Monday through Friday.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="http://www.ssa.gov">www.ssa.gov</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 6  Medicaid

Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources.

Because you are eligible for and enrolled in both Medicare and Medicaid, your coverage through our plan includes coverage for all of the benefits you are entitled to under Medicaid managed care (also known as NJ FamilyCare). As a result, Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) covers Medicaid benefits such as hearing aids, routine vision exams, and comprehensive dental services. Additionally, NJ FamilyCare (Medicaid) pays your Part B premium for you.
If you have questions about the assistance you get from NJ FamilyCare (Medicaid), contact the NJ Department of Human Services, Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>NJ Department of Human Services, Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-800-701-0710</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hours of operation are Monday–Friday 9:00 AM to 5:00 PM.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>NJ Department of Human Services, Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services, PO Box 712, Trenton, NJ 08625-0712</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td>state.nj.us/humanservices/dmahs/home/index.html</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Office of the Insurance Ombudsman helps people enrolled in Medicaid with service or billing problems. They can help you file a grievance or appeal with our plan.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>The NJ Department of Banking and Insurance Office of the Insurance Ombudsman – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-800-446-7467</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hours of operation are Monday–Friday 9:00 AM to 5:00 PM.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>The Office of the Insurance Ombudsman, NJ Department of Banking and Insurance, PO Box 472, Trenton, NJ 08625-0472</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td>state.nj.us/dobi/ombuds.htm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The New Jersey Office of the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman program helps people get information about nursing homes and resolve problems between nursing homes and residents or their families.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>New Jersey Office of the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-877-582-6995</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hours of operation are Monday–Friday 8:30 AM to 4:30 PM.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>NJ Long-Term Care Ombudsman, PO Box 852, Trenton, NJ 08625-0852</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td>nj.gov/ooie/</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 7  Information about programs to help people pay for their prescription drugs

Medicare’s “Extra Help” Program
Because you are eligible for Medicaid, you qualify for and are getting “Extra Help” from Medicare to pay for your prescription drug plan costs. You do not need to do anything further to get this “Extra Help.”

If you have questions about “Extra Help,” call:

- 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048 (applications), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week;
- The Social Security Office at 1-800-772-1213, between 8 AM to 7 PM, Monday through Friday. TTY users should call 1-800-325-0778; or
- Your State Medicaid Office (applications) (See Section 6 of this chapter for contact information).

SECTION 8  How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board

The Railroad Retirement Board is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation’s railroad workers and their families. If you have questions regarding your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency.

If you receive your Medicare through the Railroad Retirement Board, it is important that you let them know if you move or change your mailing address. If you have questions regarding your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Railroad Retirement Board – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-877-772-5772 Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If you press “0,” you may speak with an RRB representative from 9:00 AM to 3:30 PM, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, and from 9:00 AM to 12:00 PM on Wednesday.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If you press “1,” you may access the automated RRB HelpLine and recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>1-312-751-4701 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are not free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td>rrb.gov/</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 9  Do you have “group insurance” or other health insurance from an employer?

If you have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse’s) employer or retiree group, please contact that group’s benefit administrator. The benefits administrator can help you determine how your current prescription drug coverage will work with our plan.
Chapter 3: Using the plan for your medical and other covered services
Chapter 3  Using the plan for your medical and other covered services

SECTION 1  Things to know about getting your medical care and other services as a member of our plan

This chapter explains what you need to know about using the plan to get your medical care and other services covered. It gives definitions of terms and explains the rules you will need to follow to get the medical treatments, services, equipment, prescription drugs, and other medical care that are covered by the plan.

For the details on what medical care and other services are covered by our plan, use the benefits chart in the next chapter, Chapter 4 (Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered).

Section 1.1  What are “network providers” and “covered services”?

- **Providers** are doctors and other health care professionals licensed by the state to provide medical services and care. The term “providers” also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.
- **Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. The providers in our network bill us directly for care they give you. When you see a network provider, you pay nothing for covered services.
- **Covered services** include all the medical care, health care services, supplies, equipment and Prescription Drugs that are covered by our plan. Your covered services for medical care are listed in the benefits chart in Chapter 4. Your covered services for prescription drugs are discussed in Chapter 5.

Section 1.2  Basic rules for getting your medical care and other services covered by the plan

As a Medicare and Medicaid health plan, Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) must cover all services covered by Original Medicare and may offer other services in addition to those covered under Original Medicare (See the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4, Section 2.1).

Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) will generally cover your medical care as long as:

- **The care you receive is included in the plan’s Medical Benefits Chart** (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this document).
- **The care you receive is considered medically necessary.** “Medically necessary” means that the services, supplies, equipment, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- **You have a network primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care.** As a member of our plan, you must choose a network PCP (for more information about this, see Section 2.1 in this chapter).
- **You must receive your care from a network provider** (for more information about this, see Section 2 in this chapter). In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider (a provider who is not part of our plan’s network) will not be covered. This means that you will have to pay the provider in full for the services furnished. Here are three exceptions:
  - The plan covers emergency care or urgently needed services that you get from an
out-of-network provider. For more information about this, and to see what emergency or urgently needed services means, see Section 3 in this chapter.

- If you need medical care that Medicare or NJ FamilyCare (Medicaid) requires our plan to cover but there are no specialists in our network that provide this care, you can get this care from an out-of-network provider. Prior authorization should be obtained from the plan prior to seeking care. In this situation, we will cover these services at no cost to you. For information about getting approval to see an out-of-network doctor, see Section 2.4 in this chapter.
- The plan covers kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan’s service area or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible.

SECTION 2  Use providers in the plan’s network to get your medical care and other services

Section 2.1  You must choose a Primary Care Provider (PCP) to provide and oversee your care

What is a “PCP” and what does the PCP do for you?
As a member of our plan, you must have a network PCP on file with us. It is very important that you choose a network PCP and tell us who you have chosen. Your PCP can help you stay healthy, treat illnesses and coordinate your care with other health care providers. Your PCP (or PCP office) will appear on your Member ID card. If your Member ID card does not show a PCP (or PCP office), or the PCP on your card is not the one you want to use, please contact us immediately.

Depending on where you live, the following types of providers may act as a PCP:

- General Practitioner
- Internist
- Family Practitioner
- Geriatrician
- Physician Assistants
- Nurse Practitioners

Please refer to your Provider and Pharmacy Directory or go to our website at AetnaBetterHealth.com/New-Jersey-hmosnp/find-provider for a complete listing of PCPs in your area.

What is the role of a PCP in coordinating covered services?
Your PCP will provide most of your care, and when you need more specialized services, they will coordinate with other providers. Your PCP will help you find a specialist and will arrange for covered services you get as a member of our plan. Some of the services that the PCP will coordinate include:

- x-rays
- laboratory tests
- therapies
- care from doctors who are specialists
- hospital admissions
“Coordinating” your services includes consulting with other plan providers about your care and how it is progressing. Since your PCP will provide and coordinate most of your medical care, we recommend that you have your past medical records sent to your PCP’s office.

**What is the role of the PCP in making decisions about or obtaining prior authorization?**
In some cases, your PCP, or other provider or you as the enrollee (member) of the plan may need to get approval in advance from our Medical Management Department for certain types of services or tests (this is called getting “prior authorization”). Obtaining prior authorization is the responsibility of the PCP, treating provider, or you as the member. Services and items requiring prior authorization are listed in Chapter 4.

**How do you choose your PCP?**
You can select your PCP by using the Provider and Pharmacy Directory, by accessing our website at AetnaBetterHealth.com/New-Jersey-hmosnp/find-provider, or getting help from Member Services.

If you have not selected a PCP, a PCP will be selected for you. You can change your PCP (as explained later in this section) for any reason, and at any time, by contacting Member Services.

**Changing your PCP**
You may change your PCP for any reason, at any time. Also, it’s possible that your PCP might leave our plan’s network of providers and you would have to find a new PCP. Contact us immediately if your Member ID card does not show the PCP you want to use. We will update your file and send you a new Member ID card to reflect the change in PCP.

To change your PCP, call Member Services **before** you set up an appointment with a new PCP. When you call, be sure to tell Member Services if you are seeing specialists or currently getting other covered services that were coordinated by your PCP (such as home health services and durable medical equipment). They will check to see if the PCP you want to switch to is accepting new patients. Member Services will change your membership record to show the name of your new PCP, let you know the effective date of your change request, and answer your questions about the change. They will also send you a new membership card that shows the name and/or phone number of your new PCP.

Under certain circumstances, you may continue receiving covered services from a participating physician or other health care professional who has left the network for up to four months beyond the effective date of termination (the end of the notice period).

Additionally, if you are undergoing certain courses of treatment, you may receive longer periods of care as indicated below:

- Pregnancy – up to the postpartum evaluation (up to six weeks after delivery).
- Post-operative follow-up care (up to six months).
- Oncological treatment (up to one year).
- Psychiatric treatment (up to one year).

### Section 2.2 What kinds of medical care and other services can you get without a referral from your PCP?

You can get the services listed below without getting approval in advance from your PCP.
• Routine women’s health care, which includes breast exams, screening mammograms (x-rays of the breast), Pap tests, and pelvic exams.
• Flu shots, COVID-19 vaccinations, Hepatitis B vaccinations, and pneumonia vaccinations.
• Emergency services from network providers or from out-of-network providers.
• Urgently needed services are covered services that are not emergency services, provided when the network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible, or when the enrollee is out of the service area. For example, you need immediate care during the weekend. Services must be immediately needed and medically necessary.
• Kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan’s service area. (If possible, please call Member Services before you leave the service area so we can help arrange for you to have maintenance dialysis while you are away).

Section 2.3 How to get care from specialists and other network providers

A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists. Here are a few examples:

• Oncologists care for patients with cancer.
• Cardiologists care for patients with heart conditions.
• Orthopedists care for patients with certain bone, joint, or muscle conditions.

What is the role of the PCP in referring members to specialists and other providers?
Your PCP will provide most of your care and will help arrange or coordinate the rest of the covered services you get as a plan member.

• Your PCP may refer you to a specialist, but you can go to any specialists in our network without a referral. Please refer to the Provider and Pharmacy Directory or access our website at AetnaBetterHealth.com/New-Jersey-hmosnp/find-provider for a complete listing of PCPs and other participating providers in your area.

Prior authorization process
In some cases, your PCP, other provider, or you as the enrollee (member) of the plan, may need to get approval in advance from our Medical Management Department for certain types of services or tests that you receive in-network (this is called getting “prior authorization”). Obtaining prior authorization is the responsibility of the PCP, treating provider or you as the member. Services and items requiring prior authorization are listed in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4, Section 2.1.

What if a specialist or another network provider leaves our plan?
We may make changes to the hospitals, doctors, and specialists (providers) that are part of your plan during the year. If your doctor or specialist leaves your plan you have certain rights and protections that are summarized below:

• Even though our network of providers may change during the year, Medicare requires that we furnish you with uninterrupted access to qualified doctors and specialists.
We will make a good faith effort to provide you with at least 30 days’ notice that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to select a new provider.

We will assist you in selecting a new qualified provider to continue managing your health care needs.

If you are undergoing medical treatment you have the right to request, and we will work with you to ensure, that the medically necessary treatment you are receiving is not interrupted.

If our network does not have a qualified specialist for a plan-covered service, we must cover that service. A prior authorization may be required in this situation.

If you find out your doctor or specialist is leaving your plan, please contact us so we can assist you in finding a new provider to manage your care.

If you believe we have not furnished you with a qualified provider to replace your previous provider or that your care is not being appropriately managed, you have the right to file a quality of care complaint to the QIO, a quality of care grievance to the plan, or both. Please see Chapter 8.

Section 2.4  How to get care from out-of-network providers

As a member of our plan, you must use network providers. If you receive unauthorized care from an out-of-network provider, we may deny coverage and you will be responsible for the entire cost. Here are four exceptions:

• The plan covers emergency care or urgently needed care that you get from an out-of-network provider. For more information about this, and to see what emergency or urgently needed care means, see Section 3 in this chapter.

• If you need medical care that Medicare or NJ FamilyCare(Medicaid) requires our plan to cover and the providers in our network cannot provide this care, you can get this care from an out-of-network provider. Prior authorization should be obtained from the plan prior to seeking care. Your PCP or other network provider will contact us to obtain authorization for you to see an out-of-network provider.

• Kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan’s service area.

• You may receive Family Planning services through out-of-network providers. In these cases, the services will be covered directly through Medicaid fee-for-service.

You should ask the out-of-network provider to bill us first. If you have already paid for the covered services or if the out-of-network provider sends you a bill that you think we should pay, please contact Member Services or send us the bill. See Chapter 6 for information on how to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received.

SECTION 3  How to get services when you have an emergency or urgent need for care or during a disaster

Section 3.1  Getting care if you have a medical emergency

What is a “medical emergency” and what should you do if you have one?

A “medical emergency” is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to
prevent your loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb or function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

If you have a medical emergency:

- **Get help as quickly as possible.** Call 911 for help or go to the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You do not need to get approval or a referral first from your PCP. You do not need to use a network doctor. You may get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the United States or its territories, and from any provider with an appropriate state license even if they are not part of our network.
- **As soon as possible, make sure that our plan has been told about your emergency.** We need to follow up on your emergency care. You or someone else should call to tell us about your emergency care, usually within 48 hours. Please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on your Member ID card).

**What is covered if you have a medical emergency?**

Our plan covers worldwide services outside of the United States under the following circumstances:

- Emergency care
- Urgently needed care
- Emergency ambulance transportation from the scene of an emergency to the nearest medical treatment facility

Transportation back to the United States from another country is not covered. Pre-scheduled and/or elective procedures are not covered. See the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 for more information. Be sure to get a copy of all your medical records from your emergency or urgent care provider before you leave; you may need them to file a claim or to help with claims processing. Without these records we may not be able to pay your claim.

Medicare does not provide coverage for emergency medical care outside the United States and its territories.

Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. We also cover medical services during the emergency.

The doctors who are giving you emergency care will decide when your condition is stable and the medical emergency is over.

After the emergency is over you are entitled to follow-up care to be sure your condition continues to be stable. Your doctors will continue to treat you until your doctors contact us and make plans for additional care. Your follow-up care will be covered by our plan. If your emergency care is provided by out-of-network providers, we will try to arrange for network providers to take over your care as soon as your medical condition and the circumstances allow.

**What if it wasn’t a medical emergency?**

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical emergency. For example, you might go in for emergency care – thinking that your health is in serious danger – and the doctor may say that it wasn’t a
medical emergency after all. If it turns out that it was not an emergency, as long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we will cover your care.

However, after the doctor has said that it was not an emergency, we will cover additional care only if you get the additional care in one of these two ways:

- You go to a network provider to get the additional care.
- or –The additional care you get is considered “urgently needed services” and you follow the rules for getting this urgent care (for more information about this, see Section 3.2 below).

### Section 3.2  Getting care when you have an urgent need for services

**What are “urgently needed services”?**

An urgently needed service is a non-emergency situation requiring immediate medical care but, given your circumstances, it is not possible or not reasonable to obtain these services from a network provider. The plan must cover urgently needed services provided out-of-network. Some examples of urgently needed services are i) a severe sore throat that occurs over the weekend or ii) an unforeseen flare-up of a known condition when you are temporarily outside the service area.

If you need to locate an urgent care facility, you can find an in-network urgent care center near you by using the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, going to our website at [AetnaBetterHealth.com/New-Jersey-hmosnp/find-provider](http://AetnaBetterHealth.com/New-Jersey-hmosnp/find-provider), or getting help from Member Services.

Our plan covers worldwide services outside of the United States under the following circumstances:

- Emergency care
- Urgently needed care
- Emergency ambulance transportation from the scene of an emergency to the nearest medical treatment facility

Transportation back to the United States from another country is not covered. Pre-scheduled and/or elective procedures are not covered. See the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 for more information. Be sure to get a copy of all your medical records from your emergency or urgent care provider before you leave; you may need them to file a claim or to help with claims processing. Without these records we may not be able to pay your claim.

### Section 3.3  Getting care during a disaster

If the Governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you are still entitled to care from your plan.

Please visit the following website: [AetnaBetterHealth.com/New-Jersey-hmosnp](http://AetnaBetterHealth.com/New-Jersey-hmosnp) for information on how to obtain needed care during a disaster.

If you cannot use a network provider during a disaster, your plan will allow you to obtain care from out-of-network providers. If you cannot use a network pharmacy during a disaster, you may be able to fill your prescription drugs at an out-of-network pharmacy. Please see Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for more information.
SECTION 4  What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your services?

Section 4.1  You can ask us to pay for covered services

If you have paid for your covered services, or if you have received a bill for covered medical services, go to Chapter 6 (Asking us to pay a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs) for information about what to do.

Section 4.2  What should you do if services are not covered by our plan?

Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) covers all medically necessary services as listed in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this document. If you receive services not covered by our plan or services obtained out-of-network and were not authorized, you are responsible for paying the full cost of services.

For covered services that have a benefit limitation, you also pay the full cost of any services you get after you have used up your benefit for that type of covered service.

SECTION 5  How are your medical services covered when you are in a “clinical research study”?

Section 5.1  What is a “clinical research study”?

A clinical research study (also called a “clinical trial”) is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. Certain clinical research studies are approved by Medicare. Clinical research studies approved by Medicare typically request volunteers to participate in the study.

Once Medicare approves the study, and you express interest, someone who works on the study will contact you to explain more about the study and see if you meet the requirements set by the scientists who are running the study. You can participate in the study as long as you meet the requirements for the study and you have a full understanding and acceptance of what is involved if you participate in the study.

If you participate in a Medicare-approved study, Original Medicare pays most of the costs for the covered services you receive as part of the study. When you are in a clinical research study, you may stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (the care that is not related to the study) through our plan.

If you want to participate in any Medicare-approved clinical research study, you do not need to tell us or to get approval from us or your PCP. The providers that deliver your care as part of the clinical research study do not need to be part of our plan’s network of providers.

Although you do not need to get our plan’s permission to be in a clinical research study, we encourage you to notify us in advance when you choose to participate in Medicare-qualified clinical trials.

If you participate in a study that Medicare has not approved, you will be responsible for paying all costs for your participation in the study.
Section 5.2  
When you participate in a clinical research study, who pays for what?

Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, Original Medicare covers the routine items and services you receive as part of the study, including:

- Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren’t in a study
- An operation or other medical procedure if it is part of the research study
- Treatment of side effects and complications of the new care

After Medicare has paid its share of the cost for these services, our plan will pay the rest. Like for all covered services, you will pay nothing for the covered services you get in the clinical research study.

When you are part of a clinical research study, **neither Medicare nor our plan will pay for any of the following:**

- Generally, Medicare will *not* pay for the new item or service that the study is testing unless Medicare would cover the item or service even if you were *not* in a study.
- Items or services provided only to collect data, and not used in your direct health care. For example, Medicare would not pay for monthly CT scans done as part of the study if your medical condition would normally require only one CT scan.

**Do you want to know more?**

You can get more information about joining a clinical research study by visiting the Medicare website to read or download the publication “Medicare and Clinical Research Studies.” (The publication is available at: [www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/02226-Medicare-and-Clinical-Research-Studies.pdf](http://www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/02226-Medicare-and-Clinical-Research-Studies.pdf).) You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

SECTION 6  
Rules for getting care in a **“religious non-medical health care institution”**

Section 6.1  
What is a religious non-medical health care institution?

A religious non-medical health care institution is a facility that provides care for a condition that would ordinarily be treated in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against a member’s religious beliefs, we will instead provide coverage for care in a religious non-medical health care institution. This benefit is provided only for Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services).

Section 6.2  
Receiving care from a religious non-medical health care institution

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you are conscientiously opposed to getting medical treatment that is “non-excepted.”

- “Non-excepted” medical care or treatment is any medical care or treatment that is *voluntary* and *not required* by any federal, state, or local law.
- “Excepted” medical treatment is medical care or treatment that you get that is not voluntary or *is required* under federal, state, or local law.
To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan’s coverage of services you receive is limited to non-religious aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility, the following conditions apply:
  - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to receive covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.
  - And – You must get approval in advance from our plan before you are admitted to the facility or your stay will not be covered.

Please see the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 for more information about inpatient hospital coverage and limitations.

**SECTION 7**  
**Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment**

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<tr>
<th>Section 7.1</th>
<th>Will you own the durable medical equipment after making a certain number of payments?</th>
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Durable medical equipment (DME) includes items such as oxygen equipment and supplies, wheelchairs, walkers, powered mattress systems, crutches, diabetic supplies, speech generating devices, IV infusion pumps, nebulizers, and hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home. The member always owns certain items, such as prosthetics. In this section, we discuss other types of DME that you must rent.

In Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of DME own the equipment after paying copayments for the item for 13 months. As a member of Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP), however, you usually will not acquire ownership of rented DME items even if you made up to 12 consecutive payments for the DME item under Original Medicare before you joined our plan. Under certain limited circumstances we will transfer ownership of the DME item to you. Call Member Services for more information.

**What happens to payments you made for durable medical equipment if you switch to Original Medicare?**

If you did not acquire ownership of the DME item while in our plan, you will have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you switch to Original Medicare in order to own the item. The payments made while enrolled in your plan do not count.

Example 1: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. The payments you made in Original Medicare do not count.

Example 2: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare, and then joined our plan. You were in our plan but did not obtain ownership while in our plan. You then go back to Original Medicare. You will have to make 13 consecutive new payments to own the item once you join Original Medicare again. All previous payments do not count.

| Section 7.2 | Rules for oxygen equipment, supplies, and maintenance |
What oxygen benefits are you entitled to?
If you qualify for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage, Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) will cover:

- Rental of oxygen equipment
- Delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Tubing and related oxygen accessories for the delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Maintenance and repairs of oxygen equipment

If you leave Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) or no longer medically require oxygen equipment, then the oxygen equipment must be returned.

What happens if you leave your plan and return to Original Medicare?
Original Medicare requires an oxygen supplier to provide you services for five years. During the first 36 months you rent the equipment. The remaining 24 months the supplier provides the equipment and maintenance. After five years you may choose to stay with the same company or go to another company. At this point, the five-year cycle begins again, even if you remain with the same company, requiring you to pay copayments for the first 36 months. If you join or leave our plan, the five-year cycle starts over.
Chapter 4:
Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered)
SECTION 1  Understanding covered services

This chapter provides a Medical Benefits Chart that lists your covered services as a member of Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP). Later in this chapter, you can find information about medical services that are not covered. It also explains limits on certain services.

Section 1.1  You pay nothing for your covered services

Because you get assistance from NJ FamilyCare (Medicaid), you pay nothing for your covered services as long as you follow the plans’ rules for getting your care. (See Chapter 3 for more information about the plans’ rules for getting your care.)

SECTION 2  Use the Medical Benefits Chart to find out what is covered

Section 2.1  Your medical, long-term care, and home and community-based services benefits as a member of the plan

The Medical Benefits Chart on the following pages lists the services Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) covers. Part D prescription drug coverage is in Chapter 5. The services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only when the following coverage requirements are met:

- Your Medicare and Medicaid covered services must be provided according to the coverage guidelines established by Medicare and Medicaid.
- Your services (including medical care, services, supplies, equipment, and Part B prescription drugs) must be medically necessary. “Medically necessary” means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- You receive your care from a network provider. In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider will not be covered unless it is emergent or urgent care or unless your plan or a network provider has given you a referral. This means that you will have to pay the provider in full for the services furnished.
- You have a primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care.
- Some of the services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only if your doctor or other network provider gets approval in advance (sometimes called “prior authorization”) from us. Covered services that need approval in advance to be covered as in-network services are marked by a note in the Medical Benefits Chart.
Other important things to know about our coverage:

- You are covered by both Medicare and Medicaid. Medicare covers health care and prescription drugs. Medicaid covers your cost sharing for Medicare services, including coinsurance, copayments, and deductibles. Medicaid also covers services Medicare does not cover, like long-term care, home and community-based services, over-the-counter drugs, comprehensive dental services, hearing aids, and vision.
- Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. (If you want to know more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, look in your Medicare & You 2023 handbook. View it online at [www.medicare.gov](http://www.medicare.gov) or ask for a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)
- For all preventive services that are covered at no cost under Original Medicare, we also cover the service at no cost to you.
- If Medicare adds coverage for any new services during 2023, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services.
- Our plan covers all of your Medicare and Medicaid benefits at no cost to you. We have a single, integrated benefit package that includes your Medicare benefits (including Part D prescription drugs) and your Medicaid benefits along with extra supplemental benefits that ordinary Medicare and Medicaid don’t cover. The Medical Benefits Chart in this section lists all of these benefits for you in one place.
- If you are within our plan’s 6-month period of deemed continued eligibility, we will continue to provide all Medicare Advantage plan-covered Medicare benefits. However, during this period, Medicaid-only benefits may not be covered by our plan. To find out if a benefit is Medicaid-only, and/or to find out if it will be covered, you can call Member Services at the number on the back cover of this booklet. All of your Medicare services, including Medicare Part D prescription drugs, will continue to be covered at $0 cost sharing (no copayments, coinsurance, or deductibles) during the period of deemed continued eligibility.

You do not pay anything for the services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart, as long as you meet the coverage requirements described above.
Medical Benefits Chart

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Services that are covered for you</th>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Apple Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening</strong>&lt;br&gt;A one-time screening ultrasound for people at risk. The plan only covers this screening if you have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist.</td>
<td>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for this preventive screening.</td>
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</tbody>
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<tr>
<th>Acupuncture for chronic low back pain&lt;br&gt;Covered services include:&lt;br&gt;For the purpose of this benefit, chronic low back pain is defined as:</th>
<th>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Lasting 12 weeks or longer;&lt;br&gt;• nonspecific, in that it has no identifiable systemic cause (i.e., not associated with metastatic, inflammatory, infectious, disease, etc.);&lt;br&gt;• not associated with surgery; and&lt;br&gt;• not associated with pregnancy.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treatment must be discontinued if the patient is not improving or is regressing.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Provider Requirements:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Physicians (as defined in 1861(r)(1) of the Social Security Act (the Act)) may furnish acupuncture in accordance with applicable state requirements.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physician assistants (PAs), nurse practitioners (NPs)/clinical nurse specialists (CNSs) (as identified in 1861(aa)(5) of the Act), and auxiliary personnel may furnish acupuncture if they meet all applicable state requirements and have:</td>
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<tr>
<td>• a masters or doctoral level degree in acupuncture or Oriental Medicine from a school accredited by the Accreditation Commission on Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine (ACAOM); and,</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• a current, full, active, and unrestricted license to practice acupuncture in a State, Territory, or Commonwealth (i.e. Puerto Rico) of the United States, or District of Columbia.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auxiliary personnel furnishing acupuncture must be under the appropriate level of supervision of a physician, PA, or NP/CNS required by our regulations at 42 CFR §§ 410.26 and 410.27.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Services that are covered for you

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ambulance Services</th>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Covered ambulance services include fixed wing, rotary wing, and ground ambulance services, to the nearest appropriate facility that can provide care only if they are furnished to a member whose medical condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person’s health or if authorized by the plan.</td>
<td>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Non-emergency transportation by ambulance is appropriate if it is documented that the member’s condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person’s health and that transportation by ambulance is medically required.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Prior authorization is required for non-emergency transportation by fixed-wing aircraft.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Annual routine physical</th>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The annual routine physical is an extensive physical exam including a medical history collection and it may also include any of the following: vital signs, observation of general appearance, a head and neck exam, a heart and lung exam, an abdominal exam, a neurological exam, a dermatological exam, and an extremities exam.</td>
<td>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Coverage for this non-Medicare covered benefit is in addition to the Medicare-covered annual wellness visit and the “Welcome to Medicare” preventive visit. You may schedule your annual routine physical once each calendar year.

Preventive labs, screenings, and/or diagnostic tests received during this visit are subject to your lab and diagnostic test coverage. Please see “Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies” for more information.

**Apple Annual wellness visit**

If you’ve had Part B for longer than 12 months, you can get an annual wellness visit to develop or update a personalized prevention plan based on your current health and risk factors. This is covered once every 12 months.

*Note:* Your first annual wellness visit can’t take place within 12 months of your “Welcome to Medicare” preventive visit. However, you don’t need to have had a “Welcome to Medicare” visit to be covered for annual wellness visits after you’ve had Part B for 12 months.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Autism Spectrum Disorder Services</th>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Services that are covered for you

For all members with an Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD) diagnosis, the plan shall provide Applied Behavioral Analysis (ABA), augmentative and alternative communication services and devices, Sensory Integration (SI) services, allied health services (physical therapy, occupational therapy and speech therapy), and Developmental Relationship based services including but not limited to DIR, DIR Floortime and the Greenspan approach therapy.

*Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bone mass measurement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>For qualified individuals (generally, this means people at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis), the following services are covered every 24 months or more frequently if medically necessary: procedures to identify bone mass, detect bone loss, or determine bone quality, including a physician’s interpretation of the results.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Breast cancer screening (mammograms)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Covered services include:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• One baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• One screening mammogram each calendar year for women age 40 and older</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Clinical breast exams once every 12 months</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cardiac rehabilitation services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Comprehensive programs of cardiac rehabilitation services that include exercise, education, and counseling are covered for members who meet certain conditions with a doctor’s order. The plan also covers intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs that are typically more rigorous or more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cardiovascular disease risk reduction visit (therapy for cardiovascular disease)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>We cover one visit per year with your primary care doctor to help lower your risk for cardiovascular disease. During this visit, your doctor may discuss aspirin use (if appropriate), check your blood pressure, and give you tips to make sure you’re eating healthy.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cardiovascular disease testing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Blood tests for the detection of cardiovascular disease (or abnormalities associated with an elevated risk of cardiovascular disease) are covered annually for all members 20 years of age or older, and more frequently if medically necessary.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Services that are covered for you

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cervical and vaginal cancer screening</th>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Covered services include:</td>
<td>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• For all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams are covered once every 12 months</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chiropractic services</th>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Covered services include:</td>
<td>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Manual manipulation of the spine to correct subluxation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Clinical laboratory services; certain medical supplies; durable medical equipment; prefabricated orthoses; physical therapy services; and diagnostic radiological services when they are prescribed by a chiropractor within their scope of practice.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Colorectal cancer screening</th>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>For people 50 and older, the following are covered:</td>
<td>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Flexible sigmoidoscopy (or screening barium enema as an alternative) every 48 months</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two of each of the following per calendar year:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Guaiac-based fecal occult blood test (gFOBT)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• Fecal immunochemical test (FIT)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNA based colorectal screening every 3 years</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For people at high risk of colorectal cancer, we cover:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Screening colonoscopy (or screening barium enema as an alternative) every 24 months</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For people not at high risk of colorectal cancer, we cover:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Screening colonoscopy every 10 years (120 months), but not within 48 months of a screening sigmoidoscopy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dental services</th>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Coverage includes diagnostic, preventive, restorative, endodontic, periodontal, prosthetic, oral and maxillofacial surgical services, as well as other adjunctive general services.</td>
<td>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Services that are covered for you

Some procedures may require prior authorization with documentation of medical necessity. Orthodontic services are allowed for children and are age restricted and only approved with adequate documentation of a handicapping malocclusion or medical necessity.

Examples of covered services include (but are not limited to): oral evaluations (examinations); x-rays and other diagnostic imaging; dental cleaning (prophylaxis); topical fluoride treatments; fillings; crowns; root canal therapy; scaling and root planing; complete and partial dentures; oral surgical procedures (to include extractions); intravenous anesthesia/sedation (where medically necessary for oral surgical procedures).

Dental examinations, cleanings, fluoride treatment and any necessary x-rays are covered twice per rolling year.

Additional diagnostic, preventive and designated periodontal procedures can be considered for members with special health care needs.

To locate a network dental provider, you may contact Liberty Dental at 1-855-225-1727.

### Dental treatment in an operating room or ambulatory surgical center is covered with prior authorization and documentation of medical necessity.

Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.

#### Depression screening

We cover one screening for depression per year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can provide follow-up treatment and/or referrals.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual depression screening visit.

#### Diabetes screening

We cover this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors: high blood pressure (hypertension), history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia), obesity, or a history of high blood sugar (glucose). Tests may also be covered if you meet other requirements, like being overweight and having a family history of diabetes.

Based on the results of these tests, you may be eligible for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Services that are covered for you</th>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Some procedures may require prior authorization with documentation of medical necessity. Orthodontic services are allowed for children and are age restricted and only approved with adequate documentation of a handicapping malocclusion or medical necessity.</td>
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<td>Examples of covered services include (but are not limited to): oral evaluations (examinations); x-rays and other diagnostic imaging; dental cleaning (prophylaxis); topical fluoride treatments; fillings; crowns; root canal therapy; scaling and root planing; complete and partial dentures; oral surgical procedures (to include extractions); intravenous anesthesia/sedation (where medically necessary for oral surgical procedures).</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dental examinations, cleanings, fluoride treatment and any necessary x-rays are covered twice per rolling year.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional diagnostic, preventive and designated periodontal procedures can be considered for members with special health care needs.</td>
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<tr>
<td>To locate a network dental provider, you may contact Liberty Dental at 1-855-225-1727.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dental treatment in an operating room or ambulatory surgical center is covered with prior authorization and documentation of medical necessity.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Apple</strong> Depression screening</td>
<td>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual depression screening visit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>We cover one screening for depression per year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can provide follow-up treatment and/or referrals.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Apple</strong> Diabetes screening</td>
<td>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>We cover this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors: high blood pressure (hypertension), history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia), obesity, or a history of high blood sugar (glucose). Tests may also be covered if you meet other requirements, like being overweight and having a family history of diabetes.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Services that are covered for you</td>
<td>What you must pay when you get these services</td>
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<tr>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services and supplies</strong></td>
<td>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For all people who have diabetes (insulin and non-insulin users). Covered services include:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Supplies to monitor your blood glucose: Blood glucose monitor, blood glucose test strips, lancet devices and lancets, and glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease: One pair per calendar year of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts provided with such shoes) and two additional pairs of inserts, or one pair of depth shoes and three pairs of inserts (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such shoes). Coverage includes fitting.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Diabetes self-management training is covered under certain conditions.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notes:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• We cover diabetic supplies made by OneTouch/LifeScan. We exclusively cover OneTouch/LifeScan glucose monitors and test strips. We also cover OneTouch/LifeScan lancets, solutions and lancing devices. You should order your LifeScan starter kit, including the model of meter you prefer, by contacting LifeScan directly at 1-877-764-5390. Use order code: 123AET200. LifeScan will send you a starter kit in the mail that includes the meter you selected, a small supply of lancets and test strips, as well as usage and educational materials. You should also reach out to your physician to obtain a prescription for LifeScan test strips that you can fill at your network pharmacy.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• We do not cover other brands of monitors and test strips unless you or your provider requests a medical exception and it is approved.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Non-LifeScan monitors and test strips without a medical exception, or a medical exception that is not approved, will not be covered.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Continuous Glucose Monitors (CGMs) are considered Durable Medical Equipment (DME).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Prior authorization is required for more than one blood glucose monitor per year and/or test strips in excess of 100 strips per 30 days.</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Prior authorization may be required for diabetic shoes and inserts.</strong></td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
### Services that are covered for you

#### Prior authorization is the responsibility of your provider.

**Doula services**  
The services of a doula are covered. A doula is a trained professional who provides continuous physical, emotional, and informational support to the birthing parent throughout the perinatal period. A doula can also provide informational support for community-based resources. A doula does not replace a licensed medical professional, and cannot perform clinical tasks. Prior to the initiation of visits, doula care must be recommended by a licensed practitioner.  

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.

#### Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies  
*(For a definition of “durable medical equipment,” see Chapter 11 of this booklet.)*

Covered items include, but are not limited to: wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, and walkers.

We cover all medically necessary DME covered by Original Medicare. If our supplier in your area does not carry a particular brand or manufacturer, you may ask them if they can special order it for you. The most recent list of suppliers is available on our website at: AetnaBetterHealth.com/New-Jersey-hmosnp.

If you (or your provider) don’t agree with the plan’s coverage decision, you or your provider may file an appeal. You can also file an appeal if you don’t agree with your provider’s decision about what product or brand is appropriate for your medical condition. (For more information about appeals, see Chapter 8, *What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints).*

#### Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.

**Emergency care**  
Emergency care refers to services that are:

- Furnished by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services, and
- Needed to evaluate or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent
## Services that are covered for you

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>loss of life, (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Emergency care is covered worldwide.

**EPSDT (Early and Periodic Screening Diagnosis and Treatment)**

For members under 21 years of age, the following are covered: well child care, preventive screenings, medical examinations, vision and hearing screenings and services, immunizations, lead screening, and private duty nursing services. Private duty nursing is covered for eligible EPSDT beneficiaries under 21 years of age who live in the community and whose medical condition and treatment plan justify the need.

Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.

**Extra benefits card**

You will receive a $400 quarterly allowance on a preloaded debit card to be used towards the following:

- **Healthy Foods**
  - Benefit can be used towards the purchase of healthy and nutritious foods and produce. Approved items can be purchased at approved retail locations as well as online at Aetna.NationsBenefits.com and over the phone at 1-877-204-1817 (TTY: 711). For a complete list of covered items or approved retail locations, you may visit Aetna.NationsBenefits.com or use the Nations mobile app. Approved food items are healthy options and will be allowed for retail purchase using your preloaded debit card at the register if they are a plan-approved item. Please see your member materials for more information on items that you will be able to purchase.

  Your allowance is quarterly and any unused funds will not roll over and will be forfeited. The debit card will be provided by mail.

  Please call NationsBenefits Member Experience Advisor 1-877-204-1817 (TTY: 711), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week for more information on this benefit.

- **Fall prevention**
  - Our plan provides you with a $150 allowance every year for purchasing certain clinically appropriate home and bathroom safety devices that can help you manage physical impairments and improve your ability to move safely around your home.

  There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Services that are covered for you</th>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Please call Member Services at 1-844-362-0934 (TTY: 711) if you have questions about these safety items or to learn more about this benefit. Covered items will be shipped directly to you. You will be responsible for installation and assembly. There is a limit of 3 orders per year, even if you have not exceeded the annual allowance.</td>
<td>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Family planning services and supplies</strong> Covered services include medical history and physical examination (including pelvis and breast), diagnostic and laboratory tests, drugs and biologicals, medical supplies and devices (including pregnancy test kits, condoms, diaphragms, Depo-Provera injections, and other contraceptive supplies and devices), counseling, continuing medical supervision, continuity of care and genetic counseling. Services furnished by out-of-network providers are covered directly by Medicaid Fee-for-Service.</td>
<td>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fitness Program (Physical fitness)</strong> You are covered for a basic membership to any SilverSneakers® participating fitness facility. At-home fitness kits and online classes are also available if you do not reside near a participating club or prefer to exercise at home. You may order one fitness kit per year through SilverSneakers. You will also have access to online enrichment classes to support your health and wellness, as well as your mental fitness. Health and wellness classes include, but are not limited to: cooking, food &amp; nutrition, and mindfulness. Mental fitness classes include, but are not limited to: new skills, organization, self help, and staying connected. These classes can be accessed online by visiting SilverSneakers.com. To get started, you will need your SilverSneakers ID number. Please visit SilverSneakers.com or call SilverSneakers at 1-888-423-4632 (TTY/TDD: 711) to obtain this ID number. Then, bring this ID number with you when you visit a participating fitness facility. Information about participating facilities can be found by using the SilverSneakers website or by calling SilverSneakers.</td>
<td>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Health and wellness education programs</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- <strong>24-Hour Nurse Line</strong>: Talk to a registered nurse 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Please call 1-844-362-0934 (For TTY/TDD assistance, please dial 711).</td>
<td>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Services that are covered for you</td>
<td>What you must pay when you get these services</td>
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<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hearing services</strong></td>
<td>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations performed by your provider to determine if you need medical treatment are covered as outpatient care when furnished by a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider. We cover routine hearing exams, diagnostic hearing exams and balance exams, otologic and hearing aid examinations prior to prescribing hearing aids, exams for the purpose of fitting hearing aids, follow-up exams and adjustments, and repairs after warranty expiration. Hearing aids, as well as associated accessories and supplies, are covered. <strong>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</strong></td>
<td>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HIV screening</strong></td>
<td>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For people who ask for an HIV screening test or who are at increased risk for HIV infection, we cover:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• One screening exam every 12 months</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For women who are pregnant, we cover:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Up to three screening exams during a pregnancy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Home health agency care</strong></td>
<td>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior to receiving home health services, a doctor must certify that you need home health services and will order home health services to be provided by a home health agency. You must be homebound, which means leaving home is a major effort. Covered services include, but are not limited to:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Medical and social services</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Medical equipment and supplies</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</strong></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
### Home infusion therapy

Home infusion therapy involves the intravenous or subcutaneous administration of drugs or biologicals to an individual at home. The components needed to perform home infusion include the drug (for example, antivirals, immune globulin), equipment (for example, a pump), and supplies (for example, tubing and catheters).

Prior to receiving home infusion services, they must be ordered by a doctor and included in your care plan.

Covered services include, but are not limited to:

- Professional services, including nursing services, furnished in accordance with the plan of care
- Patient training and education not otherwise covered under the durable medical equipment benefit
- Remote monitoring
- Monitoring services for the provision of home infusion therapy and home infusion drugs furnished by a qualified home infusion therapy supplier

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.

### Hospice care

You are eligible for the hospice benefit when your doctor and the hospice medical director have given you a terminal prognosis certifying that you’re terminally ill and have 6 months or less to live if your illness runs its normal course. You may receive care from any Medicare-certified hospice program. Your plan is obligated to help you find Medicare-certified hospice programs in the plan’s service area, including those the MA organization owns, controls, or has a financial interest in. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider.

Covered services include:

- Drugs for symptom control and pain relief
- Short-term respite care
- Home care

The plan also cover certain durable medical equipment, as well as spiritual and grief counseling. For members under 21 years of age, both palliative and curative care are covered.

For hospice services and for services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are related to your terminal prognosis: Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay your hospice provider for your hospice services and your Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis are paid for by Original Medicare, not Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP).
## Services that are covered for you

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Services that are covered for you</th>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>services related to your terminal prognosis. While you are in the hospice program, your hospice provider will bill Original Medicare for the services that Original Medicare pays for.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>For services that are covered by Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) but are not covered by Medicare Part A or B:</strong> Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) will continue to cover plan-covered services that are not covered under Part A or B whether or not they are related to your terminal prognosis.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>For drugs that may be covered by the plan’s Part D benefit:</strong> Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. For more information, please see Chapter 5, Section 9.3 (What if you’re in Medicare-certified hospice).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Note:</strong> If you need non-hospice care (care that is not related to your terminal prognosis), you should contact us to arrange the services. All of your medical care not related to your terminal prognosis is covered as it normally would be.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Our plan covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill person who hasn’t elected the hospice benefit.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Immunizations

Covered Medicare Part B services include:

- Pneumonia vaccine
- Flu shots, once each flu season in the fall and winter, with additional flu shots if medically necessary
- Hepatitis B vaccine if you are at high or intermediate risk of getting Hepatitis B
- COVID-19 vaccine
- Other vaccines if you are at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules

We also cover some vaccines under our Part D prescription drug benefit.

The full childhood immunization schedule is covered for members under the age of 21.

### Inpatient hospital care

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.
Chapter 4  Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Services that are covered for you</th>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, long-term care hospitals and other types of inpatient hospital services. Inpatient hospital care starts the day you are formally admitted to the hospital with a doctor's order. The day before you are discharged is your last inpatient day.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Covered services include but are not limited to:</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Semi-private room (or a private room if medically necessary)</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Meals including special diets</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Regular nursing services</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>- Costs of special care units (such as intensive care or coronary care units)</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Drugs and medications</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Lab tests</td>
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<tr>
<td>- X-rays and other radiology services</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Necessary surgical and medical supplies</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>- Use of appliances, such as wheelchairs</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Operating and recovery room costs</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>- Physical, occupational, and speech language therapy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Inpatient substance abuse disorder treatment services</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Under certain conditions, the following types of transplants are covered: corneal, kidney, kidney-pancreatic, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. If you need a transplant, we will arrange to have your case reviewed by a Medicare-approved transplant center that will decide whether you are a candidate for a transplant. Transplant providers may be local or outside of the service area. If our in-network transplant services are outside the community pattern of care, you may choose to go locally as long as the local transplant providers are willing to accept the Original Medicare rate. If Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) provides transplant services at a location outside the pattern of care for transplants in your community and you choose to obtain transplants at this distant location, we will arrange or pay for appropriate lodging and transportation costs for you and a companion.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Blood – including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need. All components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint used.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Physician services</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an “outpatient.” If you are not sure if you are an inpatient or an outpatient, you should ask the hospital
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Services that are covered for you</th>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called “Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!” This fact sheet is available on the Web at [www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf](http://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf) or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

**Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.**

**Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital**
- Covered services include mental health care services that require a hospital stay.
- The plan covers inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital.
- All members are covered by the plan for acute inpatient hospitalization in a general hospital, regardless of the admitting diagnosis or treatment.
- Services in a general hospital, psychiatric unit of an acute care hospital, Short Term Care Facility (STCF), or critical access hospital are covered.
- Inpatient Medical Detox (Medically Managed Inpatient Withdrawal Management in a hospital setting) is covered.

**Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.**

**Managed long term services and supports (MLTSS)**
The MLTSS program provides home- and community-based services for members that require the level of care typically provided in a nursing facility, and allows them to receive necessary care in a residential or community setting.

MLTSS services include (but are not limited to): assisted living services; cognitive, speech, occupational, and physical therapy; chore services; home-delivered meals; residential modifications (such as the installation of ramps or grab bars); vehicle modifications; social adult day care; and non-medical transportation.

MLTSS is available to members who meet certain clinical and financial requirements.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital</th>
<th>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</td>
<td>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Managed long term services and supports (MLTSS)**

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.
### Services that are covered for you

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Meal benefit**  
After discharge from an Inpatient Acute Hospital, Inpatient Psychiatric Hospital or Skilled Nursing Facility to your home, you may be eligible to receive up to 28 meals over a 14-day period delivered to your home. After our plan confirms that this benefit will help support your recovery or manage your health conditions, and is not based solely on convenience or comfort purposes, you will be contacted by our partner, GA Foods, to schedule delivery.  
*Note:* Observation stays do not qualify you for this benefit. |
| **Medical day care**  
Covers preventive, diagnostic, therapeutic and rehabilitative services under medical and nursing supervision in an ambulatory care setting to meet the needs of individuals with physical and/or cognitive impairments in order to support their community living.  
**Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.** |
| **Medical nutrition therapy**  
This benefit is for people with diabetes, renal (kidney) disease (but not on dialysis), or after a kidney transplant when ordered by your doctor.  
We cover 3 hours of one-on-one counseling services during your first year that you receive medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare (this includes our plan, any other Medicare Advantage plan, or Original Medicare), and 2 hours each year after that. If your condition, treatment, or diagnosis changes, you may be able to receive more hours of treatment with a physician’s order. A physician must prescribe these services and renew their order yearly if your treatment is needed into the next calendar year.  
**Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.** |
| **Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP)**  
MDPP services will be covered for eligible Medicare beneficiaries under all Medicare health plans.  
MDPP is a structured health behavior change intervention that provides practical training in long-term dietary change, increased physical activity, and problem-solving strategies for overcoming challenges to sustaining weight loss and a healthy lifestyle.  
**Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.** |
| **What you must pay when you get these services** |
| There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for covered meals. |
| There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible. |
| There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered medical nutrition therapy services. |
| There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the MDPP benefit. |
### Services that are covered for you

**Medicare Part B prescription drugs**
These drugs are covered under Part B of Original Medicare. Members of our plan receive coverage for these drugs through our plan.

Covered drugs include:

- Drugs that usually aren’t self-administered by the patient and are injected or infused while you are getting physician, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgical center services
- Drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that were authorized by the plan
- Clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia
- Immunosuppressive drugs, if you were enrolled in Medicare Part A at the time of the organ transplant
- Injectable osteoporosis drugs, if you are homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to post-menopausal osteoporosis, and cannot self-administer the drug
- Antigens
- Certain oral anti-cancer drugs and anti-nausea drugs
- Certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin when medically necessary, topical anesthetics, and erythropoiesis-stimulating agents (such as Epogen®, Procrit®, Epoetin Alfa, Aranesp®, or Darbepoetin Alfa)
- Intravenous Immune Globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases

The following link will take you to a list of Part B Drugs that may be subject to Step Therapy: [AetnaBetterHealth.com/new-jersey-hmosnp/providers/prior-authorization.html](http://AetnaBetterHealth.com/new-jersey-hmosnp/providers/prior-authorization.html)

We also cover some vaccines under our Part B and Part D prescription drug benefit.

Chapter 5 explains the Part D prescription drug benefit, including rules you must follow to have prescriptions covered.

**Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.**

![Obesity screening and therapy to promote sustained weight loss](image)
If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we cover intensive counseling to help you lose weight. This counseling is covered if you get it in a primary care setting, where it can be coordinated with your comprehensive prevention plan. Talk to your primary care doctor or

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Part B drugs may be subject to step therapy requirements.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for preventive obesity screening and therapy.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Services that are covered for you</th>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>practitioner to find out more.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Opioid treatment program services</strong></td>
<td><strong>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Members of our plan with opioid use disorder (OUD) can receive coverage of services to treat OUD through an Opioid Treatment Program (OTP) which includes the following services:</td>
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<tr>
<td>- U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved opioid agonist and antagonist medication-assisted treatment (MAT) medications</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Dispensing and administration of MAT medications (if applicable)</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Substance use disorder counseling</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Individual and group therapy</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Toxicology testing</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Intake activities</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Periodic assessments</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies</strong></td>
<td><strong>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</td>
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<tr>
<td>- X-rays</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Radiation (radium and isotope) therapy including technician materials and supplies</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Surgical supplies, such as dressings</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Laboratory tests</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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<td>- Blood — including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need. All other components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint used.</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Other outpatient diagnostic tests</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Outpatient hospital observation</strong></td>
<td><strong>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Observation services are hospital outpatient services given to determine if you need to be admitted as an inpatient or can be discharged.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>For outpatient hospital observation services to be covered, they must</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
### Services that are covered for you

meet the Medicare criteria and be considered reasonable and necessary. Observation services are covered only when provided by the order of a physician or another individual authorized by state licensure law and hospital staff bylaws to admit patients to the hospital or order outpatient tests.

**Note:** Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an “outpatient.” If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.

You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called “Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!” This fact sheet is available on the Web at [https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf](https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf) or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

### What you must pay when you get these services

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Coverage Area</th>
<th>Payment Requirement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Observation services</strong></td>
<td>No coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Outpatient hospital services

We cover medically–necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury.

Covered services include, but are not limited to:

- Services in an emergency department or outpatient clinic, such as observation services or outpatient surgery
- Laboratory and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital
- Mental health care, including care in a partial-hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be required without it
- X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital
- Medical supplies such as splints and casts
- Certain drugs and biologicals that you can’t give yourself

**Note:** Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an “outpatient.” If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.

You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called “Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!” This fact sheet is available on the Web at [https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf](https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf) or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
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<th>Services that are covered for you</th>
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<td>users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</strong></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
| **Outpatient mental health care**  
Covered services include:  
Mental health services provided by a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist, nurse practitioner, physician assistant, or other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws. Services provided by an Independent Practitioner Network or IPN (Psychiatrist, Psychologist or APN) are also covered.  
Additionally, the plan covers the following services:  
• Adult Mental Health Rehabilitation (Supervised Group Homes and Apartments)  
• Mental Health Outpatient (Clinic/Hospital Services)  
• Partial Care and Medication Management | There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible. |
| **Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.** | |
| **Outpatient rehabilitation services**  
Covered services include: physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy.  
Outpatient rehabilitation services are provided in various outpatient settings, such as hospital outpatient departments, independent therapist offices, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facilities (CORFs). | There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible. |
| **Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.** | |
| **Outpatient substance use disorder treatment services**  
The plan covers substance use disorder screening, referrals, prescription drugs, and treatment of conditions.  
Covered services include, but are not limited to, the following:  
• Non-Medical Detoxification/Non-Hospital based withdrawal | There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible. |
## Services that are covered for you

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Management</th>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Substance Use Disorder Short Term Residential</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Ambulatory withdrawal Management with extended on-site monitoring/Ambulatory Detoxification</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Substance Use Disorder Partial Care</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Substance Use Disorder Intensive Outpatient</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Substance Use Disorder Outpatient</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• Opioid Treatment Services (Methadone Medication Assisted Treatment)</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Opioid Treatment Services (Non-Methadone Medication Assisted Treatment)</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Peer Recovery Support Services (PRSS)</td>
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</table>

**Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.**

### Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers

**Note:** If you are having surgery in a hospital facility, you should check with your provider about whether you will be an inpatient or outpatient. Unless the provider writes an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an “outpatient.”

**Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.**

### Over-the-Counter (OTC) items

You will receive a $360 quarterly allowance on a preloaded debit card to be used towards the following:

Over-the-counter items: The purchase of covered plan-approved OTC items purchased either through mail order or in a participating retail store using a preloaded debit card. Mail order items are shipped directly to your home with 2-day shipping. If your purchase exceeds your available balance, you may use an alternative form of payment to pay for the remaining purchase balance.

For a complete list of covered items, please refer to the NationsOTC catalog or you can look up items online or through the NationsBenefits mobile application. Approved OTC items are wellness-related and will be allowed for retail purchase using your preloaded debit card at the register if they are a plan-approved item.

**There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.**

**This benefit includes certain nicotine replacement therapies.**
## Services that are covered for you

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Services that are covered for you</th>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reimbursement for the purchase of OTC items is based on submitted receipts and allowed only in the situation where the debit card is not working correctly due to a technical issue during the card swipe. Please submit a completed reimbursement form and upload supporting receipts online at Aetna.NationsBenefits.com or call NationsBenefits at 1-877-204-1817 (TTY: 711) to speak with a Member Experience Advisor for more information. Only eligible items will be considered for reimbursement. Your allowance is quarterly and any unused funds will not roll over and will be forfeited. The debit card will be provided by mail. Note: Your separate OTC allowance is in addition to the allowance on your Extra Benefits card and will be on the same preloaded debit card. Both allowances will be tracked separately for you. OTC Vendor: Nations NationsBenefits OTC coverage includes approved OTC items and products, shipped directly to your home in two business days. Orders can be placed 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, in the following ways: • Online – Visit aetna.nationsbenefits.com. • By Phone – Call a Nations OTC Member Experience Advisor at 1-877-204-1817 (TTY: 711), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. • By Mail – Fill out and return the order form in the product catalog. • Retail – Visit participating retail locations and purchase approved items. Ordered items are for enrollees only. You can visit aetna.nationsbenefits.com or use the NationsBenefits mobile application to identify participating retail locations and eligible items for purchase.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

## Partial hospitalization services

“Partial hospitalization” is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment provided as a hospital outpatient service, or by a community mental health center, that is more intense than the care received in your doctor’s or therapist’s office and is an alternative to inpatient hospitalization. Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.

## Personal care assistance (PCA)

Covers health-related tasks performed by a qualified individual in a beneficiary's home, under the supervision of a registered professional nurse, as certified by a physician in accordance with a beneficiary's

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.
## Services that are covered for you

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>written plan of care.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Personal emergency response system**  
We cover a personal emergency response system to provide you with access to help in the event of an emergency, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. This benefit includes the equipment (in-home or mobile with GPS), shipping, fulfillment, monitoring and customer service. You may call LifeStation at this toll free number 1-855-798-9948 to sign up. | | There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible. |
| **Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits**  
Covered services include: | | There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible. |
| - Medically-necessary medical care or surgery services furnished in a physician's office, certified ambulatory surgical center, hospital outpatient department, or any other location | |
| - Consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist | |
| - Basic hearing and balance exams performed by your specialist, if your doctor orders it to see if you need medical treatment | |
| - Certain telehealth services, as long as your provider can offer these services via telehealth, including: | |
|   - Primary care physician services | |
|   - Physician specialist services | |
|   - Diabetes self-management training services | |
|   - Kidney disease education services | |
|   - Mental health services (individual sessions) | |
|   - Mental health services (group sessions) | |
|   - Occupational therapy services | |
|   - Opioid treatment services | |
|   - Outpatient substance abuse services (individual sessions) | |
|   - Outpatient substance abuse services (group sessions) | |
|   - Physical and speech therapy services | |
|   - Psychiatric services (individual sessions) | |
|   - Psychiatric services (group sessions) | |
|   - Urgently needed services | |
| - This coverage is in addition to the telehealth services described below. | |
|   - You have the option of getting these services through an in-person visit or by telehealth. If you choose to get one of these services by telehealth, you must use a network provider who offers the service by telehealth. Not all providers offer telehealth services. | |
Services that are covered for you

- You should contact your doctor for information on what telehealth services they offer and how to schedule a telehealth visit.
  Depending on location, you may also have the option to schedule a telehealth visit 24 hours a day, 7 days a week via Teladoc, MinuteClinic Video Visit, or other provider that offers telehealth services covered under your plan. You can access Teladoc at Teladoc.com/Aetna or by calling 1-855-TELADOC (1-855-835-2362) (TTY: 711). You can find out if MinuteClinic Video Visits are available in your area at CVS.com/MinuteClinic/virtual-care/videovisit.

- Some telehealth services including consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a physician or practitioner, for patients in certain rural areas or other places approved by Medicare
- Telehealth services for monthly end-stage renal disease-related visits for home dialysis members in a hospital-based or critical access hospital-based renal dialysis center, renal dialysis facility, or the member’s home
- Telehealth services to diagnose, evaluate, or treat symptoms of a stroke, regardless of your location
- Telehealth services for members with a substance use disorder or co-occurring mental health disorder, regardless of their location
- Telehealth services for diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of mental health disorders
- Telehealth services for mental health visits provided by Rural Health Clinics and Federally Qualified Health Centers
- Virtual check-ins (for example, by phone or video chat) with your doctor for 5-10 minutes
- Evaluation of video and/or images you send to your doctor, and interpretation and follow-up by your doctor within 24 hours
- Consultation your doctor has with other doctors by phone, internet, or electronic health record
- Second opinion by another network provider prior to surgery
- Non-routine dental care (covered services are limited to surgery of the jaw or related structures, setting fractures of the jaw or facial bones, extraction of teeth to prepare the jaw for radiation treatments of neoplastic cancer disease, or services that would be covered when provided by a physician)

Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.

Podiatry services
Covered services include:

What you must pay when you get these services

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.
### Services that are covered for you

- Diagnosis and the medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the feet (such as hammer toe or heel spurs)
- Routine foot care for members with certain medical conditions affecting the lower limbs
- Routine exams
- Therapeutic shoes or inserts for those with severe diabetic foot disease, and exams to fit those shoes or inserts

### What you must pay when you get these services

- **Private duty nursing**
  
  Covered for eligible beneficiaries under 21 years of age who live in the community and whose medical condition and treatment plan justify the need. It is covered for MLTSS members of any age.
  
  **Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.**

  There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.

- **Prostate cancer screening exams**
  
  For men age 50 and older (and for men 40 and older with a family history of prostate cancer or other risk factors), covered services include the following – once every 12 months:
  
  - Digital rectal exam
  - Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) test

  There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.

- **Prosthetic devices and related supplies**
  
  Devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of a body part or function. These include but are not limited to: colostomy bags and supplies directly related to colostomy care, pacemakers, braces, prosthetic shoes, artificial limbs, and breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy). Includes certain supplies related to prosthetic devices, and repair and/or replacement of prosthetic devices. Also includes some coverage following cataract removal or cataract surgery – see “Vision care” later in this section for more detail.

  **Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.**

  There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.

- **Pulmonary rehabilitation services**
  
  Comprehensive programs of pulmonary rehabilitation are covered for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and an order for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor treating the chronic respiratory disease.

  There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.

- **Screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse**

  There is no coinsurance,
### Services that are covered for you

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Services to treat kidney disease</th>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Covered services include:</td>
<td>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### What you must pay when you get these services

- copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse preventive benefit.
- There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare covered counseling and shared decision–making visit or for the LDCT.
- There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Services that are covered for you</th>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>We cover one alcohol misuse screening for adults with Medicare (including pregnant women) who misuse alcohol but aren’t alcohol dependent. If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you can get up to 4 brief face-to-face counseling sessions per year (if you’re competent and alert during counseling) provided by a qualified primary care doctor or practitioner in a primary care setting.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT)</strong>&lt;br&gt;For qualified individuals, a LDCT is covered every 12 months. <strong>Eligible members are:</strong> people aged 50–77 years who have no signs or symptoms of lung cancer, but who have a history of tobacco smoking of at least 20 pack-years and who currently smoke or have quit smoking within the last 15 years, who receive a written order for LDCT during a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision making visit that meets the Medicare criteria for such visits and be furnished by a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. <strong>For LDCT lung cancer screenings after the initial LDCT screening:</strong> the member must receive a written order for LDCT lung cancer screening, which may be furnished during any appropriate visit with a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. If a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner elects to provide a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit for subsequent lung cancer screenings with LDCT, the visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Screening for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and counseling to prevent STIs</strong>&lt;br&gt;We cover sexually transmitted infection (STI) screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and Hepatitis B. These screenings are covered for pregnant women and for certain people who are at increased risk for an STI when the tests are ordered by a primary care provider. We cover these tests once every 12 months or at certain times during pregnancy. We also cover up to 2 individual 20 to 30 minute, face-to-face high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. We will only cover these counseling sessions as a preventive service if they are provided by a primary care provider and take place in a primary care setting, such as a doctor’s office.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Services that are covered for you</td>
<td>What you must pay when you get these services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help members make informed decisions about their care. For members with stage IV chronic kidney disease when referred by their doctor, we cover up to six sessions of kidney disease education services per lifetime</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Outpatient dialysis treatments (including dialysis treatments when temporarily out of the service area, as explained in Chapter 3, or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Inpatient dialysis treatments (if you are admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Self-dialysis training (includes training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Home dialysis equipment and supplies</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Certain home support services (such as, when necessary, visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and check your dialysis equipment and water supply)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Certain drugs for dialysis are covered under your Medicare Part B drug benefit. For information about coverage for Part B Drugs, please go to the section, “Medicare Part B prescription drugs.”

**Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.**

**Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care**
(For a definition of “skilled nursing facility care,” see Chapter 11 of this booklet. Skilled nursing facilities are sometimes called “SNFs.”)

Covered services include but are not limited to:

- Semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary)
- Meals, including special diets
- Skilled nursing services
- Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy
- Drugs administered to you as part of your plan of care (This includes substances that are naturally present in the body, such as blood clotting factors.)
- Blood — including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need. All components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint used.
- Medical and surgical supplies ordinarily provided by SNFs

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.
### Services that are covered for you

- Laboratory tests ordinarily provided by SNFs
- X-rays and other radiology services ordinarily provided by SNFs
- Use of appliances such as wheelchairs ordinarily provided by SNFs
- Physician/Practitioner services

Generally, you will get your SNF care from network facilities. However, under certain conditions listed below, you may be able to get your care from a facility that isn’t a network provider, if the facility accepts our plan’s amounts for payment.

- A nursing home or continuing care retirement community where you were living right before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides skilled nursing facility care)
- A SNF where your spouse is living at the time you leave the hospital
- Long Term (custodial) care in a Nursing Facility is covered for those who meet Nursing Facility level of care criteria.

### Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.

#### Smoking and tobacco use cessation (counseling to stop smoking or tobacco use)

If you use tobacco, but do not have signs or symptoms of tobacco-related disease: We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period as a preventive service with no cost to you. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.

If you use tobacco and have been diagnosed with a tobacco-related disease or are taking medicine that may be affected by tobacco: We cover cessation counseling services. We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.

The plan also covers over-the-counter (OTC) smoking cessation products, including nicotine gums, nicotine lozenges and nicotine patches.

#### Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET)

SET is covered for members who have symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD).

Up to 36 sessions over a 12-week period are covered if the SET program requirements are met.
## Services that are covered for you

The SET program must:

- Consist of sessions lasting 30-60 minutes, comprising a therapeutic exercise-training program for PAD in patients with claudication
- Be conducted in a hospital outpatient setting or a physician’s office
- Be delivered by qualified auxiliary personnel necessary to ensure benefits exceed harms, and who are trained in exercise therapy for PAD
- Be under the direct supervision of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist who must be trained in both basic and advanced life support techniques

SET may be covered beyond 36 sessions over 12 weeks for an additional 36 sessions over an extended period of time if deemed medically necessary by a health care provider.

### Transportation services (non-emergency)

Non-emergency transportation, such as mobile assistance vehicles (MAVs); non-emergency basic life support (BLS) ambulance (stretcher); and livery transportation services (such as bus and train fare or passes, or car service and reimbursement for mileage), are covered directly by Medicaid Fee-for-Service.

All non-emergency transportation is arranged through the state’s transportation vendor, Modivcare. To schedule transportation, call Modivcare at 1-866-527-9933. You can also ask your PCP or Care Manager to help you arrange this service. Please call Member Services for more information at 1-844-362-0934. (TTY users should call 711). Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week.

### Urgently needed services

Urgently needed services are provided to treat a non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care but, given your circumstances, it is not possible, or it is unreasonable, to obtain services from network providers. Examples of urgently needed services that the plan must cover out of network are i) you need immediate care during the weekend, or ii) you are temporarily outside the service area of the plan. Services must be immediately needed and medically necessary. If it is unreasonable given your circumstances to immediately obtain the medical care from a network provider then your plan will cover the urgently needed services from a provider out-of-network.

Urgently needed services are covered worldwide.
## Services that are covered for you

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vision care</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Covered services include:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Outpatient physician services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye, including a comprehensive eye exam once per year, and treatment for age-related macular degeneration.
- For people who are at high risk of glaucoma, we will cover one glaucoma screening each year. People at high risk of glaucoma include: people with a family history of glaucoma, people with diabetes, African-Americans who are age 50 and older and Hispanic Americans who are 65 or older. For all other members age 35 or older, a glaucoma screening is covered every five years.
- For people with diabetes, screening for diabetic retinopathy is covered once per year.
- One pair of eyeglasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery that includes insertion of an intraocular lens. (If you have two separate cataract operations, you cannot reserve the benefit after the first surgery and purchase two eyeglasses after the second surgery.)
- Optometrist services and optical appliances, including artificial eyes, low vision devices, vision training devices, and intraocular lenses, are covered.
- Replacement lenses and frames (or contact lenses) are covered once every 24 months for beneficiaries age 19 through 59, and once per year for those 18 years of age or younger and those 60 years of age or older.

**Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>“Welcome to Medicare” preventive visit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The plan covers the one-time “Welcome to Medicare” preventive visit. The visit includes a review of your health, as well as education and counseling about the preventive services you need (including certain screenings and shots), and referrals for other care if needed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Important:** We cover the “Welcome to Medicare” preventive visit only within the first 12 months you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, let your doctor’s office know you would like to schedule your “Welcome to Medicare” preventive visit.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## SECTION 3 What services are not covered by the plan?
This section tells you what services are “excluded”.

The chart below describes some services and items that aren’t covered by the plan under any conditions or are covered by the plan only under specific conditions.

If you get services that are excluded (not covered), you must pay for them yourself except under the specific conditions listed below. Even if you receive the excluded services at an emergency facility, the excluded services are still not covered and our plan will not pay for them. The only exception is if the service is appealed and decided upon appeal to be a medical service that we should have paid for or covered because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a medical service, go to Chapter 8, Section 6.3 in this booklet.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Services not covered by Medicare</th>
<th>Not covered under any condition</th>
<th>Covered only under specific conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acupuncture</td>
<td>Covered</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cosmetic surgery or procedures</td>
<td>Covered in cases of an accidental injury or for improvement of the functioning of a malformed body member. Covered for all stages of reconstruction for a breast after a mastectomy, as well as for the unaffected breast to produce a symmetrical appearance.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Custodial care</td>
<td>Covered by the plan for members who meet Nursing Facility level of care criteria.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Custodial care is personal care that does not require the continuing attention of trained medical or paramedical personnel, such as care that helps you with activities of daily living, such as bathing or dressing.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Services not covered by Medicare</th>
<th>Not covered under any condition</th>
<th>Covered only under specific conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Experimental medical and surgical procedures, equipment and medications.</td>
<td></td>
<td>May be covered by Original Medicare under a Medicare-approved clinical research study or by our plan. (See Chapter 3, Section 5 for more information on clinical research studies.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Experimental procedures and items are those items and procedures determined by Original Medicare to not be generally accepted by the medical community.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fees charged for care by your immediate relatives or members of your household.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Full-time nursing care in your home.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Private duty nursing is covered for members with EPSDT or MLTSS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Home-delivered meals</td>
<td></td>
<td>Our plan provides some coverage for home-delivered meals as described in the Medical Benefits Chart. Home-delivered meals are covered for members with MLTSS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homemaker services including basic household assistance, such as light housekeeping or light meal preparation.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Chore services are covered for members with MLTSS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naturopath services (uses natural or alternative treatments).</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-routine dental care</td>
<td></td>
<td>Dental care required to treat illness or injury may be covered as inpatient or outpatient care.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orthopedic shoes or supportive devices for the feet</td>
<td></td>
<td>If shoes are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost of the brace, or the shoes are for a person with diabetic foot disease.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Services not covered by Medicare</th>
<th>Not covered under any condition</th>
<th>Covered only under specific conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Personal items in your room at a hospital or a skilled nursing facility, such as a telephone or a television.</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private room in a hospital</td>
<td></td>
<td>Covered only when medically necessary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reversal of sterilization procedures and or non-prescription contraceptive supplies.</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routine chiropractic care</td>
<td></td>
<td>Manual manipulation of the spine to correct a subluxation is covered.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routine dental care, such as cleanings, fillings or dentures.</td>
<td></td>
<td>The plan's coverage includes services such as clinical laboratory services; certain medical supplies; durable medical equipment; prefabricated orthoses; physical therapy services; and diagnostic radiological services when they are prescribed by a chiropractor within their scope of practice.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routine eye examinations, eyeglasses, radial keratotomy, LASIK surgery, and other low vision aids.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Eye exam and one pair of eyeglasses (or contact lenses) are covered for people after cataract surgery. Other services and screening are covered as well.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routine foot care</td>
<td></td>
<td>Some limited coverage provided according to Medicare guidelines (e.g., if you have diabetes). The plan also covers routine exams.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Chapter 4  Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Services not covered by Medicare</th>
<th>Not covered under any condition</th>
<th>Covered only under specific conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Routine hearing exams, hearing aids, or exams to fit hearing aids</td>
<td></td>
<td>The plan provides coverage for routine hearing exams, hearing aids, and exams to fit hearing aids.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Services considered not reasonable and necessary, according to Original Medicare</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs
Chapter 5  Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

**How can you get information about your drug costs?**
Because you are eligible for Medicaid, you qualify for and are getting “Extra Help” from Medicare to pay for your prescription drug plan costs. Because you are in the “Extra Help” program, **some information in this Evidence of Coverage about the costs for Part D prescription drugs does not apply to you.**

**SECTION 1  Introduction**

This chapter **explains rules for using your coverage for Part D drugs.** Please see Chapter 4 for Medicare Part B drug benefits and hospice drug benefits.

In addition to the drugs covered by Medicare, some prescription drugs are covered for you under your Medicaid benefits. The Drug List tells you how to find out about your Medicaid drug coverage.

| Section 1.1  | Basic rules for the plan’s Part D drug coverage |

The plan will generally cover your drugs as long as you follow these basic rules:

- You must have a provider (a doctor, dentist, or other prescriber) write you a prescription which must be valid under applicable state law.
- Your prescriber must not be on Medicare’s Exclusion or Preclusion Lists.
- You generally must use a network pharmacy to fill your prescription. (See Section 2, **Fill your prescriptions at a network pharmacy or through the plan’s mail-order service**).
- Your drug must be on the plan’s List of Covered Drugs (Formulary) (we call it the “Drug List” for short). (See Section 3, **Your drugs need to be on the plan’s “Drug List”**).
- Your drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. A “medically accepted indication” is a use of the drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain reference books. (See Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.)

**SECTION 2  Fill your prescription at a network pharmacy or through the plan’s mail-order service**

| Section 2.1  | Use a network pharmacy |

In most cases, your prescriptions are covered only if they are filled at the plan’s network pharmacies. (See Section 2.5 for information about when we would cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies.)

A network pharmacy is a pharmacy that has a contract with the plan to provide your covered prescription drugs. The term “covered drugs” means all of the Part D prescription drugs that are on the plan’s Drug List.
Section 2.2  Network pharmacies

How do you find a network pharmacy in your area?

To find a network pharmacy, you can look in your Provider and Pharmacy Directory, visit our website (AetnaBetterHealth.com/New-Jersey-hmosnp/find-provider), and/or call Member Services.

You may go to any of our network pharmacies.

What if the pharmacy you have been using leaves the network?

If the pharmacy you have been using leaves the plan's network, you will have to find a new pharmacy that is in the network. To find another network pharmacy in your area, you can get help from Member Services or use the Provider and Pharmacy Directory. You can also find information on our website at AetnaBetterHealth.com/New-Jersey-hmosnp/find-provider.

What if you need a specialized pharmacy?

Some prescriptions must be filled at a specialized pharmacy. Specialized pharmacies include:

- Pharmacies that supply drugs for home infusion therapy.
- Pharmacies that supply drugs for residents of a long-term care (LTC) facility. Usually, a LTC facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy. If you have any difficulty accessing your Part D benefits in an LTC facility, please contact Member Services.
- Pharmacies that serve the Indian Health Service / Tribal / Urban Indian Health Program (not available in Puerto Rico). Except in emergencies, only Native Americans or Alaska Natives have access to these pharmacies in our network.
- Pharmacies that dispense drugs that are restricted by the FDA to certain locations or that require special handling, provider coordination, or education on their use. (Note: This scenario should happen rarely.)

To locate a specialized pharmacy, look in your Provider and Pharmacy Directory or call Member Services.

Section 2.3  Using the plan’s mail-order service

For certain kinds of drugs, you can use the plan’s network mail-order service. Generally, the drugs provided through mail-order are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition. These drugs are marked as “mail-order” drugs in our Drug List.

Our plan’s mail-order service allows you to order up to a 100-day supply.

To get order forms and information about filling your prescriptions by mail, visit our website (AetnaBetterHealth.com/New-Jersey-hmosnp) or contact Member Services.

Usually a mail-order pharmacy order will be delivered to you in no more than 10 days. If the mail-order pharmacy expects the order to be delayed, they will notify you of the delay. If you need to request a rush order because of a mail-order delay, you may contact Member Services to discuss options which may include filling at a local retail pharmacy or expediting the shipping method. Provide the representative with your ID number and prescription number(s). If you want second day or next day delivery of your
medications, you may request this from the Member Services representative for an additional charge.

**New prescriptions the pharmacy receives directly from your doctor’s office.**
The pharmacy will automatically fill and deliver new prescriptions it receives from health care providers, without checking with you first, if either:

- You used mail-order services with this plan in the past, or
- You sign up for automatic delivery of all new prescriptions received directly from health care providers. You may request automatic delivery of all new prescriptions now or at any time by continuing to have your doctor send us your prescriptions. No special request is needed. Or you may contact Member Services to restart automatic deliveries if you previously stopped automatic deliveries.

If you used mail-order in the past and do not want the pharmacy to automatically fill and ship each new prescription, please contact us by calling Member Services.

If you have never used our mail-order delivery and/or decide to stop automatic fills of new prescriptions, the pharmacy will contact you each time it gets a new prescription from a health care provider to see if you want the medication filled and shipped immediately. It is important that you respond each time you are contacted by the pharmacy, to let them know whether to ship, delay, or cancel the new prescription.

To opt out of automatic deliveries of new prescriptions received directly from your health care provider’s office, please contact us by calling Member Services.

**Refills on mail-order prescriptions.** For refills of your drugs, you have the option to sign up for an automatic refill program. Under this program we will start to process your next refill automatically when our records show you should be close to running out of your drug. The pharmacy will contact you prior to shipping each refill to make sure you are in need of more medication, and you can cancel scheduled refills if you have enough of your medication or if your medication has changed.

If you choose not to use our auto-refill program but still want the mail-order pharmacy to send you your prescription, please contact your pharmacy 15 days before your current prescription will run out. This will ensure your order is shipped to you in time.

To opt out of our program that automatically prepares mail-order refills, please log on to your Caremark.com account or contact us by calling Member Services.

### Section 2.4 How can you get a long-term supply of drugs?

The plan offers two ways to get a long-term supply (also called an “extended supply”) of “maintenance” drugs on our plan’s Drug List. (Maintenance drugs are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition.)

1. Some retail pharmacies in our network allow you to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. Your Provider and Pharmacy Directory tells you which pharmacies in our network can give you a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. You can also call Member Services for more information.
2. You may also receive maintenance drugs through our mail-order program. Please see Section 2.3
Section 2.5  When can you use a pharmacy that is not in the plan’s network?

**Your prescription may be covered in certain situations**
Generally, we cover drugs filled at an out-of-network pharmacy only when you are not able to use a network pharmacy. To help you, we have network pharmacies outside of our service area where you can get your prescriptions filled as a member of our plan. Please check first with Member Services to see if there is a network pharmacy nearby.

Here are the circumstances when we would cover prescriptions filled at an out-of-network pharmacy:

- The prescription is for a medical emergency or urgent care.
- You are unable to get a covered drug in a time of need because there are no 24-hour network pharmacies within a reasonable driving distance.
- The prescription is for a drug that is out-of-stock at an accessible network retail or mail service pharmacy (including high-cost and unique drugs).
- If you are evacuated or otherwise displaced from your home because of a Federal disaster or other public health emergency declaration.
- A vaccine or drug administered in your doctor’s office.

If you do need to go to an out-of-network pharmacy for any of the reasons listed above, the plan will cover up to a 10-day supply of drugs.

In these situations, please check first with Member Services to see if there is a network pharmacy nearby.

**How do you ask for reimbursement from the plan?**
If you must use an out-of-network pharmacy, you will generally have to pay the full cost at the time you fill your prescription. You can ask us to reimburse you. (Chapter 6, Section 2 explains how to ask the plan to pay you back.)

SECTION 3  Your drugs need to be on the plan’s “Drug List”

Section 3.1  The “Drug List” tells which Part D drugs are covered

The plan has a “List of Covered Drugs (Formulary).” In this Evidence of Coverage, we call it the “Drug List” for short.

The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list meets Medicare’s requirements and has been approved by Medicare.

The Drug List includes the drugs covered under Medicare Part D. In addition to the drugs covered by Medicare, some prescription drugs are covered for you under your NJ FamilyCare (Medicaid) benefits. The Drug List tells you how to find out about your Medicaid drug coverage.
We will generally cover a drug on the plan’s Drug List as long as you follow the other coverage rules explained in this chapter and the use of the drug is a medically accepted indication. A “medically accepted indication” is a use of the drug that is either:

- Approved by the Food and Drug Administration for the diagnosis or condition for which it is being prescribed.
- Supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the DRUGDEX Information System.

The Drug List includes brand name drugs, generic drugs, and biosimilars.

A brand name drug is a prescription drug that is sold under a trademarked name owned by the drug manufacturer. Brand name drugs that are more complex than typical drugs (for example, drugs that are based on a protein) are called biological products. On the drug list, when we refer to “drugs,” this could mean a drug or a biological product.

A generic drug is a prescription drug that has the same active ingredients as the brand name drug. Since biological products are more complex than typical drugs, instead of having a generic form, they have alternatives that are called biosimilars. Generally, generics and biosimilars work just as well as the brand name drug and usually cost less. There are generic drug substitutes or biosimilar alternatives available for many brand name drugs and some biological products.

**What is not on the Drug List?**
The plan does not cover all prescription drugs.

- In some cases, the law does not allow any Medicare plan to cover certain types of drugs (for more information about this, see Section 7.1 in this chapter).
- In other cases, we have decided not to include a particular drug on the Drug List. In some cases, you may be able to obtain a drug that is not on the drug list. For more information, please see Chapter 8.

### Section 3.2 How can you find out if a specific drug is on the Drug List?

You have three ways to find out:

1. Check the most recent Drug List we provided electronically.
2. Visit the plan’s website ([AetnaBetterHealth.com/New-Jersey-hmosnp/drug-formulary](AetnaBetterHealth.com/New-Jersey-hmosnp/drug-formulary)). The Drug List on the website is always the most current.
3. Call Member Services to find out if a particular drug is on the plan’s Drug List or to ask for a copy of the list.
**SECTION 4  There are restrictions on coverage for some drugs**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section 4.1</th>
<th>Why do some drugs have restrictions?</th>
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For certain prescription drugs, special rules restrict how and when the plan covers them. A team of doctors and pharmacists developed these rules to encourage you and your provider to use drugs in the most effective way. To find out if any of these restrictions apply to a drug you take or want to take, check the Drug List. If a safe, lower-cost drug will work just as well medically as a higher-cost drug, the plan’s rules are designed to encourage you and your provider to use that lower-cost option.

Please note that sometimes a drug may appear more than once in our drug list. This is because the same drugs can differ based on the strength, amount, or form of the drug prescribed by your health care provider, and different restrictions may apply to the different versions of the drug (for instance, 10 mg versus 100 mg; one per day versus two per day; tablet versus liquid).

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The sections below tell you more about the types of restrictions we use for certain drugs.

**If there is a restriction for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider will have to take extra steps in order for us to cover the drug.** Contact Member Services to learn what you or your provider would need to do to get coverage for the drug. If you want us to waive the restriction for you, you will need to use the coverage decision process and ask us to make an exception. We may or may not agree to waive the restriction for you. (See Chapter 8)

**Restricting brand name drugs when a generic version is available**
Generally, a “generic” drug works the same as a brand name drug and usually costs less. **In most cases, when a generic version of a brand name drug is available, our network pharmacies will provide you the generic version instead of the brand name drug.** However, if your provider has told us the medical reason that the generic drug will not work for you OR has written “No substitutions” on your prescription for a brand name drug OR has told us the medical reason that neither the generic drug nor other covered drugs that treat the same condition will work for you, then we will cover the brand name drug.

**Getting plan approval in advance**
For certain drugs, you or your provider need to get approval from the plan before we will agree to cover the drug for you. This is called **prior authorization.** This is put in place to ensure medication safety and help guide appropriate use of certain drugs. If you do not get this approval, your drug might not be covered by the plan.

**Trying a different drug first**
This requirement encourages you to try less costly but usually just as effective drugs before the plan covers another drug. For example, if Drug A and Drug B treat the same medical condition and Drug A is less costly, the plan may require you to try Drug A first. If Drug A does not work for you, the plan will then cover Drug B. This requirement to try a different drug first is called **step therapy.”**
Quantity limits
For certain drugs, we limit how much of a drug you can get each time you fill your prescription. For example, if it is normally considered safe to take only one pill per day for a certain drug, we may limit coverage for your prescription to no more than one pill per day.

SECTION 5

What if one of your drugs is not covered in the way you’d like it to be covered?

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There are situations where there is a prescription drug you are taking, or one that you and your provider think you should be taking, that is not on our formulary or is on our formulary with restrictions. For example:

- The drug might not be covered at all. Or maybe a generic version of the drug is covered but the brand name version you want to take is not covered.
- The drug is covered, but there are extra rules or restrictions on coverage for that drug, as explained in Section 4.
- There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way that you’d like it to be covered.
- If your drug is not on the Drug List or if your drug is restricted, go to Section 5.2 to learn what you can do.

Section 5.2

What can you do if your drug is not on the Drug List or if the drug is restricted in some way?

If your drug is not on the Drug List or is restricted, here are options:

- You may be able to get a temporary supply of the drug.
- You can change to another drug.
- You can request an exception and ask the plan to cover the drug or remove restrictions from the drug.

You may be able to get a temporary supply
Under certain circumstances, the plan must provide a temporary supply of a drug that you are already taking. This temporary supply gives you time to talk with your provider about the change in coverage and decide what to do.

To be eligible for a temporary supply, the drug you have been taking must no longer be on the plan’s Drug List OR is now restricted in some way.

- If you are a new member, we will cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first 90 days of your membership in the plan.
- If you were in the plan last year, we will cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first 90 days of the calendar year.
• This temporary supply will be for a maximum of a 30-day supply. If your prescription is written for fewer days, we will allow multiple fills to provide up to a maximum of a 30-day supply of medication. The prescription must be filled at a network pharmacy. (Please note that the long-term care pharmacy may provide the drug in smaller amounts at a time to prevent waste.)

• **For those members who have been in the plan for more than 90 days and reside in a long-term care facility and need a supply right away:** We will cover one 31-day emergency supply of a particular drug, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. This is in addition to the above temporary supply.

• If you experience a change in your setting of care (such as being discharged or admitted to a long-term care facility), your physician or pharmacy can request a one-time prescription override. This one-time override will provide you with a temporary supply (at least a 30-day supply) for applicable drug(s).

For questions about a temporary supply, call Member Services.

During the time when you are using a temporary supply of a drug, you should talk with your provider to decide what to do when your temporary supply runs out. You have two options:

1) **You can change to another drug**
   Talk with your provider about whether there is a different drug covered by the plan that may work just as well for you. You can call Member Services to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you.

2) **You can ask for an exception**
   You and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception and cover the drug in the way you would like it covered. If your provider says that you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you request an exception. For example, you can ask the plan to cover a drug even though it is not on the plan’s Drug List. Or you can ask the plan to make an exception and cover the drug without restrictions.

If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 8, Section 7.4 tells what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines that have been set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

### SECTION 6  What if your coverage changes for one of your drugs?

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<th>The Drug List can change during the year</th>
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Most of the changes in drug coverage happen at the beginning of each year (January 1). However, during the year, the plan can make some changes to the Drug List. For example, the plan might:

• **Add or remove drugs from the Drug List.**
• **Add or remove a restriction on coverage for a drug.**
• **Replace a brand name drug with a generic drug.**
We must follow Medicare requirements before we change the plan’s Drug List.

| Section 6.2 | What happens if coverage changes for a drug you are taking? |

**Information on changes to drug coverage**

When changes to the Drug List occur, we post information on our website about those changes. We also update our online Drug List on a regularly scheduled basis. Below we point out the times that you would get direct notice if changes are made to a drug that you are taking.

**Changes to your drug coverage that affect you during the current plan year**

- **A new generic drug replaces a brand name drug on the Drug List (or we add new restrictions to the brand name drug)**
  - We may immediately remove a brand name drug on our Drug List if we are replacing it with a newly approved generic version of the same drug. The generic drug will appear with the same or fewer restrictions. We may decide to keep the brand name drug on our Drug List, but immediately add new restrictions when the new generic is added.
  - We may not tell you in advance before we make that change – even if you are currently taking the brand name drug. If you are taking the brand name drug at the time we make the change, we will provide you with information about the specific change(s). This will also include information on the steps you may take to request an exception to cover the brand name drug. You may not get this notice before we make the change.
  - You or your prescriber can ask us to make an exception and continue to cover the brand name drug for you. For information on how to ask for an exception, see Chapter 8.

- **Unsafe drugs and other drugs on the Drug List that are withdrawn from the market**
  - Sometimes a drug may be deemed unsafe or taken off the market for another reason. If this happens, we may immediately remove the drug from the Drug List. If you are taking that drug, we will tell you right away.
  - Your prescriber will also know about this change, and can work with you to find another drug for your condition.

- **Other changes to drugs on the Drug List**
  - We may make other changes once the year has started that affect drugs you are taking. For example, we might add a generic drug that is not new to the market to replace a brand name drug on the Drug List or add new restrictions to the brand name drug. We also might make changes based on FDA boxed warnings or new clinical guidelines recognized by Medicare.
  - For these changes, we must give you at least 30 days’ advance notice of the change or give you notice of the change and a 30-day refill of the drug you are taking at a network pharmacy.
  - After you receive notice of the change, you should work with your prescriber to switch to a different drug that we cover or to satisfy any new restrictions on the drug you are taking.
  - You or your prescriber can ask us to make an exception and continue to cover the drug for you. For information on how to ask for an exception, see Chapter 8.

**Changes to the Drug List that do not affect you during this plan year**

We may make certain changes to the Drug List that are not described above. In these cases, the change will not apply to you if you are taking the drug when the change is made; however, these changes will likely affect you starting January 1 of the next plan year if you stay in the same plan.

In general, changes that will not affect you during the current plan year are:
We put a new restriction on the use of your drug.

We remove your drug from the Drug List.

If any of these changes happen for a drug you are taking (except for market withdrawal, a generic drug replacing a brand name drug, or other change noted in the sections above), then the change won’t affect your use until January 1 of the next year. Until that date, you probably won’t see any added restrictions to your use of the drug.

We will not tell you about these types of changes directly during the current plan year. You will need to check the Drug List for the next plan year (when the list is available during the open enrollment period) to see if there are any changes to the drugs you are taking that will impact you during the next plan year.

**SECTION 7  What types of drugs are not covered by the plan?**

Section 7.1  Types of drugs we do not cover

This section tells you what kinds of prescription drugs are “excluded.” This means neither Medicare nor Medicaid pays for these drugs.

If you appeal and the requested drug is found not to be excluded under Part D, we will pay for or cover it. (For information about appealing a decision, go to Chapter 8). If the drug is excluded, you must pay for it yourself, except for certain excluded drugs covered under our enhanced drug coverage.

Here are three general rules about drugs that Medicare drug plans will not cover under Part D:

- Our plan’s Part D drug coverage cannot cover a drug that would be covered under Medicare Part A or Part B.
- Our plan cannot cover a drug purchased outside the United States or its territories.
- Our plan usually cannot cover off-label use. “Off-label use” is any use of the drug other than those indicated on a drug’s label as approved by the Food and Drug Administration.
- Coverage for “off-label use” is allowed only when the use is supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the DRUGDEX Information System.

In addition, by law, the following categories of drugs listed below are not covered by Medicare or Medicaid.

- Drugs used to promote fertility
- Drugs used for the relief of cough or cold symptoms
- Drugs used for cosmetic purposes or to promote hair growth
- Prescription vitamins and mineral products, except prenatal vitamins and fluoride preparations
- Drugs used for the treatment of sexual or erectile dysfunction
- Drugs used for treatment of anorexia, weight loss, or weight gain
- Outpatient drugs for which the manufacturer seeks to require that associated tests or monitoring services be purchased exclusively from the manufacturer as a condition of sale
SECTION 8  Filling a prescription

Section 8.1  Provide your membership information

To fill your prescription, provide your plan membership information, which can be found on your membership card, at the network pharmacy you choose. The network pharmacy will automatically bill the plan for your drug.

Section 8.2  What if you don’t have your membership information with you?

If you don’t have your plan membership information with you when you fill your prescription, you or the pharmacy can call the plan to get the necessary information.

If the pharmacy is not able to get the necessary information, **you may have to pay the full cost of the prescription when you pick it up.** (You can then **ask us to reimburse you**. See Chapter 6, Section 2 for information about how to ask the plan for reimbursement.)

SECTION 9  Part D drug coverage in special situations

Section 9.1  What if you’re in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility for a stay that is covered by the plan?

If you are admitted to a hospital or to a skilled nursing facility for a stay covered by the plan, we will generally cover the cost of your prescription drugs during your stay. Once you leave the hospital or skilled nursing facility, the plan will cover your prescription drugs as long as the drugs meet all of our rules for coverage described in this Chapter.

Section 9.2  What if you’re a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility?

Usually, a long-term care (LTC) facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy, or uses a pharmacy that supplies drugs for all of its residents. If you are a resident of a LTC facility, you may get your prescription drugs through the facility’s pharmacy or the one it uses, as long as it is part of our network.

Check your **Provider and Pharmacy Directory** to find out if your LTC facility’s pharmacy or the one that it uses is part of our network. If it isn’t, or if you need more information or assistance, please contact Member Services. If you are in an LTC facility, we must ensure that you are able to routinely receive your Part D benefits through our network of LTC pharmacies.

**What if you’re a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility and need a drug that is not on our Drug List or is restricted in some way?**

Please refer to Section 5.2 about a temporary or emergency supply.

Section 9.3  What if you’re in Medicare-certified hospice?

Hospice and our plan do not cover the same drug at the same time. If you are enrolled in Medicare hospice and require certain drugs (e.g., anti-nausea, laxative, pain medication or antianxiety drugs) that are not covered by your hospice because it is unrelated to your terminal illness and related conditions, our
Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

plan must receive notification from either the prescriber or your hospice provider that the drug is unrelated before our plan can cover the drug. To prevent delays in receiving these drugs that should be covered by our plan, ask your hospice provider or prescriber to provide notification before your prescription is filled.

In the event you either revoke your hospice election or are discharged from hospice, our plan should cover your drugs as explained in this document. To prevent any delays at a pharmacy when your Medicare hospice benefit ends, bring documentation to the pharmacy to verify your revocation or discharge.

SECTION 10 Programs on drug safety and managing medications

Section 10.1 Programs to help members use drugs safely

We conduct drug use reviews for our members to help make sure that they are getting safe and appropriate care.

We do a review each time you fill a prescription. We also review our records on a regular basis. During these reviews, we look for potential problems such as:

• Possible medication errors
• Drugs that may not be necessary because you are taking another drug to treat the same condition
• Drugs that may not be safe or appropriate because of your age or gender
• Certain combinations of drugs that could harm you if taken at the same time
• Prescriptions for drugs that have ingredients you are allergic to
• Possible errors in the amount (dosage) of a drug you are taking
• Unsafe amounts of opioid pain medications

If we see a possible problem in your use of medications, we will work with your provider to correct the problem.

Section 10.2 Drug Management Program (DMP) to help members safely use their opioid medications

We have a program that helps make sure members safely use prescription opioids and other frequently abused medications. This program is called a Drug Management Program (DMP). If you use opioid medications that you get from several doctors or pharmacies, or if you had a recent opioid overdose, we may talk to your doctors to make sure your use of opioid medications is appropriate and medically necessary. Working with your doctors, if we decide your use of prescription opioid or benzodiazepine medications is not safe, we may limit how you can get those medications. If we place you in our DMP, the limitations may be:

• Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain pharmacy(ies)
• Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain doctor(s)
• Limiting the amount of opioid or benzodiazepine medications we will cover for you
If we plan on limiting how you may get these medications or how much you can get, we will send you a letter in advance. The letter will explain the limitations we think should apply to you. You will have an opportunity to tell us which doctors or pharmacies you prefer to use, and about any other information you think is important for us to know. After you’ve had the opportunity to respond, if we decide to limit your coverage for these medications, we will send you another letter confirming the limitation. If you think we made a mistake or you disagree with our determination or with the limitation, you and your prescriber have the right to appeal. If you appeal, we will review your case and give you a decision. If we continue to deny any part of your request related to the limitations that apply to your access to medications, we will automatically send your case to an independent reviewer outside of our plan. See Chapter 8 for information about how to ask for an appeal.

You will not be placed in our DMP if you have certain medical conditions, such as active cancer-related pain or sickle cell disease, you are receiving hospice, palliative, or end-of-life care, or live in a long-term care facility.

Section 10.3 Medication Therapy Management (MTM) and other programs to help members manage their medications

We have a program that can help our members with complex health needs. Our program is called a Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program. This program is voluntary and free. A team of pharmacists and doctors developed the program for us to help make sure that our members get the most benefit from the drugs they take.

Some members who take medications for different medical conditions, or are in a DMP to help members use their opioids safely, may be able to get services through an MTM program. A pharmacist or other health professional will give you a comprehensive review of all your medications. During the review, you can talk about your medications, and any problems or questions you have about your prescription and over-the-counter medications. You’ll get a written summary which has a recommended to-do list that includes steps you should take to get the best results from your medications. You’ll also get a medication list that will include all the medications you’re taking, how much you take, and when and why you take them. In addition, members in the MTM program will receive information on the safe disposal of prescription medications that are controlled substances.

It’s a good idea to talk to your doctor about your recommended to-do list and medication list. Bring the summary with you to your visit or anytime you talk with your doctors, pharmacists, and other health care providers. Also, keep your medication list up to date and with you (for example, with your ID) in case you go to the hospital or emergency room.

If we have a program that fits your needs, we will automatically enroll you in the program and send you information. If you decide not to participate, please notify us and we will withdraw you. If you have any questions about this program, please contact Member Services.

SECTION 11 We send you reports that explain payments for your drugs

Section 11.1 We send you a monthly summary called the “Part D Explanation of Benefits” (the “Part D EOB”)
Chapter 5 Using the plan’s coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

Our plan keeps track of the costs of your prescription drugs when you get your prescriptions filled or refilled at the pharmacy. In particular, we keep track of:

- We keep track of your “total drug costs.” This is the amount you pay out-of-pocket or others pay on your behalf plus the amount paid by the plan.

If you have had one or more prescriptions filled through the plan during the previous month we will send you a Part D Explanation of Benefits (“Part D EOB”). The Part D EOB includes:

- Information for that month. This report gives the payment details about the prescriptions you have filled during the previous month. It shows the total drug costs, what the plan paid, and what you and others on your behalf paid.
- Totals for the year since January 1. This is called “year-to-date” information. It shows the total drug costs and total payments for your drugs since the year began.
- Drug price information. This information will display the total drug price, and any percentage change from first fill for each prescription claim of the same quantity.

Section 11.2 Help us keep our information about your drug payments up to date

To keep track of your drug costs and the payments you make for drugs, we use records we get from pharmacies. Here is how you can help us keep your information correct and up to date:

- Show your membership card every time you get a prescription filled. This helps us make sure we know about the prescriptions you are filling and what you are paying.
- Make sure we have the information we need. There are times you may pay for the entire cost of a prescription drug. In these cases, we will not automatically get the information we need to keep track of your out-of-pocket costs. To help us keep track of your out-of-pocket costs, give us copies of your receipts. Here are examples of when you should give us copies of your drug receipts:
  - When you purchase a covered drug at a network pharmacy at a special price or using a discount card that is not part of our plan’s benefit
  - Any time you have purchased covered drugs at out-of-network pharmacies or other times you have paid the full price for a covered drug under special circumstances

If you are billed for a covered drug, you can ask our plan to pay the cost. For instructions on how to do this, go to Chapter 6, Section 2.
- Send us information about the payments others have made for you. Payments made by certain other individuals and organizations also count toward your out-of-pocket costs.
- Check the written report we send you. When you receive the Part D EOB, look it over to be sure the information is complete and correct. If you think something is missing or you have any questions, please call us at Member Services. Be sure to keep these reports.
Chapter 6:
Asking us to pay a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs
SECTION 1  Situations in which you should ask us to pay for your covered services or drugs

Our network providers bill the plan directly for your covered services and drugs. If you get a bill for medical care or drugs you have received, you should send this bill to us so that we can pay it. When you send us the bill, we will look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay the provider directly.

If you have already paid for a Medicare service or item covered by the plan, you can ask our plan to pay you back (paying you back is often called “reimbursing” you). It is your right to be paid back by our plan whenever you’ve paid for medical services or drugs that are covered by our plan. There may be deadlines that you must meet to get paid back. Please see Section 2 of this chapter. When you send us a bill you have already paid, we will look at the bill and decide whether the services or drugs should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay you back for the services or drugs.

There may also be times when you get a bill from a provider for the full cost of medical care you have received. First try to resolve the bill with the provider. If that does not work, send the bill to us instead of paying it. We will look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay the provider directly. If we decide not to pay it, we will notify the provider. If this provider is contracted, you still have the right to treatment.

Here are examples of situations in which you may need to ask our plan to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received:

1. When you’ve received emergency or urgently needed medical care from a provider who is not in our plan’s network
You can receive emergency or urgently needed services from any provider, whether or not the provider is a part of our network. In these cases, ask the provider to bill the plan.

   • If you pay the entire amount yourself at the time you receive the care, ask us to pay you back. Send us the bill, along with documentation of any payments you have made.
   • You may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you do not owe. Send us this bill, along with documentation of any payments you have already made.
     - If the provider is owed anything, we will pay the provider directly.
     - If you have already paid for the service, we will pay you back.

2. When a network provider sends you a bill you think you should not pay
Network providers should always bill the plan directly. But sometimes they make mistakes, and ask you to pay for your services.

   • Whenever you get a bill from a network provider, send us the bill. We will contact the provider directly and resolve the billing problem.
   • If you have already paid a bill to a network provider, send us the bill along with documentation of any payment you have made. You should ask us to pay you back for your covered services.

3. If you are retroactively enrolled in our plan.
Sometimes a person’s enrollment in the plan is retroactive. (This means that the first day of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.)
If you were retroactively enrolled in our plan and you paid out-of-pocket for any of your covered services or drugs after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back. You will need to submit paperwork such as receipts and bills for us to handle the reimbursement.

4. When you use an out-of-network pharmacy to get a prescription filled
If you go to an out-of-network pharmacy, the pharmacy may not be able to submit the claim directly to us. When that happens, you will have to pay the full cost of your prescription.

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back. Remember that we only cover out-of-network pharmacies in limited circumstances. See Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for a discussion of these circumstances.

5. When you pay the full cost for a prescription because you don’t have your plan membership card with you
If you do not have your plan membership card with you, you can ask the pharmacy to call the plan or to look up your plan enrollment information. However, if the pharmacy cannot get the enrollment information they need right away, you may need to pay the full cost of the prescription yourself. Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back.

6. When you pay the full cost for a prescription in other situations
You may pay the full cost of the prescription because you find that the drug is not covered for some reason.

- For example, the drug may not be on the plan’s List of Covered Drugs (Formulary); or it could have a requirement or restriction that you didn’t know about or don’t think should apply to you. If you decide to get the drug immediately, you may need to pay the full cost for it.
- Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back. In some situations, we may need to get more information from your doctor in order to pay you back for the drug.

When you send us a request for payment, we will review your request and decide whether the service or drug should be covered. This is called making a “coverage decision.” If we decide it should be covered, we will pay for the service or drug. If we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 8 of this document has information about how to make an appeal.

SECTION 2  How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received

You may request us to pay you back by sending us a request in writing. If you send a request in writing, send your bill and documentation of any payment you have made. It’s a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records.

To make sure you are giving us all the information we need to make a decision, you can fill out our claim form to make your request for payment.

- You don’t have to use the form, but it will help us process the information faster.
- Either download a copy of the form from our website (AetnaBetterHealth.com/New-Jersey-hmosnp) or call Member Services and ask for the form.
For medical claims: Mail your request for payment together with any bills or paid receipts to us at this address:
Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP)
Aetna Duals COE Member Correspondence
PO Box 982980
El Paso, TX 79998

You must submit your medical claims to us within 12 months of the date you received the service, item, or Part B drug.

For Part D prescription drug claims: Mail your request for payment together with any bills or paid receipts to us at this address:
Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP)
Aetna Integrated Pharmacy Solutions
PO Box 52446
Phoenix, AZ 85072

You must submit your Part D prescription drug claims to us within 36 months of the date you received the service, item, or Part D drug.

SECTION 3 We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no

Section 3.1 We check to see whether we should cover the service or drug

When we receive your request for payment, we will let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we will consider your request and make a coverage decision.

- If we decide that the medical care or drug is covered and you followed all the rules, we will pay for the service. If you have already paid for the service or drug, we will mail your reimbursement to you. If you have not paid for the service or drug yet, we will mail the payment directly to the provider.
- If we decide that the medical care or drug is not covered, or you did not follow all the rules, we will not pay for the care or drug. We will send you a letter explaining the reasons why we are not sending the payment and your rights to appeal that decision.

Section 3.2 If we tell you that we will not pay for the medical care or drug, you can make an appeal

If you think we have made a mistake in turning down your request for payment, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment. The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. For the details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 8 of this document.
SECTION 1  Our plan must honor your rights and cultural sensitivities as a member of the plan

| Section 1.1 | We must provide information in a way that works for you and consistent with your cultural sensitivities (in languages other than English, in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats, etc.) |

Your plan is required to ensure that all services, both clinical and non-clinical, are provided in a culturally competent manner and are accessible to all enrollees, including those with limited English proficiency, limited reading skills, hearing incapacity, or those with diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds. Examples of how a plan may meet these accessibility requirements include, but are not limited to provision of translator services, interpreter services, teletypewriters, or TTY (text telephone or teletypewriter phone) connection.

Our plan has free interpreter services available to answer questions from non-English speaking members. Many documents are also available in Spanish. We can also give you information in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats at no cost if you need it. We are required to give you information about the plan’s benefits in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Member Services.

Our plan is required to give female enrollees the option of direct access to a women’s health specialist within the network for women’s routine and preventive health care services.

If providers in the plan’s network for a specialty are not available, it is the plan’s responsibility to locate specialty providers outside the network who will provide you with the necessary care. If you find yourself in a situation where there are no specialists in the plan’s network that cover a service you need, call the plan for information on where to go to obtain this service.

If you have any trouble getting information from our plan in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you, please call to file a grievance with Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this document). You may also file a complaint with Medicare by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) or directly with the Office for Civil Rights 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697.

| Sección 1.1 | Debemos proporcionarle información de una manera que sea conveniente para usted y compatible con sus sensibilidades culturales (en otros idiomas además de español, en braille, en tamaño de letra grande o en otros formatos alternativos, etc.) |

Su plan está obligado a garantizar que todos los servicios, tanto clínicos como no clínicos, se presten de forma culturalmente competente y sean accesibles a todos los inscritos, incluidos los que tienen un dominio limitado del inglés, una capacidad limitada de lectura, una incapacidad auditiva o un origen cultural y étnico diverso. Algunos ejemplos de cómo un plan puede cumplir estos requisitos de accesibilidad incluyen, entre otros, la prestación de servicios de traducción, servicios de interpretación, teletipos o conexión TTY (teléfono para mensajes o teletipo).

Nuestro plan cuenta con servicios de interpretación gratuitos disponibles para responder las preguntas de los miembros que no hablan inglés. Muchos documentos también están disponibles en español. También podemos proporcionarle información en braille, en tamaño de letra grande o en otros formatos.
Chapter 7 Your rights and responsibilities

alternativos, sin costo alguno, si lo necesita. Debemos proporcionarle información sobre los beneficios del plan en un formato que sea accesible y adecuado para usted. Para obtener información sobre nosotros de una manera que sea conveniente para usted, llame al Departamento de Servicios para Miembros.

Nuestro plan está obligado a ofrecer a las mujeres inscritas la opción de acceder directamente a un especialista en salud de la mujer dentro de la red para los servicios de atención médica de rutina y preventivos para la mujer.

Si no están disponibles los proveedores de la red del plan para una especialidad, es responsabilidad del plan localizar proveedores especializados fuera de la red que le proporcione la atención necesaria. En este caso, solo pagará el costo compartido dentro de la red. Si se encuentra en una situación en la que no hay especialidades en la red del plan que cubran un servicio que necesita, llame al plan para que le informen dónde acudir para obtener ese servicio con un costo compartido dentro de la red.

Si tiene alguna dificultad para obtener información sobre nuestro plan en un formato que sea accesible y adecuado para usted, llámenos para presentar una queja ante el Departamento de Servicios para Miembros (los números de teléfono están impresos en la contraportada de este documento). También puede presentar un reclamo ante Medicare llamando al 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) o directamente ante la Oficina de Derechos Civiles llamando al 1-800-368-1019 o al TTY 1-800-537-7697.

Section 1.2 We must ensure that you get timely access to your covered services and drugs

You have the right to choose a primary care provider (PCP) in the plan’s network to provide and arrange for your covered services. We do not require you to get referrals to go to network providers. You also have the right to go to a women’s health specialist (such as a gynecologist) without a referral.

You have the right to get appointments and covered services from the plan’s network of providers within a reasonable amount of time. This includes the right to get timely services from specialists when you need that care. You also have the right to get your prescriptions filled or refilled at any of our network pharmacies without long delays.

If you think that you are not getting your medical care or Part D drugs within a reasonable amount of time, Chapter 8 tells what you can do.

Section 1.3 We must protect the privacy of your personal health information

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

- Your “personal health information” includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in this plan as well as your medical records and other medical and health information.
- You have rights related to your information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a “Notice of Privacy Practice,” that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your health information.

How do we protect the privacy of your health information?

- We make sure that unauthorized people don’t see or change your records.
Chapter 7 Your rights and responsibilities

- Except for the circumstances noted below, if we intend to give your health information to anyone who isn’t providing your care or paying for your care, we are required to get written permission from you or someone you have given legal power to make decisions for you first.
- There are certain exceptions that do not require us to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law.
  - We are required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on quality of care.
  - Because you are a member of our plan through Medicare, we are required to give Medicare your health information including information about your Part D prescription drugs. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses, this will be done according to Federal statutes and regulations; typically, this requires that information that uniquely identifies you not be shared.

You can see the information in your records and know how it has been shared with others
You have the right to look at your medical records held at the plan, and to get a copy of your records. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we will work with your health care provider to decide whether the changes should be made.

You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that are not routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, please call Member Services.

Section 1.4 We must give you information about the plan, its network of providers, and your covered services

As a member of Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP), you have the right to get several kinds of information from us.

If you want any of the following kinds of information, please call Member Services:

- **Information about our plan.** This includes, for example, information about the plan’s financial condition.
- **Information about our network providers and pharmacies.** You have the right to get information about the qualifications of the providers and pharmacies in our network and how we pay the providers in our network.
- **Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage.** Chapters 3 and 4 provide information regarding medical services. Chapter 5 provides information about Part D prescription drug coverage.
- **Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it.** Chapter 8 provides information on asking for a written explanation on why a medical service or Part D drug is not covered or if your coverage is restricted. Chapter 8 also provides information on asking us to change a decision, also called an appeal.
- **Information from interpreters.** Our plan interpreter services are available in all languages including American Sign Language. Interpreter services are available for on-site interpretation during a medical appointment. If you require these services, please contact Member Services at least two
weeks in advance of your scheduled appointment.

Section 1.5 We must support your right to make decisions about your care

You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your health care
You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers. Your providers must explain your medical condition and your treatment choices in a way that you can understand.

You also have the right to participate fully in decisions about your health care. To help you make decisions with your doctors about what treatment is best for you, your rights include the following:

- **To know about all of your choices.** You have the right to be told about all of the treatment options that are recommended for your condition, no matter what they cost or whether they are covered by our plan. It also includes being told about programs our plan offers to help members manage their medications and use drugs safely.

- **To know about the risks.** You have the right to be told about any risks involved in your care. You must be told in advance if any proposed medical care or treatment is part of a research experiment. You always have the choice to refuse any experimental treatments.

- **The right to say “no.”** You have the right to refuse any recommended treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to leave. You also have the right to stop taking your medication. Of course, if you refuse treatment or stop taking medication, you accept full responsibility for what happens to your body as a result.

You have the right to give instructions about what is to be done if you are not able to make medical decisions for yourself
Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you are in this situation. This means that, if you want to, you can:

- Fill out a written form to give someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.

- Give your doctors written instructions about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.

The legal documents that you can use to give your directions in advance in these situations are called “advance directives.” There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Documents called “living will” and “power of attorney for health care” are examples of advance directives.

If you want to use an “advance directive” to give your instructions, here is what to do:

- **Get the form.** You can get an advance directive from your lawyer, from a social worker, or from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare. You can also contact Member Services to ask for the forms.
Chapter 7  Your rights and responsibilities

- **Fill it out and sign it.** Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.
- **Give copies to appropriate people.** You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form who can make decisions for you if you can’t. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members. Keep a copy at home.

If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, and you have signed an advance directive, **take a copy with you to the hospital.**

- The hospital will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.
- If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

**Remember, it is your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive** (including whether you want to sign one if you are in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you have signed an advance directive.

**What if your instructions are not followed?**
If you have signed an advance directive, and you believe that a doctor or hospital did not follow the instructions in it, you may file a complaint with the state agency that oversees advance directives. To find the appropriate agency in your state, contact your SHIP. Contact information is in Chapter 2.

| Section 1.6 | You have the right to make complaints and to ask us to reconsider decisions we have made |

If you have any problems, concerns, or complaints and need to request coverage, or make an appeal, Chapter 8 of this document tells what you can do. Whatever you do – ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal, or make a complaint – **we are required to treat you fairly.**

| Section 1.7 | What can you do if you believe you are being treated unfairly or your rights are not being respected? |

**If it is about discrimination, call the Office for Civil Rights**
If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age, sexual orientation, or national origin, you should call the Department of Health and Human Services’ **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697, or call your local Office for Civil Rights.

**Is it about something else?**
If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected, and it’s *not* about discrimination, you can get help dealing with the problem you are having:

- You can **call Member Services.**
- You can **call the SHIP.** For details, refer to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- Or, **you can call Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week
Section 1.8 How to get more information about your rights

There are several places where you can get more information about your rights:

- You can call Member Services.
- You can call the SHIP. For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- You can contact Medicare
  - You can visit the Medicare website to read or download the publication “Medicare Rights & Protections.” (The publication is available at: www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf.)
  - Or, you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

SECTION 2 You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan

Things you need to do as a member of the plan are listed below. If you have any questions, please call Member Services.

- **Get familiar with your covered services and the rules you must follow to get these covered services.** Use this Evidence of Coverage to learn what is covered for you and the rules you need to follow to get your covered services.
  - Chapters 3 and 4 give the details about your medical services.
  - Chapter 5 gives the details about your Part D prescription drug coverage.
- **If you have any other health insurance coverage or prescription drug coverage in addition to our plan, you are required to tell us.** Chapter 1 tells you about coordinating these benefits.
- **Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you are enrolled in our plan.** Show your plan membership card whenever you get your medical care or Part D prescription drugs.
- **Help your doctors and other providers help you by giving them information, asking questions, and following through on your care.**
  - To help get the best care, tell your doctors and other health providers about your health problems. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your doctors agree upon.
  - Make sure your doctors know all of the drugs you are taking, including over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
  - If you have any questions, be sure to ask and get an answer you can understand.
- **Be considerate.** We expect all our members to respect the rights of other patients. We also expect you to act in a way that helps the smooth running of your doctor’s office, hospitals, and other offices.
- **If you move within our service area, we need to know** so we can keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
- **If you move outside of our plan service area, you cannot remain a member of our plan.**
- If you move, it is also important to tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board).
Chapter 8: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)
SECTION 1  Introduction

Section 1.1  What to do if you have a problem or concern

This chapter explains the processes for handling problems and concerns. The process you use to handle your problem depends on the type of problem you are having:

- For some problems, you need to use the **process for coverage decisions and appeals**.
- For other problems, you need to use the **process for making complaints**; also called grievances.

Each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

**Section 3** will help you identify the right process to use and what you should do.

Section 1.2  What about the legal terms?

There are legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of these terms are unfamiliar to most people and can be hard to understand. To make things easier, this chapter:

- Uses simpler words in place of certain legal terms. For example, this chapter generally says “making a complaint” rather than “filing a grievance,” “coverage decision” rather than “integrated organization determination” or “coverage determination” or “at-risk determination,” and “independent review organization” instead of “Independent Review Entity.”
- It also uses abbreviations as little as possible.

However, it can be helpful – and sometimes quite important – for you to know the correct legal terms. Knowing which terms to use will help you communicate more accurately to get the right help or information for your situation. To help you know which terms to use, we include legal terms when we give the details for handling specific types of situations.

SECTION 2  Where to get more information and personalized assistance

We are always available to help you. Even if you have a complaint about our treatment of you, we are obligated to honor your right to complain. Therefore, you should always reach out to customer service for help. But in some situations you may also want help or guidance from someone who is not connected with us. Below are two entities that can assist you.

**State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)**

Each state has a government program with trained counselors. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at this program can help you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you are having. They can also answer your questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do.

The services of SHIP counselors are free. You will find phone numbers and website URLs in Chapter 2, Section 3 of this document.
Medicare
You can also contact Medicare to get help. To contact Medicare:

- You can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- You also can visit the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov).

You can get help and information from Medicaid
If you have questions about the assistance you get from Medicaid, contact the NJ Department of Human Services, Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services (DMAHS). You can reach DMAHS by calling 1-800-701-0710 (TTY: 711). The DMAHS website is located at www.state.nj.us/humanservices/dmahs/.

SECTION 3 Understanding Medicare and Medicaid complaints and appeals in our plan
You have Medicare and get assistance from Medicaid. Information in this chapter applies to all of your Medicare and Medicaid benefits. This is sometimes called an “integrated process” because it combines, or integrates, Medicare and Medicaid processes.

Sometimes the Medicare and Medicaid processes are not combined. In those situations, you use a Medicare process for a benefit covered by Medicare and a Medicaid process for a benefit covered by Medicaid. These situations are explained in Section 6.4 of this chapter, “Step-by-step: How a Level 2 appeal is done.”

PROBLEMS ABOUT YOUR BENEFITS
SECTION 4 Coverage decisions and appeals
If you have a problem or concern, you only need to read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The information below will help you find the right section of this chapter for problems or complaints about benefits covered by Medicare or Medicaid.

Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?
(This includes problems about whether medical care or prescription drugs are covered or not, the way they are covered, and problems related to payment for medical care or prescription drugs.)

Yes.
Go on to the next section of this chapter, Section 5, “A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals.”

No.
Skip ahead to Section 11 at the end of this chapter: “How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service or other concerns.”

SECTION 5 A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals
Chapter 8  What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Section 5.1  Asking for coverage decisions and making appeals: the big picture

Coverage decisions and appeals deal with problems related to your benefits and coverage, including payment. This is the process you use for issues such as whether something is covered or not and the way in which something is covered.

**Asking for coverage decisions prior to receiving services**

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage for your medical services or drugs. For example, your plan network doctor makes a (favorable) coverage decision for you whenever you receive medical care from him or her or if your network doctor refers you to a medical specialist. You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision if your doctor is unsure whether we will cover a particular medical service or refuses to provide medical care you think you need. In other words, if you want to know if we will cover a medical service before you receive it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you.

In limited circumstances a request for a coverage decision will be dismissed, which means we won’t review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn’t legally authorized to do so or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a coverage decision, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

We are making a coverage decision for you whenever we decide what is covered for you. In some cases, we might decide a service or drug is not covered or is no longer covered by Medicare for you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

**Making an appeal**

If we make a coverage decision, whether before or after a service is received, and you are not satisfied, you can “appeal” the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. Under certain circumstances, which we discuss later, you can request an expedited or “fast appeal” of a coverage decision. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original decision.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check to see if we were properly following the rules. When we have completed the review, we give you our decision.

In limited circumstances a request for a Level 1 appeal will be dismissed, which means we won’t review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn’t legally authorized to do so or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a Level 1 appeal, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

If we do not dismiss your case but say no to all or part of your Level 1 appeal, you can go on to Level 2 appeal. The Level 2 appeal is conducted by an Independent Review Entity that is not connected to us.

- Appeals for medical services and Part B drugs will be automatically sent to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal – you do not have to do anything. The independent review organization will mail you a notice to confirm they received your Level 2 appeal. For Part D drug appeals, if we say no to all or part of your appeal you will need to ask for a Level 2 appeal (Part D
appeals are discussed further in Section 6 of this chapter).

• See Section 6.4 of this chapter for more information about Level 2 appeals.

If you are not satisfied with the Level 2 appeal decision, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal (Section 10 in this chapter explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes).

Section 5.2 How to get help when you are asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal

Here are resources if you decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision:

• You can call us at Member Services.

• You can get free help from your State Health Insurance Assistance Program.

• Your doctor or other health care provider can make a request for you. If your doctor helps with an appeal past Level 2, they will need to be appointed as your representative. Please call Member Services and ask for the “Appointment of Representative” form. (The form is also available on Medicare’s website at www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf.)
  ○ For medical care, your doctor or other health care provider can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 appeal on your behalf. If your appeal is denied at Level 1, it will be automatically forwarded to Level 2.
  ○ If your doctor or other health provider asks that a service or item that you are already getting be continued during your appeal, you may need to name your doctor or other prescriber as your representative to act on your behalf.
  ○ For Part D prescription drugs, your doctor or other prescriber can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 appeal on your behalf. If your Level 1 appeal is denied your doctor or prescriber can request a Level 2 appeal.

• You can ask someone to act on your behalf. If you want to, you can name another person to act for you as your “representative” to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.
  ○ If you want a friend, relative, or other person to be your representative, call Member Services and ask for the “Appointment of Representative” form. (The form is also available on Medicare’s website at www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf.) The form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person you would like to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the signed form.
  ○ While we can accept an appeal request without the form, we cannot begin or complete our review until we receive it. If we do not receive the form within 44 calendar days after receiving your appeal request (our deadline for making a decision on your appeal), your appeal request will be dismissed. If this happens, we will send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the independent review organization to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.

• You also have the right to hire a lawyer. You may contact your own lawyer or get the name of a lawyer from your local bar association or other referral service. There are also groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, you are not required to hire a lawyer to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.
There are four different situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Since each situation has different rules and deadlines, we give the details for each one in a separate section:

- **Section 6** of this chapter: “Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal”
- **Section 7** of this chapter: “Your Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal”
- **Section 8** of this chapter: “How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon”
- **Section 9** of this chapter: “How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon” (This section only applies to these services: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services)

If you’re not sure which section you should be using, call Member Services. You can also get help or information from government organizations such as your SHIP.

### SECTION 6  Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal of a coverage decision

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<th>Section 6.1</th>
<th>This section tells what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for your care</th>
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This section is about your benefits for medical care and services. These benefits are described in Chapter 4 of this document: *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered)*. To keep things simple, we generally refer to “medical care coverage” or “medical care” which includes medical items and services as well as Medicare Part B prescription drugs. In some cases, different rules apply to a request for a Part B prescription drug. In those cases, we will explain how the rules for Part B prescription drugs are different from the rules for medical items and services.

This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the five following situations:

1. You are not getting certain medical care you want, and you believe that our plan covers this care. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 6.2.**
2. Our plan will not approve the medical care your doctor or other health care provider wants to give you, and you believe that our plan covers this care. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 6.2.**
3. You have received medical care that you believe our plan should cover, but we have said we will not pay for this care. **Make an appeal. Section 6.3.**
4. You have received and paid for medical care that you believe our plan should cover, and you want to ask our plan to reimburse you for this care. **Send us the bill. Section 6.5.**
5. You are being told that coverage for certain medical care you have been getting (that we previously approved) will be reduced or stopped, and you believe that reducing or stopping this care could harm your health. **Make an appeal. Section 6.3.**

**Note:** If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services, you need to read Sections 8 and 9 of this chapter. Special rules apply to these types of care.

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<th>Section 6.2</th>
<th>Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision</th>
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Step 1: Decide if you need a “standard coverage decision” or a “fast coverage decision.”

A “standard coverage decision” is usually made within 14 days or 72 hours for Part B drugs. A “fast coverage decision” is generally made within 72 hours, for medical services, 24 hours for Part B drugs. In order to get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

- You may only ask for coverage for medical care you have not yet received.
- You can get a fast coverage decision only if using the standard deadlines could cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.
- If your doctor tells us that your health requires a “fast coverage decision,” we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.
- If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor’s support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision. If we do not approve a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that:
  - Explains that we will use the standard deadlines
  - Explains if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision
  - Explains that you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested.

Step 2: Ask our plan to make a coverage decision or fast coverage decision.

- Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You, your doctor, or your representative can do this. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Step 3: We consider your request for medical care coverage and give you our answer.

For standard coverage decisions we use the standard deadlines.

This means we will give you an answer within 14 calendar days after we receive your request for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will give you an answer within 72 hours after we receive your request.

- However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you we can take up to 14 more days if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can’t take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should not take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint.” We will give you an
answer to your complaint as soon as we make the decision. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. See Section 11 of this chapter for information on complaints.)

**For Fast Coverage decisions we use an expedited timeframe**

A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 72 hours if your request is for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will answer within 24 hours.

- **However,** if you ask for more time, or if we need more that may benefit you we can take up to **14 more days.** If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can’t take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should not take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint”. (See Section 11 of this chapter for information on complaints.) We will call you as soon as we make the decision.
- If **our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no.

**Step 4: If we say no to your request for coverage for medical care, you can appeal.**

- If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making an appeal. This means asking again to get the medical care coverage you want. If you make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process.
Section 6.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal

Legal Terms

An appeal to the plan about a medical care coverage decision is called a plan “reconsideration.”

A “fast appeal” is also called an “expedited reconsideration.”

Step 1: Decide if you need a “standard appeal” or a “fast appeal.”

A “standard appeal” is usually made within 30 days. A “fast appeal” is generally made within 72 hours.

- If you are appealing a decision we made about coverage for care that you have not yet received, you and/or your doctor will need to decide if you need a “fast appeal.” If your doctor tells us that your health requires a “fast appeal,” we will give you a fast appeal.
- The requirements for getting a “fast appeal” are the same as those for getting a “fast coverage decision” in Section 6.2 of this chapter.

Step 2: Ask our plan for an appeal or a fast appeal

- If you are asking for a standard appeal, submit your standard appeal in writing. You may also ask for an appeal by calling us. Chapter 2 has contact information.
- If you are asking for a fast appeal, make your appeal in writing or call us. Chapter 2 has contact information.
- You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer on the coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause may include a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.
- You can ask for a free copy of the information regarding your medical decision. You and your doctor may add more information to support your appeal.

If we told you we were going to stop or reduce services or items that you were already getting, you may be able to keep those services or items during your appeal.

- If we decided to change or stop coverage for a service or item that you currently get, we will send you a notice before taking the proposed action.
- If you disagree with the action, you can file a Level 1 appeal. We will continue covering the service or item if you ask for a Level 1 appeal within 10 calendar days of the postmark date on our letter or by the intended effective date of the action, whichever is later.
- If you meet this deadline, you can keep getting the service or item with no changes while your Level 1 appeal is pending. You will also keep getting all other services or items (that are not the subject of your appeal) with no changes.
Step 3: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.

- When we are reviewing your appeal, we take a careful look at all of the information. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request.
- We will gather more information if needed, possibly contacting you or your doctor.

**Deadlines for a “fast appeal”**

- For fast appeals, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your appeal. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
  - However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can’t take extra time if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
  - If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to automatically send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 6.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you our decision in writing and automatically forward your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal. The independent review organization will notify you in writing when it receives your appeal.

**Deadlines for a “standard” appeal**

- For standard appeals, we must give you our answer within 30 calendar days after we receive your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug you have not yet received, we will give you our answer within 7 calendar days after we receive your appeal. We will give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us to.
  - However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can’t take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
  - If you believe we should not take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint.” When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 11 of this chapter.)
  - If we do not give you an answer by the deadline (or by the end of the extended time period), we will send your request to a Level 2 appeal where an independent review organization will review the appeal. Section 6.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize or provide the coverage within 30 calendar days, or within 7 calendar days if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, after we receive your appeal.
- If our plan says no to part or all of your appeal, you have additional appeal rights.
- If we say no to part or all of what you asked for, we will send you a letter.
If your problem is about coverage of a Medicare service or item, the letter will tell you that we sent your case to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal.

If your problem is about coverage of a Medicaid service or item, the letter will tell you how to file a Level 2 appeal yourself.

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### Section 6.4 Step-by-step: How a Level 2 appeal is done

#### Legal Term

The formal name for the “independent review organization” is the “Independent Review Entity.” It is sometimes called the “IRE.”

The **independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare.** It is not connected with us and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

- If your problem is about a service or item that is usually covered by Medicare, we will automatically send your case to Level 2 of the appeals process as soon as the Level 1 appeal is complete.
- If your problem is about a service or item that is usually covered by Medicaid, you can file a Level 2 appeal yourself. The letter will tell you how to do this. Information is also below.
- If your problem is about a service or item that could be covered by both Medicare and Medicaid, you will automatically get a Level 2 appeal with the independent review organization. You can also ask for a review by the state’s Independent Utilization Review Organization (IURO), and a Fair Hearing with the state.

If you qualified for continuation of benefits when you filed your Level 1 appeal, your benefits for the service, item, or drug under appeal may also continue during Level 2. Go to page 108 for information about continuing your benefits during Level 1 appeals.

- If your problem is about a service that is usually covered by Medicare only, your benefits for that service will not continue during the Level 2 appeals process with the independent review organization.
- If your problem is about a service that is usually covered by Medicaid, your benefits for that service will continue if you submit a Level 2 appeal within 10 calendar days after receiving the plan’s decision letter or by the intended effective date of the action, whichever is later.

**If your problem is about a service or item Medicare usually covers:**

**Step 1: The independent review organization reviews your appeal.**

- We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your “case file.” **You have the right to ask us for a free copy of your case file.**
- You have a right to give the independent review organization additional information to support your appeal.
Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

**If you had a “fast” appeal at Level 1, you will also have a “fast” appeal at Level 2**

- For the “fast appeal” the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 72 hours** of when it receives your appeal.
- If your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it **can take up to 14 more calendar days**. The independent review organization can’t take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

**If you had a “standard” appeal at Level 1, you will also have a “standard” appeal at Level 2**

- For the “standard appeal” if your request is for a medical item or service, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 30 calendar days** of when it receives your appeal.
- If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 7 calendar days** of when it receives your appeal.
- However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it **can take up to 14 more calendar days**. The independent review organization can’t take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

**Step 2: The independent review organization gives you their answer.**

The independent review organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

- **If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service**, we must authorize the medical care coverage **within 72 hours** or provide the service **within 14 calendar days** after we receive the independent review organization’s decision for **standard requests** or provide the service **within 72 hours** from the date we receive the independent review organization’s decision for **expedited requests**.
- **If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a Medicare Part B prescription drug**, we must authorize or provide the Medicare Part B prescription drug **within 72 hours** after we receive the independent review organization’s decision for standard requests or **within 24 hours** from the date we receive the independent review organization’s decision for **expedited requests**.
- **If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal**, it means they agree with our plan that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care should not be approved. (This is called “upholding the decision” or “turning down your appeal.”) In this case, the independent review organization will send you a letter:
  - Explaining its decision.
  - Notifying you of the right to a Level 3 appeal if the dollar value of the medical care coverage meets a certain minimum. The written notice you get from the independent review organization will tell you the dollar amount you must meet to continue the
If your problem is about a service or item Medicaid usually covers:

Step 1: You can ask for an IURO appeal and/or a Fair Hearing with the state.

- Level 2 of the appeals process for services that are usually covered by Medicaid gives you the option to request a review by the state’s Independent Utilization Review Organization (IURO), as well as the option to request a Fair Hearing with the state. You must ask for a Fair Hearing in writing or over the phone within 120 calendar days of the date that we sent the decision letter on your Level 1 appeal. The letter you get from us will tell you where to submit your hearing request.

How do I request an IURO appeal?

- The Independent Utilization Review Organization (IURO) is an independent organization that is hired by the State of New Jersey’s Department of Banking and Insurance (DOBI). This organization is not connected with us, and it is not a government agency. This organization is chosen by the DOBI to serve as an independent reviewer for medical appeals, and the DOBI administers the IURO appeal process. A review by the IURO is also sometimes called an “IURO appeal” or an “External Appeal”.
- The IURO appeal process is optional. You can request an IURO appeal, and wait to receive the IURO’s decision, before you request a Fair Hearing. Or, you can request an IURO appeal and a Fair Hearing at the same time (the requests are made to two different organizations). You do not need request an IURO appeal to request a Fair Hearing.
- You can request an IURO appeal yourself, or it can be requested by your Authorized Representative (which includes your provider, if they are acting on your behalf with your written consent).
- You can request an IURO appeal by filling out the External Appeal Application form. A copy of the External Appeal Application form will be sent to you with the decision letter for your Level 1 Appeal. You must send this form to the following address within 60 calendar days of the date on the decision letter for your Level 1 appeal:

Maximus Federal – NJ IHCAP
3750 Monroe Avenue, Suite 705
Pittsford, New York 14534

You may also fax the form to 585-425-5296, or email a copy of the form to Stateappealseast@maximus.com.
• If you are appealing because we told you we were going to stop or reduce services or items that you were already getting and you want to keep those services or items during your IURO appeal, you must request the IURO appeal within 10 calendar days of the date on the decision letter for your Level 1 appeal.
• If the IURO reviews your case, it will reach a decision within 45 calendar days (or sooner, if your medical condition makes it necessary). If your IURO appeal is a “fast” appeal, the IURO will reach a decision within 48 hours.
• If you have questions about the IURO appeal process and/or need assistance with your application, you can call the New Jersey Department of Banking and Insurance at 1-888-393-1062 or 609-777-9470.

How do I request a Fair Hearing?

• You must ask for a Fair Hearing in writing within 120 calendar days of the date that we sent the decision letter on your Level 1 Appeal. The letter you get from us will tell you where to submit your hearing request.
• If you ask for an expedited, or “fast” Fair Hearing, and you meet all of the requirements for a “fast” hearing, a decision will be made within 72 hours of the agency’s receipt of your hearing request.
• If you are appealing because we told you we were going to stop or reduce services or items that you were already getting and you want to keep those services or items during your Fair Hearing, you must request that your benefits be continued in writing on your Fair Hearing request, and you must send your request within 10 calendar days of the date on the decision letter for your Level 1 appeal.

Or, if you asked for an IURO appeal and received a decision before requesting a Fair Hearing, you must send this written request within 10 calendar days of the date on the letter informing you of the decision on your IURO appeal.

Please note that if you ask to have your services or items continue during a Fair Hearing and the final decision is not in your favor, you may be required to pay for the cost of the services or items.

Step 2: The Fair Hearing office gives you their answer.

The Fair Hearing office will tell you their decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

• If the Fair Hearing office says yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service, we must authorize or provide the service or item within 72 hours after we receive the decision from the Fair Hearing office.
• If the Fair Hearing office says no to part or all of your appeal, they agree with our plan that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care should not be approved. (This is called “upholding the decision” or “turning down your appeal.”)

If the decision is no for all or part of what I asked for, can I make another appeal?
If the independent review organization or Fair Hearing office decision is no for all or part of what you asked for, you have additional appeal rights.
The letter you get from the Fair Hearing office will describe this next appeal option. See Section 10 of this chapter for more information on your appeal rights after Level 2.

**Section 6.5 What if you are asking us to pay you back for a bill you have received for medical care?**

If you have already paid for a Medicaid service or item covered by the plan, you can ask our plan to pay you back (paying you back is often called “reimburse” you). It is your right to be paid back by our plan whenever you've paid for medical services or drugs that are covered by our plan. When you send us a bill you have already paid, we will look at the bill and decide whether the services or drugs should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay you back for the services or drugs.

**Asking for reimbursement is asking for a coverage decision from us.**

If you send us the paperwork asking for reimbursement, you are asking for a coverage decision. To make this decision, we will check to see if the medical care you paid for is a covered service. We will also check to see if you followed all the rules for using your coverage for medical care.

If you want us to reimburse you for a Medicare service or item or you are asking us to pay a health care provider for a Medicaid service or item you paid for, you will ask us to make this coverage decision. We will check to see if the medical care you paid for is a covered service. We will also check to see if you followed all the rules for using your coverage for medical care.

- **If we say yes to your request:** If the medical care is covered and you followed all the rules, we will send you the payment for the cost within 60 calendar days after we receive your request.
- **If we say no to your request:** If the medical care is not covered, or you did not follow all the rules, we will not send payment. Instead, we will send you a letter that says we will not pay for the services and the reasons why.

If you do not agree with our decision to turn you down, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the coverage decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

**To make this appeal, follow the process for appeals that we describe in Section 5.3.** For appeals concerning reimbursement, please note:

- We must give you our answer within 30 calendar days after we receive your appeal. If you are asking us to pay you back for medical care you have already received and paid for, you are not allowed to ask for a fast appeal.
- If the independent review organization decides we should pay, we must send you or the provider the payment within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is yes at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment you requested to you or to the health care provider within 60 calendar days.
Chapter 8  What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Section 7.1  This section tells you what to do if you have problems getting a Part D drug or you want us to pay you back for a Part D drug.

Your benefits include coverage for many prescription drugs. To be covered, the drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. (See Chapter 5 for more information about a medically accepted indication.) For details about Part D drugs, rules, and restrictions, please see Chapter 5.

- **This section is about your Part D drugs only.** To keep things simple, we generally say “drug” in the rest of this section, instead of repeating “covered outpatient prescription drug” or “Part D drug” every time. We also use the term “drug list” instead of “List of Covered Drugs” or “Formulary.”
- If you do not know if a drug is covered or if you meet the rules, you can ask us. Some drugs require that you get approval from us before we will cover it.
- If your pharmacy tells you that your prescription cannot be filled as written, the pharmacy will give you a written notice explaining how to contact us to ask for a coverage decision.

### Part D coverage decisions and appeals

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<th>Legal Term</th>
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<td>An initial coverage decision about your Part D drugs is called a <strong>“coverage determination.”</strong></td>
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A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage. This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the following situations:

- Asking to cover a Part D drug that is not on the plan’s *List of Covered Drugs*. **Ask for an exception. Section 7.2.**
- Asking to waive a restriction on the plan’s coverage for a drug (such as limits on the amount of the drug you can get). **Ask for an exception. Section 7.2.**
- Asking to get pre-approval for a drug. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 7.4.**
- Pay for a prescription drug you already bought. **Ask us to pay you back. Section 7.4.**

If you disagree with a coverage decision we have made, you can appeal our decision.

This section tells you both how to ask for coverage decisions and how to request an appeal.
Section 7.2  What is an exception?

If a drug is not covered in the way you would like it to be covered, you can ask us to make an “exception.” An exception is a type of coverage decision.

For us to consider your exception request, your doctor or other prescriber will need to explain the medical reasons why you need the exception approved. Here are two examples of an exception that you or your doctor or other prescriber can ask us to make:

1. **Covering a Part D drug for you that is not on our Drug List.**
2. **Removing a restriction for a covered drug.** Chapter 5 describes the extra rules or restrictions that apply to certain drugs on our Drug List.

Section 7.3  Important things to know about asking for exceptions

**Your doctor must tell us the medical reasons**
Your doctor or other prescriber must give us a statement that explains the medical reasons for requesting an exception. For a faster decision, include this medical information from your doctor or other prescriber when you ask for the exception.

Typically, our Drug List includes more than one drug for treating a particular condition. These different possibilities are called “alternative” drugs. If an alternative drug would be just as effective as the drug you are requesting and would not cause more side effects or other health problems, we will generally not approve your request for an exception.

**We can say yes or no to your request**

- If we approve your request for an exception, our approval usually is valid until the end of the plan year. This is true as long as your doctor continues to prescribe the drug for you and that drug continues to be safe and effective for treating your condition.
- If we say no to your request, you can ask for another review by making an appeal.
Section 7.4  Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception

**Legal Term**

A “fast coverage decision” is called an “expedited coverage determination.”

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**Step 1: Decide if you need a “standard coverage decision” or a “fast coverage decision.”**

“Standard coverage decisions” are made within **72 hours** after we receive your doctor’s statement.  
“Fast coverage decisions” are made within **24 hours** after we receive your doctor’s statement.

**If your health requires it, ask us to give you a “fast coverage decision.”** To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

- You must be asking for a **drug you have not yet received**. (You cannot ask for fast coverage decision to be paid back for a drug you have already bought.)
- Using the standard deadlines could **cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function**.
- **If your doctor or other prescriber tells us that your health requires a “fast coverage decision,”** we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision.
- **If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor or prescriber’s support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.** If we do not approve a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that:
  - Explains that we will use the standard deadlines.
  - Explains if your doctor or other prescriber asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision.
  - Tells you how you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested. We will answer your complaint within 24 hours of receipt.

**Step 2: Request a “standard coverage decision” or a “fast coverage decision.”**

Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You can also access the coverage decision process through our website. We must accept any written request, including a request submitted on the CMS Model Coverage Determination Request Form, which is available on our website. Chapter 2 has contact information. To assist us in processing your request, please be sure to include your name, contact information, and information identifying which denied claim is being appealed.

You, your doctor, (or other prescriber) or your representative can do this. You can also have a lawyer act on your behalf. Section 5.1 of this chapter tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative.

- **If you are requesting an exception, provide the supporting statement,** which is the medical reasons for the exception. Your doctor or other prescriber can fax or mail the statement to us. Or your doctor or other prescriber can tell us on the phone and follow up by faxing or mailing a written statement if necessary.
Step 3: We consider your request and give you our answer

**Deadlines for a “fast coverage decision”**

- We must generally give you our answer **within 24 hours** after we receive your request.
  - For exceptions, we will give you our answer within 24 hours after we receive your doctor’s supporting statement. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
  - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested,** we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide **within 24 hours** after we receive your request or doctor’s statement supporting your request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

**Deadlines for a “standard” coverage decision about a drug you have not yet received**

- We must give you our answer **within 72 hours** after we receive your request.
  - For exceptions, we will give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your doctor’s supporting statement. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
  - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested,** we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide **within 72 hours** after we receive your request or doctor’s statement supporting your request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

**Deadlines for a “standard” coverage decision about payment for a drug you have already bought**

- We must give you our answer **within 14 calendar days** after we receive your request.
  - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.
  - **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested,** we are also required to make payment to you **within 14 calendar days** after we receive your request.
  - **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

Step 4: If we say no to your coverage request, you can make an appeal.

- If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making an appeal. This means asking again to get the drug coverage you want. If you make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process.
Section 7.5  Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal

### Legal Terms

An appeal to the plan about a Part D drug coverage decision is called a plan “redetermination.”

A “fast appeal” is also called an “expedited redetermination.”

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**Step 1: Decide if you need a “standard appeal” or a “fast appeal.”**

A “standard appeal” *is usually made within 7 days. A “fast appeal” is generally made within 72 hours. If your health requires it, ask for a “fast appeal”*

- If you are appealing a decision we made about a drug you have not yet received, you and your doctor or other prescriber will need to decide if you need a “fast appeal.”
- The requirements for getting a “fast appeal” are the same as those for getting a “fast coverage decision” in Section 6.2 of this chapter.

**Step 2: You, your representative, doctor or other prescriber must contact us and make your Level 1 appeal. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask for a “fast appeal.”**

- **For standard appeals, submit a written request, or call us.** Chapter 2 has contact information.
- **For fast appeals either submit your appeal in writing or call us at 1-844-362-0934.** Chapter 2 has contact information.
- **We must accept any written request,** including a request submitted on the CMS Model Coverage Determination Request Form, which is available on our website. Please be sure to include your name, contact information, and information regarding your claim to assist us in processing your request.
- **You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days** from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer on the coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause may include a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.
- **You can ask for a copy of the information in your appeal and add more information.** You and your doctor may add more information to support your appeal.

**Step 3: We consider your appeal and we gives you our answer.**

- When we are reviewing your appeal, we take another careful look at all of the information about your coverage request. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request. We may contact you or your doctor or other prescriber to get more information.
Deadlines for a “fast appeal”

- For fast appeals, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.** We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
  - If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. **Section 7.6** explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested,** we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how you can appeal our decision.

Deadlines for a “standard appeal” for a drug you have not yet received

- For standard appeals, we must give you our answer **within 7 calendar days** after we receive your appeal. We will give you our decision sooner if you have not received the drug yet and your health condition requires us to do so.
  - If we do not give you a decision within 7 calendar days, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. **Section 7.6** explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested,** we must provide the coverage as quickly as your health requires, but no later than **7 calendar days** after we receive your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how you can appeal our decision.

Deadlines for a “standard appeal” about payment for a drug you have already bought

- We must give you our answer **within 14 calendar days** after we receive your request.
  - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested,** we are also required to make payment to you within 30 calendar days after we receive your request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

Step 4: If we say no to your appeal, you decide if you want to continue with the appeals process and make another appeal.

- If you decide to make another appeal, it means your appeal is going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.
Section 7.6  Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal

Legal Term

The formal name for the “independent review organization” is the “Independent Review Entity.” It is sometimes called the “IRE.”

The independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare. It is not connected with us and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

**Step 1:** You (or your representative or your doctor or other prescriber) must contact the independent review organization and ask for a review of your case.

- If we say no to your Level 1 appeal, the written notice we send you will include instructions on how to make a Level 2 appeal with the independent review organization. These instructions will tell who can make this Level 2 appeal, what deadlines you must follow, and how to reach the review organization. If, however, we did not complete our review within the applicable timeframe, or make an unfavorable decision regarding “at-risk” determination under our drug management program, we will automatically forward your claim to the IRE.
- We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your “case file.” You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.
- You have a right to give the independent review organization additional information to support your appeal.

**Step 2:** The independent review organization reviews your appeal.

Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

*Deadlines for “fast appeal”*

- If your health requires it, ask the independent review organization for a “fast appeal.”
- If the organization agrees to give you a “fast appeal,” the organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within 72 hours after it receives your appeal request.

*Deadlines for “standard appeal”*

- For standard appeals, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within 7 calendar days after it receives your appeal if it is for a drug you have not yet received. If you are requesting that we pay you back for a drug you have already bought, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within 14 calendar days after it receives your request.

**Step 3:** The independent review organization give you their answer.
For “fast appeals”:

- If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the drug coverage that was approved by the review organization within 24 hours after we receive the decision from the review organization.

For “standard appeals”:

- If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of your request for coverage, we must provide the drug coverage that was approved by the review organization within 72 hours after we receive the decision from the review organization.
- If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of your request to pay you back for a drug you already bought, we are required to send payment to you within 30 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization.

What if the review organization says no to your appeal?

If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal, it means they agree with our decision not to approve your request (or part of your request). (This is called “upholding the decision” or “turning down your appeal.”) In this case, the independent review organization will send you a letter:

- Explaining its decision.
- Notifying you of the right to a Level 3 appeal if the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting meets a certain minimum. If the dollar value of the drug coverage requesting is too low, you cannot make another appeal and the decision at Level 2 is final.
- Telling you the dollar value that must be in dispute to continue with the appeals process.

Step 4: If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go on to Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 10 of this chapter tells more about the process for Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals.

SECTION 8 How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon

When you are admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all of your covered hospital services that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will be working with you to prepare for the day when you will leave the hospital. They will help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your “discharge date.”
When your discharge date is decided, your doctor or the hospital staff will tell you.
If you think you are being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer hospital stay and your request will be considered.

Section 8.1 During your inpatient hospital stay, you will get a written notice from Medicare that tells about your rights

Within two days of being admitted to the hospital, you will be given a written notice called An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights. Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice.

If you do not get the notice from someone at the hospital (for example, a caseworker or nurse), ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, call Member Services or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

1. **Read this notice carefully and ask questions if you don’t understand it.** It tells you:
   - Your right to receive Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay, as ordered by your doctor. This includes the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
   - Your right to be involved in any decisions about your hospital stay.
   - Where to report any concerns you have about the quality of your hospital care.
   - Your right to **request an immediate review** of the decision to discharge you if you think you are being discharged from the hospital too soon. This is a formal, legal way to ask for a delay in your discharge date so that we will cover your hospital care for a longer time.

2. **You will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it and understand your rights.**
   - You or someone who is acting on your behalf will be asked to sign the notice.
   - Signing the notice shows **only** that you have received the information about your rights. The notice does not give your discharge date. Signing the notice **does not mean** you are agreeing on a discharge date.

3. **Keep your copy** of the notice handy so you will have the information about making an appeal (or reporting a concern about quality of care) if you need it.
   - If you sign the notice more than two days before your discharge date, you will get another copy before you are scheduled to be discharged.
   - To look at a copy of this notice in advance, you can call Member Services or 1-800 MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can also see the notice online at www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.html.

Section 8.2 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal to change your hospital discharge date

If you want to ask for your inpatient hospital services to be covered by us for a longer time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process.**
• Meet the deadlines.
• Ask for help if you need it. If you have question or need help at any times, call Member Services. Or call your State Health Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance.

During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It checks to see if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of doctors and other health care professionals paid by the Federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing hospital discharge dates for people with Medicare. These experts are not part of our plan.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for an immediate review of your hospital discharge. You must act quickly.

How can you contact this organization?

• The written notice you received (An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights) tells you how to reach this organization. Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.

Act quickly:

• To make your appeal, you must contact the Quality Improvement Organization before you leave the hospital and no later than midnight the day of your discharge.
  ◦ If you meet this deadline, you may stay in the hospital after your discharge date without paying for it while you wait to get the decision from the Quality Improvement Organization.
  ◦ If you do not meet this deadline, and you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, you may have to pay all of the costs for hospital care you receive after your planned discharge date.
• If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, and you still wish to appeal, you must make an appeal directly to our plan instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 8.4 of this chapter.

Once you request an immediate review of your hospital discharge the Quality Improvement Organization will contact us. By noon of the day after we are contacted we will give you a Detailed Notice of Discharge. This notice gives your planned discharge date and explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

You can get a sample of the Detailed Notice of Discharge by calling Member Services or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) Or you can see a sample notice online at www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeappealNotices.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.
Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (“the reviewers”) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don’t have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.

- The reviewers will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and we have given to them.

- By noon of the day after the reviewers told us of your appeal, you will get a written notice from us that gives your planned discharge date. This notice also explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

**Step 3:** Within one full day after it has all the needed information, the Quality Improvement Organization will give you its answer to your appeal.

*What happens if the answer is yes?*

- If the review organization says yes, we must keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as these services are medically necessary.
- There may be limitations on your covered services.

*What happens if the answer is no?*

- If the review organization says no, they are saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end at noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.
- If the review organization says no to your appeal and you decide to stay in the hospital, then you may have to pay the full cost of hospital care you receive after noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

**Step 4:** If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

- If the Quality Improvement Organization has said no to your appeal, and you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make another appeal. Making another appeal means you are going on to “Level 2” of the appeals process.

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**Section 8.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal to change your hospital discharge date**

During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at their decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date.

**Step 1:** Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

- You must ask for this review within 60 calendar days after the day the Quality Improvement Organization said no to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stay in the
hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

**Step 2:** The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

**Step 3:** Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a Level 2 appeal, the reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

*If the review organization says yes:*

- **We must reimburse you** for the costs of hospital care you have received since noon on the day after the date your first appeal was turned down by the Quality Improvement Organization. **We must continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as long as it is medically necessary.**
- Coverage limitations that apply.

*If the review organization says no:*

- It means they agree with the decision they made on your Level 1 appeal.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process.

**Step 4:** If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further by going on to Level 3.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 10 of this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

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**Section 8.4** What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 appeal?

**Legal Term**

A “fast review” (or “fast appeal”) is also called an “expedited appeal.”

**You can appeal to us instead**

As explained above, you must act quickly to start your Level 1 appeal of your hospital discharge. If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, there is another way to make your
appeal.

If you use this other way of making your appeal, the first two levels of appeal are different.

Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate appeal

Step 1: Contact us and ask for a “fast review.”

- Ask for a “fast review.” This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the “fast” deadlines rather than the “standard” deadlines. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Step 2: We do a “fast” review of your planned discharge date, checking to see if it was medically appropriate.

- During this review, we take a look at all of the information about your hospital stay. We check to see if your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. We see if the decision about when you should leave the hospital was fair and followed all the rules.

Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a “fast review.”

- If we say yes to your appeal, it means we have agreed with you that you still need to be in the hospital after the discharge date. We will keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as they are medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (There may be coverage limitations that apply.)
- If we say no to your appeal, we are saying that your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. Our coverage for your inpatient hospital services ends as of the day we said coverage would end.
  - If you stayed in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you may have to pay the full cost of hospital care you received after the planned discharge date.

Step 4: If we say no to your appeal, your case will automatically be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.

Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate appeal Process

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<tr>
<td>The formal name for the “independent review organization” is the “Independent Review Entity.” It is sometimes called the “IRE.”</td>
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The independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare. It is not connected with our plan and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

Step 1: We will automatically forward your case to the independent review organization.
We are required to send the information for your Level 2 appeal to the independent review organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. Section 11 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

Step 2: The independent review organization does a “fast review” of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

- Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal of your hospital discharge.
- **If this organization says yes to your appeal,** then we must pay you back for the costs of hospital care you received since the date of your planned discharge. We must also continue the plan’s coverage of your inpatient hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how long we would continue to cover your services.
- **If this organization says no to your appeal,** it means they agree that your planned hospital discharge date was medically appropriate.
  - The written notice you get from the independent review organization will tell you how to start a Level 3 appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

Step 3: If the independent review organization turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If reviewers say no to your Level 2 appeal, you decide whether to accept their decision or go on to Level 3 appeal.
- **Section 10** of this chapter tells more about the process for Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals.

### SECTION 9 How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon

This section is only about three services: Home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services

When you are getting home health services, skilled nursing care, or rehabilitation care (Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility), you have the right to keep getting your covered services for that type of care for as long as the care is needed to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

When we decide it is time to stop covering any of the three types of care for you, we are required to tell you in advance. When your coverage for that care ends, we will stop paying for your care.

If you think we are ending the coverage of your care too soon, you can appeal our decision. This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.
Section 9.2  We will tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending

Legal Term

“Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage.” It tells you how you can request a “fast-track appeal.” Requesting a fast-track appeal is a formal, legal way to request a change to our coverage decision about when to stop your care.

1. You receive a notice in writing at least two days before our plan is going to stop covering your care. The notice tells you:
   • The date when we will stop covering the care for you.
   • How to request a “fast track appeal” to request us to keep covering your care for a longer period of time.

2. You, or someone who is acting on your behalf, will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it. Signing the notice shows only that you have received the information about when your coverage will stop. Signing it does not mean you agree with the plan’s decision to stop care.

Section 9.3  Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

If you want to ask us to cover your care for a longer period of time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

• Follow the process.
• Meet the deadlines.
• Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time, call Member Services. Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance.

During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It decides if the end date for your care is medically appropriate.

The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing plan decisions about when it’s time to stop covering certain kinds of medical care. These experts are not part of our plan.

Step 1: Make your Level 1 appeal: contact the Quality Improvement Organization and ask for a fast-track appeal. You must act quickly.

How can you contact this organization?
• The written notice you received (*Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage*) tells you how to reach this organization. Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.

**Act quickly:**

• You must contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your appeal by noon of the day before the effective date on the Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage.

**Your deadline for contacting this organization.**

• If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, and you still wish to file an appeal, you must make an appeal directly to us instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 9.5 of this chapter.

**Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.**

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<td>“Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage.” Notice that provides details on reasons for ending coverage.</td>
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**What happens during this review?**

• Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (“the reviewers”) will ask you, or your representative, why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don’t have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
• The review organization will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan has given to them.
• By the end of the day the reviewers told us of your appeal, you will get the Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage from us that explains in detail our reasons for ending our coverage for your services.

**Step 3: Within one full day after they have all the information they need, the reviewers will tell you their decision.**

**What happens if the reviewers say yes?**

• If the reviewers say yes to your appeal, then we must keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary.
• There may be limitations on your covered services.

**What happens if the reviewers say no?**
• If the reviewers say no, then your coverage will end on the date we have told you.
• If you decide to keep getting the home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services after this date when your coverage ends, then you will have to pay the full cost of this care yourself.

**Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.**

• If reviewers say no to your Level 1 appeal and you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended, then you can make a Level 2 appeal.

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<th>Section 9.4</th>
<th>Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time</th>
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During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services after the date when we said your coverage would end.

**Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.**

• You must ask for this review within 60 days after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said no to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you continued getting care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

**Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.**

• Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

**Step 3: Within 14 days of receipt of your appeal request, reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.**

*What happens if the review organization says yes?*

• We must reimburse you for the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. **We must continue providing coverage for the care for as long as it is medically necessary.**
• There may be coverage limitations that apply.

*What happens if the review organization says no?*

• It means they agree with the decision made to your Level 1 appeal.
• The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which
Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 10 of this chapter tells more about the process for Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals.

Section 9.5  What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 appeal?

You can appeal to us instead
As explained above, you must act quickly to contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your first appeal (within a day or two, at the most). If you miss the deadline for contacting this organization, there is another way to make your appeal. If you use this other way of making your appeal, the first two levels of appeal are different.

Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate appeal

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Step 1: Contact us and ask for a “fast review.”
- Ask for a “fast review.” This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the “fast” deadlines rather than the “standard” deadlines. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Step 2: We do a “fast review” of the decision we made about when to end coverage for your services.
- During this review, we take another look at all of the information about your case. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we set the date for ending the plan’s coverage for services you were receiving.

Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a “fast review”.
- If we say yes to your appeal, it means we have agreed with you that you need services longer, and we will keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (There may be coverage limitations that apply.)
- If we say no to your appeal, then your coverage will end on the date we told you and we will not pay the costs after this date.
- If you continued to get home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive
Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services after the date when we said your coverage would end, then you will have to pay the full cost of this care.

**Step 4:** If we say no to your fast appeal, your case will automatically go on to the next level of the appeals process.

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**Legal Term**

| The formal name for the “independent review organization” is the “Independent Review Entity.” It is sometimes called the “IRE.” |

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**Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate appeal Process**

During the Level 2 appeal, the independent review organization reviews the decision we made to your “fast appeal.” This organization decides whether the decision should be changed.

The independent review organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare. This organization is not connected with our plan and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the independent review organization. Medicare oversees its work.

**Step 1:** We automatically forward your case to the independent review organization.

- We are required to send the information for your Level 2 appeal to the Independent Review Organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. Section 11 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

**Step 2:** The independent review organization does a “fast review” of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

- Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- If this organization says yes to your appeal, then we must pay you back for the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must also continue to cover the care for as long as it is medically necessary. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how long we would continue to cover services.
- If this organization says no to your appeal, it means they agree with the decision our plan made to your first appeal and will not change it.
  - The notice you get from the independent review organization will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to go on to a Level 3 appeal.

**Step 3:** If the independent review organization says no to your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.
There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.

A Level 3 appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 10 of this chapter tells more about the process for Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals.

SECTION 10 Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond

Section 10.1 Appeal Levels 3, 4, and 5 for Medical Service Requests

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 appeal and a Level 2 appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the dollar value of the item or medical service you have appealed meets certain minimum levels, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar value is less than the minimum level, you cannot appeal any further. The written response you receive to your Level 2 appeal will explain how to make a Level 3 appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

Level 3 appeal: An Administrative Law Judge or an attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer.

- If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says yes to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over. Unlike a decision at a Level 2 appeal, we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that is favorable to you. If we decide to appeal it will go to a Level 4 appeal.
  - If we decide not to appeal, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after receiving the Administrative Law Judge’s or attorney adjudicator’s decision.
  - If we decide to appeal the decision, we will send you a copy of the Level 4 appeal request with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 appeal decision before authorizing or providing the service in dispute.
- If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over.
  - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 appeal.

Level 4 appeal: The Medicare Appeals Council (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the Federal government.

- If the answer is yes, or if the Council denies our request to review a favorable Level 3 appeal
decision, the appeals process may or may not be over. Unlike a decision at Level 2, we have the right to appeal a Level 4 decision that is favorable to you. We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 5.
- If we decide not to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after receiving the Council’s decision.
- If we decide to appeal the decision, we will let you know in writing.

• If the answer is no or if the Council denies the review request, the appeals process may or may not be over.
  - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - If you do not want to accept the decision, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 appeal and how to continue with a Level 5 appeal.

**Level 5 appeal:** A judge at the **Federal District Court** will review your appeal.

- A judge will review all of the information and decide yes or no to your request. This is a final answer. There are no more appeal levels after the Federal District Court.

**Section 10.2 Additional Medicaid Appeals**

You also have other appeal rights if your appeal is about services or items that Medicaid usually covers. The letter you get from the Fair Hearing office will tell you what to do if you wish to continue the appeals process.

**Section 10.3 Appeal Levels 3, 4, and 5 for Part D Drug Requests**

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 appeal and a Level 2 appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the value of the drug you have appealed meets a certain dollar amount, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar amount is less, you cannot appeal any further. The written response you receive to your Level 2 appeal will explain who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

**Level 3 appeal:** An Administrative Law Judge or an attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer.

- If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over. We must authorize or provide the drug coverage that was approved by the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days after
we receive the decision.

• **If the answer is no, the appeals process may or may not be over.**
  - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 appeal.

**Level 4 appeal:** The Medicare Appeals Council (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the Federal government.

• **If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over.** We must authorize or provide the drug coverage that was approved by the Council within **72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals)** or make payment no later than **30 calendar days** after we receive the decision.

• **If the answer is no, the appeals process may or may not be over.**
  - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal or denies your request to review the appeal, the notice will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 appeal. It will also tell you who to contact and what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

**Level 5 appeal:** A judge at the Federal District Court will review your appeal.

• A judge will review all of the information and decide yes or no to your request. This is a final answer. There are no more appeal levels after the Federal District Court.

**SECTION 11 How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns**

**Section 11.1 What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process?**

The complaint process is **only** used for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Complaint</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Quality of your medical care</td>
<td>• Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you have received (including care in the hospital)?</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Complaints and Examples

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Complaint</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Respecting your privacy</strong></td>
<td>• Did someone not respect your right to privacy or share confidential information?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors</strong></td>
<td>• Has someone been rude or disrespectful to you?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Are you unhappy with our Member Services?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Do you feel you are being encouraged to leave the plan?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Waiting times</strong></td>
<td>• Are you having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Have you been kept waiting too long by doctors, pharmacists, or other health professionals? Or by our Member Services or other staff at the plan?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting or exam room, or getting a prescription.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cleanliness</strong></td>
<td>• Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a clinic, hospital, or doctor’s office?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Information you get from us</strong></td>
<td>• Did we fail to give you a required notice?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Is our written information hard to understand?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Timeliness</strong> (These types of complaints are all related to the timeliness of our actions related to coverage decisions and appeals)</td>
<td>If you have asked for a coverage decision or made an appeal and you think that we are not responding quickly enough, you can make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• You asked us for a “fast coverage decision” or a “fast appeal,” and we have said no; you can make a complaint.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• You believe we are not meeting the deadlines for coverage decisions or appeals; you can make a complaint.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• You believe we are not meeting deadlines for covering or reimbursing you for certain medical services or drugs that were approved; you can make a complaint.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• You believe we failed to meet required deadlines for forwarding your case to the independent review organization; you can make a complaint.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 8  What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Section 11.2  How to make a complaint

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Legal Terms</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- A **“Complaint”** is also called a **“grievance.”**
- **“Making a complaint”** is also called **“filing a grievance.”**
- **“Using the process for complaints”** is also called **“using the process for filing a grievance.”**
- A **“fast complaint”** is also called an **“expedited grievance.”**

Section 11.3  Step-by-step: Making a complaint

**Step 1: Contact us promptly — either by phone or in writing.**

- **Usually, calling Member Services is the first step.** If there is anything else you need to do, Member Services will let you know.
- If you do not wish to call (or you called and were not satisfied), you can put your complaint in writing and send it to us. If you put your complaint in writing, we will respond to your complaint in writing.
- To file a grievance (complaint) in writing, send us your written complaint to the address listed in **Chapter 2: Important Phone Numbers and Resources (How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your Part D prescription drugs or How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care).**
  - Please be sure you provide all pertinent information, including any supporting documents you believe are appropriate. Your complaint must be received by us within 60 calendar days of the event or incident that resulted in you filing your complaint.
  - Your issue will be investigated by a member of our complaint team. If you submit your complaint verbally or in writing, we will inform you the result of our review in writing. Our notice will include a description of our understanding of your complaint and our resolution in clear terms.
  - We must address your complaint as quickly as your case requires based on your health status, but no later than 30 calendar days after receiving your complaint. We may extend the timeframe by up to 14 calendar days if we justify a need for additional information and the delay is in your best interest.
  - You also have the right to ask for a fast “expedited” grievance. A fast “expedited” grievance is a type of complaint that must be resolved within 24 hours from the time you contact us. You have the right to request a fast “expedited” grievance if you disagree with:
    - Our plan to take a 14-calendar-day extension on an organization/coverage determination or reconsideration/redetermination (appeal); or
    - Our denial of your request to expedite an organization determination or reconsideration (appeal) for health services; or
    - Our denial of your request to expedite a coverage determination or redetermination (appeal) for a prescription drug.
  - The fast “expedited” grievance process is as follows:
    - You or an authorized representative can call, fax, or mail your complaint and mention that you want the fast complaint or expedited grievance process. Call the phone number, fax, or write
your complaint and send it to the address listed in Chapter 2: Important Phone Numbers and Resources (How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your Part D prescription drugs or (How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care). The fastest way to submit a fast complaint is to call or fax us. The fastest way to file a grievance is to call us. When we receive your complaint, we will promptly investigate the issue you have identified. If we agree with your complaint, we will cancel the 14-calendar-day extension, or expedite the determination or appeal as you originally requested. Regardless of whether we agree or not, we will investigate your complaint and notify you of our decision within 24 hours.

• **Whether you call or write, you should contact Member Services right away.** You can make the complaint at any time after you had the problem you want to complain about.

**Step 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer.**

• **If possible, we will answer you right away.** If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call.
• **Most complaints are answered within 30 calendar days.** If we need more information and the delay is in your best interest or if you ask for more time, we can take up to 14 more calendar days (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.
• **If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a “fast coverage decision” or a “fast appeal,” we will automatically give you a “fast complaint.”** If you have a “fast complaint,” it means we will give you an answer within 24 hours.
• **If we do not agree** with some or all of your complaint or don’t take responsibility for the problem you are complaining about, we will include our reasons in our response to you.

| Section 11.4 | You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality Improvement Organization |

When your complaint is about **quality of care**, you also have two extra options:

• **You can make your complaint directly to the Quality Improvement Organization.** The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. Chapter 2 has contact information.

  Or

• **You can make your complaint to both the Quality Improvement Organization and us at the same time.**

| Section 11.5 | You can also tell Medicare and Medicaid about your complaint |

You can submit a complaint about Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to [www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx](http://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx). You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY/TDD users can call 1-877-486-2048.
You can also contact the state’s Medicaid program with a complaint by calling the NJ Department of Human Services, Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services (DMAHS) at 1-800-701-0710 (TTY: 711).
Chapter 9: Ending your membership in the plan
SECTION 1  Introduction to ending your membership in our plan

Ending your membership in Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) may be voluntary (your own choice) or involuntary (not your own choice):

- You might leave our plan because you have decided that you want to leave. Sections 2 and 3 provide information on ending your membership voluntarily.
- There are also limited situations where you do not choose to leave, but we are required to end your membership. Section 5 tells you about situations when we must end your membership.

If you are leaving our plan, our plan must continue to provide your medical care and prescription drugs until your membership ends.

SECTION 2  When can you end your membership in our plan?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section 2.1</th>
<th>You may be able to end your membership because you have Medicare and Medicaid</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Most people with Medicare can end their membership only during certain times of the year. Because you have Medicaid, you may be able to end your membership in our plan or switch to a different plan one time during each of the following Special Enrollment Periods.

- January to March
- April to June
- July to September

If you joined our plan during one of these periods, you'll have to wait for the next period to end your membership or switch to a different plan. You can’t use this Special Enrollment Period to end your membership in our plan between October and December. However, all people with Medicare can make changes from October 15 – December 7 during the Annual Enrollment Period. Section 2.2 tells you more about the Annual Enrollment Period.

- Choose any of the following types of Medicare plans:
  - Another Medicare health plan, with or without prescription drug coverage.
  - Original Medicare with a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
  - Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan
    - If you choose this option, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

Note: If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without “creditable” prescription drug coverage for a continuous period of 63 days or more, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

Contact NJ FamilyCare (Medicaid) to learn about your Medicaid plan options (telephone numbers are in Chapter 2, Section 6 of this document).
• **When will your membership end?** Your membership will usually end on the first day of the month after we receive your request to change your plans. Your enrollment in your new plan will also begin on this day.

**Section 2.2** You can end your membership during the Annual Enrollment Period

You can end your membership during the Annual Enrollment Period (also known as the “Annual Open Enrollment Period”). During this time, review your health and drug coverage and decide about your coverage for the upcoming year.

• **The Annual Enrollment Period** is from October 15 to December 7.
• **Choose to keep your current coverage or make changes to your coverage for the upcoming year.** If you decide to change to a new plan, you can choose any of the following types of plans:
  - Another Medicare health plan, with or without prescription drug coverage.
  - Original Medicare with a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
  - OR
  - Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
• **Your membership will end in our plan when your new plan’s coverage begins on January 1.**

**Note:** If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 days or more in a row, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

**Section 2.3** You can end your membership during the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period

You have the opportunity to make one change to your health coverage during the **Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period.**

• **The annual Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** is from January 1 to March 31.
• **During the annual Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** you can:
  - Switch to another Medicare Advantage Plan with or without prescription drug coverage.
  - Disenroll from our plan and obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time.
• **Your membership will end** on the first day of the month after you enroll in a different Medicare Advantage plan or we get your request to switch to Original Medicare. If you also choose to enroll in a Medicare prescription drug plan, your membership in the drug plan will begin the first day of the month after the drug plan gets your enrollment request.

**Section 2.4** In certain situations, you can end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period

In certain situations, you may be eligible to end your membership at other times of the year. This is known as a **Special Enrollment Period.**
Chapter 9 Ending your membership in the plan

You may be eligible to end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period if any of the following situations apply to you. These are just examples, for the full list you can contact the plan, call Medicare, or visit the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov):

- Usually, when you have moved.
- If you have NJ FamilyCare (Medicaid).
- If you are eligible for “Extra Help” with paying for your Medicare prescriptions.
- If we violate our contract with you.
- If you are getting care in an institution, such as a nursing home or long-term care (LTC) hospital.
- If you enroll in the Program of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

Note: If you’re in a drug management program, you may not be able to change plans. Chapter 5, Section 10 tells you more about drug management programs.

Note: Section 2.1 tells you more about the special enrollment period for people with Medicaid.

- The enrollment time periods vary depending on your situation.
- To find out if you are eligible for a Special Enrollment Period, please call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

If you are eligible to end your membership because of a special situation, you can choose to change both your Medicare health coverage and prescription drug coverage. You can choose:

- Another Medicare health plan with or without prescription drug coverage.
- Original Medicare with a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

OR

- Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

Note: If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 days or more in a row, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

Your membership will usually end on the first day of the month after your request to change your plan is received.

Note: Sections 2.1 and 2.2 tell you more about the special enrollment period for people with Medicaid and Extra Help.

Section 2.5 Where can you get more information about when you can end your membership?

If you have any questions about ending your membership you can:

- Call Member Services.
- Find the information in the Medicare & You 2023 handbook.
- Contact Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY 1-877-486-2048).
## SECTION 3  How do you end your membership in our plan?

The table below explains how you should end your membership in our plan.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If you would like to switch from our plan to:</th>
<th>This is what you should do:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Another Medicare health plan</td>
<td>• Enroll in the new Medicare health plan. Your new coverage will begin on the first day of the following month.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• You will automatically be disenrolled from Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) when your new plan’s coverage begins.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Original Medicare with a separate Medicare prescription drug plan</td>
<td>• Enroll in the new Medicare prescription drug plan. Your new coverage will begin on the first day of the following month.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• You will automatically be disenrolled from Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) when your new plan’s coverage begins.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan</td>
<td>• <strong>Send us a written request to disenroll.</strong> Contact Member Services if you need more information on how to do this.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• You can also contact Medicare, at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and ask to be disenrolled. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• You will be disenrolled from Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) when your coverage in Original Medicare begins.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 days or more in a row, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

For questions about your NJ FamilyCare (Medicaid) benefits, contact the Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services (DMAHS) at 1-800-701-0710 (TTY: 711). Ask how joining another plan or returning to
Chapter 9 Ending your membership in the plan

Original Medicare affects how you get your NJ FamilyCare (Medicaid) coverage.

If you disenroll from this plan and make any of the choices listed in the chart, you will be enrolled into our affiliated NJ FamilyCare plan, Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) for your NJ FamilyCare benefits. Your new coverage will begin on the first day of the following month. This will happen automatically, unless you have chosen to enroll in another FIDE SNP plan or if you voluntarily choose a different NJ FamilyCare plan. If you wish to select a different NJ FamilyCare plan, you can call NJ FamilyCare at 1-800-701-0710 (TTY: 711).

SECTION 4 Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical services and drugs through our plan

Until your membership Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) ends, and your new Medicare and NJ FamilyCare (Medicaid) coverage begins, you must continue to get your medical care and prescription drugs through our plan.

- **Continue to use our network providers to receive medical care.**
- **Continue to use our network pharmacies or mail order to get your prescriptions filled.**
- **If you are hospitalized on the day that your membership ends, your hospital stay will usually be covered by our plan until you are discharged** (even if you are discharged after your new health coverage begins).

SECTION 5 Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) must end your membership in the plan in certain situations

Section 5.1 When must we end your membership in the plan?

Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) must end your membership in the plan if any of the following happen:

- If you no longer have Medicare Part A and Part B.
- If you are no longer eligible for NJ FamilyCare (Medicaid). As stated in Chapter 1, Section 2.1, our plan is for people who are eligible for both Medicare and Medicaid. Our plan will continue to cover your Medicare benefits for a grace period of up to six (6) months if you lose Medicaid eligibility. This grace period begins the first day of the month after we learn of your loss of eligibility and communicate that to you. If at the end of the six (6) month grace period you have not regained Medicaid and you have not enrolled in a different plan, we will disenroll you from our plan and you will be enrolled back in Original Medicare.
- If you move out of our service area
- If you are away from our service area for more than six months
  - If you move or take a long trip, call Member Services to find out if the place you are moving or traveling to is in our plan’s area.
- If you become incarcerated (go to prison)
- If you are no longer a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States
- If you lie or withhold information about other insurance you have that provides prescription drug coverage
Chapter 9 Ending your membership in the plan

- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you are enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you continuously behave in a way that is disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you let someone else use your membership card to get medical care. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
  - If we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.

Where can you get more information?
If you have questions or would like more information on when we can end your membership call Member Services.

Section 5.2 We cannot ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason

Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) is not allowed to ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason.

What should you do if this happens?
If you feel that you are being asked to leave our plan because of a health-related reason, call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

Section 5.3 You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership.
SECTION 1  Notice about governing law

The principal law that applies to this Evidence of Coverage document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. In addition, other Federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in. This may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws are not included or explained in this document.

SECTION 2  Notice about nondiscrimination

We don’t discriminate based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, gender, sexual orientation, age, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area. All organizations that provide Medicare Advantage plans, like our plan, must obey Federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get Federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, please call the Department of Health and Human Services’ Office for Civil Rights at 1-800-368-1019 (TTY: 1-800-537-7697) or your local Office for Civil Rights. You can also review information from the Department of Health and Human Services’ Office for Civil Rights at https://www.hhs.gov/ocr/index.

If you have a disability and need help with access to care, please call us at Member Services. If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Member Services can help.

SECTION 3  Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP), as a Medicare Advantage Organization, will exercise the same rights of recovery that the Secretary exercises under CMS regulations in subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR and the rules established in this section supersede any State laws.

In some situations, other parties should pay for your medical care before your Medicare Advantage plan. In those situations, your Medicare Advantage health plan may pay, but have the right to get the payments back from these other parties. Medicare Advantage plans may not be the primary payer for medical care you receive. These situations include those in which the Federal Medicare Program is considered a secondary payer under the Medicare Secondary Payer laws. For information on the Federal Medicare Secondary Payer program, Medicare has written a booklet with general information about what happens when people with Medicare have additional insurance. It’s called Medicare and Other Health Benefits: Your Guide to Who Pays First (publication number 02179). You can get a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, or by visiting the www.medicare.gov website.

The Plan’s rights to recover in these situations are based on the terms of this health plan contract, as well as the provisions of the federal statutes governing the Medicare Program. Your Medicare Advantage plan coverage is always secondary to any payment made or reasonably expected to be made under:
Chapter 10  Legal notices

• A workers’ compensation law or plan of the United States or a State,
• Any non-fault based insurance, including automobile and non-automobile no-fault and medical payments insurance,
• Any liability insurance policy or plan (including a self-insured plan) issued under an automobile or other type of policy or coverage, and
• Any automobile insurance policy or plan (including a self-insured plan), including, but not limited to, uninsured and underinsured motorist coverages.

Since your Medicare Advantage plan is always secondary to any automobile no-fault (Personal Injury Protection) or medical payments coverage, you should review your automobile insurance policies to ensure that appropriate policy provisions have been selected to make your automobile coverage primary for your medical treatment arising from an automobile accident.

As outlined herein, in these situations, your Medicare Advantage plan may make payments on your behalf for this medical care, subject to the conditions set forth in this provision for the plan to recover these payments from you or from other parties. Immediately upon making any conditional payment, your Medicare Advantage plan shall be subrogated to (stand in the place of) all rights of recovery you have against any person, entity or insurer responsible for causing your injury, illness or condition or against any person, entity or insurer listed as a primary payer above.

In addition, if you receive payment from any person, entity or insurer responsible for causing your injury, illness or condition or you receive payment from any person, entity or insurer listed as a primary payer above, your Medicare Advantage plan has the right to recover from, and be reimbursed by you for all conditional payments the plan has made or will make as a result of that injury, illness or condition.

Your Medicare Advantage plan will automatically have a lien, to the extent of benefits it paid for the treatment of the injury, illness or condition, upon any recovery whether by settlement, judgment or otherwise. The lien may be enforced against any party who possesses funds or proceeds representing the amount of benefits paid by the Plan including, but not limited to, you, your representatives or agents, any person, entity or insurer responsible for causing your injury, illness or condition or any person, entity or insurer listed as a primary payer above.

By accepting benefits (whether the payment of such benefits is made to you or made on your behalf to any health care provider) from your Medicare Advantage plan, you acknowledge that the plan’s recovery rights are a first priority claim and are to be paid to the plan before any other claim for your damages. The plan shall be entitled to full reimbursement on a first-dollar basis from any payments, even if such payment to the plan will result in a recovery to you which is insufficient to make you whole or to compensate you in part or in whole for the damages you sustained. Your Medicare Advantage plan is not required to participate in or pay court costs or attorney fees to any attorney hired by you to pursue your damage claims.

Your Medicare Advantage plan is entitled to full recovery regardless of whether any liability for payment is admitted by any person, entity or insurer responsible for causing your injury, illness or condition or by any person, entity or insurer listed as a primary payer above. The plan is entitled to full recovery regardless of whether the settlement or judgment received by you identifies the medical benefits the plan provided or purports to allocate any portion of such settlement or judgment to payment of expenses other than medical expenses. The Medicare Advantage plan is entitled to recover from any and all settlements or judgments, even those designated as for pain and suffering, non-economic damages and/or general damages only.
You, and your legal representatives, shall fully cooperate with the plan’s efforts to recover its benefits paid. It is your duty to notify the plan within 30 days of the date when notice is given to any party, including an insurance company or attorney, of your intention to pursue or investigate a claim to recover damages or obtain compensation due to your injury, illness or condition. You and your agents or representatives shall provide all information requested by the plan or its representatives. You shall do nothing to prejudice your Medicare Advantage plan’s subrogation or recovery interest or to prejudice the plan’s ability to enforce the terms of this provision. This includes, but is not limited to, refraining from making any settlement or recovery that attempts to reduce or exclude the full cost of all benefits provided by the plan.

Failure to provide requested information or failure to assist your Medicare Advantage plan in pursuit of its subrogation or recovery rights may result in you being personally responsible for reimbursing the plan for benefits paid relating to the injury, illness or condition as well as for the plan’s reasonable attorney fees and costs incurred in obtaining reimbursement from you. For more information, see 42 U.S.C. § 1395y(b)(2)(A)(ii) and the Medicare statutes.

SECTION 4 Notice about recovery of overpayments

If the benefits paid by this Evidence of Coverage, plus the benefits paid by other plans, exceeds the total amount of expenses, Aetna has the right to recover the amount of that excess payment from among one or more of the following: (1) any person to or for whom such payments were made; (2) other Plans; or (3) any other entity to which such payments were made. This right of recovery will be exercised at Aetna’s discretion. You shall execute any documents and cooperate with Aetna to secure its right to recover such overpayments, upon request by Aetna.

SECTION 5 National Coverage Determinations

Sometimes, Medicare adds coverage under Original Medicare for new services during the year. If Medicare adds coverage for any services during 2023, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services. When we receive coverage updates from Medicare, called National Coverage Determinations, we’ll post the coverage updates on our website at AetnaBetterHealth.com/New-Jersey-hmosnp. You can also call Member Services to obtain the coverage updates that have been posted for the benefit year.
Chapter 11 Definitions of important words

**Ambulatory Surgical Center** — An Ambulatory Surgical Center is an entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of furnishing outpatient surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and whose expected stay in the center does not exceed 24 hours.

**Appeal** — An appeal is something you do if you disagree with our decision to deny a request for coverage of health care services or prescription drugs or payment for services or drugs you already received. You may also make an appeal if you disagree with our decision to stop services that you are receiving.

**Benefit Period** — The way that both our plan and Original Medicare measures your use of hospital and skilled nursing facility (SNF) services. A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you have not received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a hospital or a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods.

**Brand Name Drug** — A prescription drug that is manufactured and sold by the pharmaceutical company that originally researched and developed the drug. Brand name drugs have the same active-ingredient formula as the generic version of the drug. However, generic drugs are manufactured and sold by other drug manufacturers and are generally not available until after the patent on the brand name drug has expired.

**Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS)** — The Federal agency that administers Medicare.

**Coinsurance** — An amount you may be required to pay, expressed as a percentage (for example 20%) as your share of the cost for services or prescription drugs. NOTE: You are not required to pay any coinsurance under this plan.

**Complaint** — The formal name for “making a complaint” is “filing a grievance.” The complaint process is used only for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. It also includes complaints if your plan does not follow the time periods in the appeal process.

**Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF)** — A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology services, and home environment evaluation services.

**Copayment (or “copay”)** — An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a medical service or supply, like a doctor’s visit, hospital outpatient visit, or a prescription drug. A copayment is a set amount (for example $10), rather than a percentage. NOTE: You do not have any copayments under this plan.
Cost Sharing — Cost sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services or drugs are received. Cost sharing includes any combination of the following three types of payments: (1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services or drugs are covered; (2) any fixed “copayment” amount that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is received; or (3) any “coinsurance” amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a service or drug that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is received. NOTE: You are not required to pay any of these types of cost sharing under this plan.

Coverage Determination — A decision about whether a drug prescribed for you is covered by the plan and the amount, if any, you are required to pay for the prescription. In general, if you bring your prescription to a pharmacy and the pharmacy tells you the prescription isn’t covered under your plan, that isn’t a coverage determination. You need to call or write to your plan to ask for a formal decision about the coverage. Coverage determinations are called “coverage decisions” in this document.

Covered Drugs — The term we use to mean all of the prescription drugs covered by our plan.

Covered Services — The term we use to mean all of the health care services and supplies that are covered by our plan.

Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage — Prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare’s standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty, if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later.

Custodial Care — Custodial care is personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care, provided by people who do not have professional skills or training, includes help with activities of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around, and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health-related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn’t usually pay for custodial care, but this plan covers it.

Daily cost-sharing rate — A “daily cost-sharing rate” may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month’s supply of certain drugs for you and you are required to pay a copayment. A daily cost-sharing rate is the copayment divided by the number of days in a month’s supply. Here is an example: If your copayment for a one-month supply of a drug is $30, and a one-month’s supply in your plan is 30 days, then your “daily cost-sharing rate” is $1 per day. NOTE: As a member of this plan, you will not be required to pay a daily cost-sharing rate.

Deductible — The amount you must pay for health care or prescriptions before our plan begins to pay. NOTE: You do not have any deductibles under this plan.
Chapter 11  Definitions of important words

Disenroll or Disenrollment — The process of ending your membership in our plan.

Dispensing Fee — A fee charged each time a covered drug is dispensed to pay for the cost of filling a prescription, such as the pharmacist’s time to prepare and package the prescription. NOTE: As a member of this plan, you should never be charged any dispensing fees.

Dual Eligible Special Needs Plans (D-SNP) — D-SNPs enroll individuals who are entitled to both Medicare (title XVIII of the Social Security Act) and medical assistance from a state plan under Medicaid (title XIX). States cover some Medicare costs, depending on the state and the individual’s eligibility.

Dual Eligible Individual — A person who qualifies for Medicare and Medicaid coverage.

Durable Medical Equipment (DME) — Certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples include walkers, wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, or hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home.

Emergency — A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

Emergency Care — Covered services that are: (1) provided by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and (2) needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

Evidence of Coverage (EOC) and Disclosure Information — This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, riders, or other optional coverage selected, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of our plan.

Exception — A type of coverage decision that, if approved, allows you to get a drug that is not on our formulary (a formulary exception). You may also request an exception if our plan requires you to try another drug before receiving the drug you are requesting, or if our plan limits the quantity or dosage of the drug you are requesting (a formulary exception).

Extra Help — A Medicare or a State program to help people with limited income and resources pay Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance.

Generic Drug — A prescription drug that is approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) as having the same active ingredient(s) as the brand name drug. Generally, a “generic” drug works the same as a brand name drug and usually costs less.
Health Maintenance Organizations (HMO) — A type of Medicare managed care plan where a group of doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers agree to give health care to Medicare beneficiaries for a set amount of money from Medicare every month. You usually must get your care from the providers in the plan.

Home Health Aide — A person who provides services that do not need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (e.g., bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises).

Hospice — A benefit that provides special treatment for a member who has been medically certified as terminally ill, meaning having a life expectancy of 6 months or less. We, your plan, must provide you with a list of hospices in your geographic area. If you elect hospice you are still a member of our plan. You can still obtain all medically necessary services as well as the supplemental benefits we offer.

Hospital Inpatient Stay — A hospital stay when you have been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an “outpatient.”

Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount (IRMAA) — If your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from 2 years ago is above a certain amount, you’ll pay the standard premium amount and an Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount, also known as IRMAA. IRMAA is an extra charge added to your premium. Less than 5% of people with Medicare are affected, so most people will not pay a higher premium. NOTE: As a member of this plan, this will not apply to you.

Initial Enrollment Period — When you are first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. If you’re eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the 7-month period that begins 3 months before the month you turn 65, includes the month you turn 65, and ends 3 months after the month you turn 65.

Institutional Special Needs Plan (SNP) — A plan that enrolls eligible individuals who continuously reside or are expected to continuously reside for 90 days or longer in a long-term care (LTC) facility. These facilities may include a skilled nursing facility (SNF), nursing facility (NF), (SNF/NF), an Intermediate Care Facility for Individuals with Intellectual Disabilities (ICF/IID), an inpatient psychiatric facility, and/or facilities approved by CMS that furnishes similar long-term, healthcare services that are covered under Medicare Part A, Medicare Part B, or Medicaid; and whose residents have similar needs and healthcare status to the other named facility types. An institutional Special Needs Plan must have a contractual arrangement with (or own and operate) the specific LTC facility(ies).

Institutional Equivalent Special Needs Plan (SNP) — A plan that enrolls eligible individuals living in the community but requiring an institutional level of care based on the State assessment. The assessment must be performed using the same respective State level of care assessment tool and administered by an entity other than the organization offering the plan. This type of Special Needs Plan may restrict enrollment to individuals that reside in a contracted assisted living facility (ALF) if necessary to ensure uniform delivery of specialized care.
Chapter 11  Definitions of important words

Integrated Grievance — A type of complaint you make about our plan, providers, or pharmacies, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This does not involve coverage disputes.

Integrated Organization Determination — A decision our plan makes about whether items or services are covered. Organization determinations are called “coverage decisions” in this document.

List of Covered Drugs (Formulary or “Drug List’”) — A list of prescription drugs covered by the plan.

Low Income Subsidy (LIS) — See “Extra Help.”

Managed Long Term Services and Supports (MLTSS) — The MLTSS program provides home-and community-based services for members that require the level of care typically provided in a nursing facility, and allows them to receive necessary care in a residential or community setting. MLTSS services include (but are not limited to): assisted living services; cognitive, speech, occupational, and physical therapy; chore services; home-delivered meals; residential modifications (such as the installation of ramps or grab bars); vehicle modifications; social adult day care; and non-medical transportation. MLTSS is available to members who meet certain clinical and financial requirements.

Medicaid (or Medical Assistance) — A joint Federal and State program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. State Medicaid programs vary, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid.

Medically Accepted Indication — A use of a drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain reference books.

Medically Necessary — Services, supplies, or drugs that are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

Medicare — The Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant).

Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period — The time period from January 1 until March 31 when members in a Medicare Advantage plan can cancel their plan enrollment and switch to another Medicare Advantage plan, or obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time. The Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period is also available for a 3-month period after an individual is first eligible for Medicare.
Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan — Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage Plan can be an i) HMO, ii) PPO, a iii) Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan, or a iv) Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan. Besides choosing from these types of plans, a Medicare Advantage HMO or PPO plan can also be a Special Needs Plan (SNP). In most cases, Medicare Advantage Plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called Medicare Advantage Plans with Prescription Drug Coverage.

Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program — A program that provides discounts on most covered Part D brand name drugs to Part D members who have reached the Coverage Gap Stage and who are not already receiving “Extra Help.” Discounts are based on agreements between the Federal government and certain drug manufacturers.

Medicare-Covered Services — Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans must cover all of the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B. The term Medicare-Covered Services does not include the extra benefits, such as vision, dental, or hearing, that a Medicare Advantage plan may offer.

Medicare Health Plan — A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in the plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage Plans, Medicare Cost Plans, Special Needs Plans, Demonstration/Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (Medicare Part D) — Insurance to help pay for outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, biologicals, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B.

“Medigap” (Medicare Supplement Insurance) Policy — Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill “gaps” in Original Medicare. Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare. (A Medicare Advantage Plan is not a Medigap policy.)

Member (Member of our plan, or “Plan Member”) — A person with Medicare who is eligible to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

Member Services — A department within our plan responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals.

Network — A group of doctors, hospitals, pharmacies, and other health care experts contracted by our plan to provide covered services to its members (see Chapter 1, Section 3.2). Network providers are independent contractors and not agents of our plan.
Chapter 11 Definitions of important words

**Network Pharmacy** — A pharmacy that contracts with our plan where members of our plan can get their prescription drug benefits. In most cases, your prescriptions are covered only if they are filled at one of our network pharmacies.

**Network Provider** — “Provider” is the general term for doctors, other health care professionals, hospitals, and other health care facilities that are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the State to provide health care services. “Network providers” have an agreement with our plan to accept our payment as payment in full, and in some cases to coordinate as well as provide covered services to members of our plan. Network providers are also called “plan providers.”

**Non-Medicare Covered Services** — Services that are not normally covered when you have Original Medicare. These are usually extra benefits you may receive as a member of a Medicare Advantage plan.

**Original Medicare** (“Traditional Medicare” or “Fee-for-service” Medicare) — Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan like Medicare Advantage Plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can see any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved amount, and you pay your share. Original Medicare has two parts: Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States.

**Out-of-Network Pharmacy** — A pharmacy that does not have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered drugs to members of our plan. Most drugs you get from out-of-network pharmacies are not covered by our plan unless certain conditions apply.

**Out-of-Network Provider or Out-of-Network Facility** — A provider or facility that does not have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered services to members of our plan. Out-of-network providers are providers that are not employed, owned, or operated by our plan.

**Out-of-Pocket Costs** — See the definition for “cost-sharing” above. A member’s cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of services or drugs received is also referred to as the member’s “out-of-pocket” cost requirement. NOTE: You will not have any out-of-pocket costs under this plan.

**PACE plan** — A PACE (Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly) plan combines medical, social, and long-term care (LTC) services for frail people to help people stay independent and living in their community (instead of moving to a nursing home) as long as possible. People enrolled in PACE plans receive both their Medicare and Medicaid benefits through the plan.

**Part C** — see “Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan.”

**Part D** — The voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program.
Part D Drugs — Drugs that can be covered under Part D. We may or may not offer all Part D drugs. Certain categories of drugs have been excluded from Part D coverage by Congress. Certain categories of Part D drugs must be covered by every plan.

Part D Late Enrollment Penalty — An amount added to your monthly premium for Medicare drug coverage if you go without creditable coverage (coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage) for a continuous period of 63 days or more after you are first eligible to join a Part D plan. If you lose Extra Help, you may be subject to the late enrollment penalty if you go 63 days or more in a row without Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage.

Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) Plan — A Preferred Provider Organization plan is a Medicare Advantage Plan that has a network of contracted providers that have agreed to treat plan members for a specified payment amount. A PPO plan must cover all plan benefits whether they are received from network or out-of-network providers. Member cost sharing will generally be higher when plan benefits are received from out-of-network providers. PPO plans have an annual limit on your out-of-pocket costs for services received from network (preferred) providers and a higher limit on your total combined out-of-pocket costs for services from both network (preferred) and out-of-network (non-preferred) providers.

Premium — The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health or prescription drug coverage. NOTE: Enrollees of this plan are not required to pay any premiums.

Primary Care Provider (PCP) — The doctor or other provider you see first for most health problems. In many Medicare health plans, you must see your primary care provider before you see any other health care provider.

Prior Authorization — Approval in advance to get services or certain drugs. Covered services that need prior authorization are marked in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4. Covered drugs that need prior authorization are marked in the formulary.

Prosthetics and Orthotics — Medical devices including, but not limited to, arm, back and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) — A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.

Quantity Limits — A management tool that is designed to limit the use of selected drugs for quality, safety, or utilization reasons. Limits may be on the amount of the drug that we cover per prescription or for a defined period of time.
Chapter 11  Definitions of important words

Rehabilitation Services — These services include physical therapy, speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy.

Service Area — A geographic area where you must live to join a particular health plan. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it’s also generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. The plan must disenroll you if you permanently move out of the plan’s service area.

Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care — Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of care include physical therapy or intravenous injections that can only be given by a registered nurse or doctor.

Special Needs Plan — A special type of Medicare Advantage Plan that provides more focused health care for specific groups of people, such as those who have both Medicare and Medicaid, who reside in a nursing home, or who have certain chronic medical conditions.

Step Therapy — A utilization tool that requires you to first try another drug to treat your medical condition before we will cover the drug your physician may have initially prescribed.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) — A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.

Urgently Needed Services — Covered services that are not emergency services, provided when the network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible or when the enrollee is out of the service area. For example, you need immediate care during the weekend. Services must be immediately needed and medically necessary.
### Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP) Member Services

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Member Services – Contact Information</th>
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</thead>
</table>
| **CALL** | 1-844-362-0934  
Calls to this number are free.   
Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week. Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers. |
| **TTY** | 711  
Calls to this number are free.  
Hours of operation are 8 AM to 8 PM, 7 days a week. |
| **FAX** | 1-855-259-2087 |
| **WRITE** | Aetna Assure Premier Plus (HMO D-SNP)  
Aetna Duals COE Member Correspondence  
PO Box 982980  
El Paso, TX 79998 |
| **WEBSITE** | [AetnaBetterHealth.com/New-Jersey-hmosnp](AetnaBetterHealth.com/New-Jersey-hmosnp) |

### State Health Insurance Assistance Program (New Jersey SHIP)
The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>State Health Insurance Assistance Program – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **CALL** | 1-800-792-8820  
Hours of operation are Monday–Friday 8:30 AM to 4:30 PM |
| **TTY** | 711 |
| **WRITE** | NJ State Health Insurance Assistance Program  
P.O. Box 807  
Trenton, NJ 08625 |
| **WEBSITE** | [www.state.nj.us/humanservices/doas/services/ship/index.html](www.state.nj.us/humanservices/doas/services/ship/index.html) |

**PRA Disclosure Statement** According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0938-1051. If you have comments or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: CMS, 7500 Security Boulevard, Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26-05, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.
**Multi-Language Insert**  
**Multi-language Interpreter Services**

**English:** We have free interpreter services to answer any questions you may have about our health or drug plan. To get an interpreter, just call us at 1-844-362-0934. Someone who speaks English can help you. This is a free service.

**Spanish:** Tenemos servicios de intérprete sin costo alguno para responder cualquier pregunta que pueda tener sobre nuestro plan de salud o medicamentos. Para hablar con un intérprete, por favor llame al 1-844-362-0934. Alguien que hable español le podrá ayudar. Este es un servicio gratuito.

**Chinese Mandarin:** 我们提供免费的翻译服务，帮助您解答关于健康或药物保险的任何疑问。如果您需要此翻译服务，请致电 1-844-362-0934。我们的中文工作人员很乐意帮助您。这是一项免费服务。

**Chinese Cantonese:** 您對我們的健康或藥物保險可能存有疑問，為此我們提供免費的翻譯服務。如需翻譯服務，請致電 1-844-362-0934。我們講中文的人員將樂意為您提供幫助。這是一項免費服務。

**Tagalog:** Mayroon kaming libreng serbisyo sa pagsasaling-wika upang masagot ang anumang mga katanungan ninyo hinggil sa aming planong pangkalusugan o panggamot. Upang makakuha ng tagasaling-wika, tawagan lamang kami sa 1-844-362-0934. Maaari kayong tulungan ng isang nakapagsalita ng Tagalog. Ito ay libreng serbisyo.

**French:** Nous proposons des services gratuits d'interprétation pour répondre à toutes vos questions relatives à notre régime de santé ou d'assurance-médicaments. Pour accéder au service d'interprétation, il vous suffit de nous appeler au 1-844-362-0934. Un interlocuteur parlant Français pourra vous aider. Ce service est gratuit.

**Vietnamese:** Chúng tôi có dịch vụ thông dịch miễn phí để trả lời các câu hỏi về chương sức khỏe và chương trình thuốc men. Nếu quý vị cần thông dịch viên xin gọi 1-844-362-0934. sẽ có nhân viên nói tiếng Việt giúp đỡ quý vị. Đây là dịch vụ miễn phí.


**Korean:** 당사는 의료 보험 또는 약품 보험에 관한 질문에 답해 드리고자 무료 통역 서비스를 제공하고 있습 니다. 통역 서비스를 이용하려면 전화 1-844-362-0934. 번으로 문의해주십시오. 한국어를 하는 담당자가 도 와 드릴 것입니다. 이 서비스는 무료로 운영됩니다.
Если у вас возникнут вопросы относительно страхового или медикаментного плана, вы можете воспользоваться нашими бесплатными услугами переводчиков. Чтобы воспользоваться услугами переводчика, позвоните нам по телефону 1-844-362-0934. Вам окажет помощь сотрудник, который говорит по-русски. Данная услуга бесплатная.