



Adherence to Antipsychotic Medications for Individuals with Schizophrenia (SAA)

HEDIS® Measurement Year 2024

Measure description: The percentage of members 18 years of age and older during the measurement year with schizophrenia or schizoaffective disorder who were dispensed and remained on an antipsychotic medication for at least 80% of their treatment period.

This is a general list of medication and should not replace the advice or care you provide regarding what is optimal to meet their health care needs.

Oral antipsychotic medications

Description	Prescription
Miscellaneous antipsychotic agents (oral)	Aripiprazole Lurasidone Asenapine Molindone Brexipiprazole Olanzapine Cariprazine Paliperidone Clozapine Quetiapine Haloperidol Quetiapine fumarate Iloperidone Risperidone Loxapine Ziprasidone
Phenothiazine antipsychotics (oral)	Chlorpromazine Prochlorperazine Fluphenazine Thioridazine Perphenazine Trifluoperazine
Psychotherapeutic combinations (oral)	Amitriptyline- perphenazine
Thioxanthenes (oral)	Thiothixene

Long-acting injections

Description	Prescription
Long-acting injections: 14-day supply	Risperidone
Long-acting injections: 28-day supply	Aripiprazole, Aripiprazole lauroxil, Olanzapine, Fluphenazie decanoate, Paliperidone palmitate, Haloperidol decanoate
Long-acting injections: 30-day supply	Risperidone (Perseris)

Strategies for increasing access to care

- Listen to patients when in the office to better understand what stressors or barriers they are experiencing to determine best course of treatment.
- Utilize motivational interviewing to resolve any hesitancy on the member's part about taking their medication.
- Refer members to therapeutic support services that provide counseling and help identify barriers to adherence (examples: substance abuse, stigma related to taking medications, adverse drug reactions, lack of support, and forgetfulness).
- Refer out to specialist that can use Cognitive-behavioral therapy (CBT) techniques to address inaccurate beliefs and negative perceptions about medications and the need for treatment.